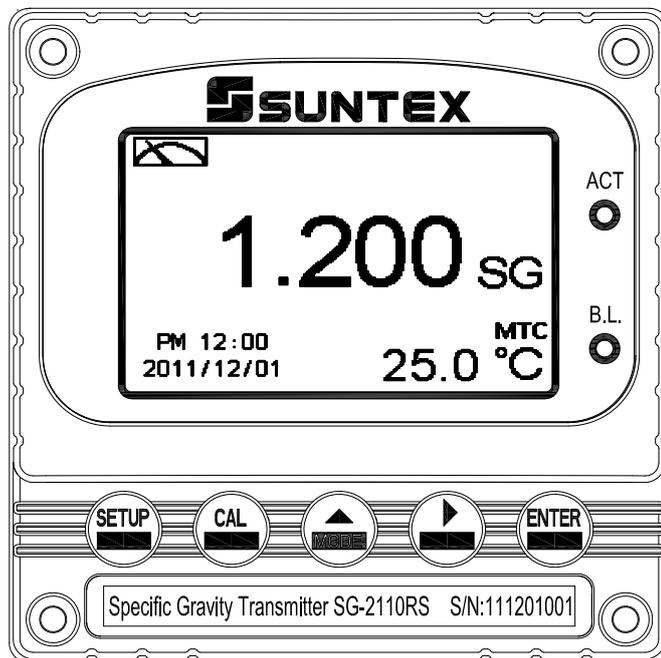


SG-2110-RS

Intelligent Specific Gravity Transmitter

Operation
Manual



Precautions for installation

Wrong wiring will lead to breakdown or electrical shock of the instrument, please read this operation manual clearly before installation.

- Make sure to remove AC power from the controller before wiring input, output connections, and remove it before opening the controller housing.
- The installation site of the controller should be good in ventilation and avoid direct sunshine.
- The material of signal cable should be special coaxial cable. Strongly recommend using our coaxial cable. Do not use normal wires instead.
- Avoid electrical surge when using power. Especially when using three-phase power, use ground wire correctly.
- **The internal relay contact of the instruments is for alarm or control function. Due to safety, please must connect to external relay which can stand enough ampere to make sure the safety operation of the instruments. (Please refer to chapter 3.4 “Illustration of electrical connection”)**

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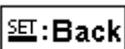
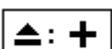
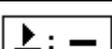
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Brief Instruction

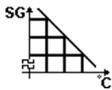
Description of set-up settings (see chapter 7 for details)

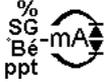
Press  and  simultaneously to see the overview of the set-up settings now. Then press  if you would like to modify set-up settings. Press keypad according to index of keypad on the screen.

Index of keypad

Keypad	Accordingly item	Description
		Back to upper layer
		Choose leftward of change to left page
		Increase digit
		Choose rightward of change to right page
		Decrease digit
		Confirm settings after modifications and then go through next step

Selection of set-up items

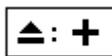
Function	Accordingly item	Description
Mode		Measurement mode, to choose SG(Specific Gravity), °Bé(Baumé), Sal.(Salinity), Conc.(Concentration) measurement
Concentration		Concentration/Specific Gravity Table, available for self-define concentration and SG relationship table for conveniently get concentration value in small range by linear regression calculation
Compensation		SG temperature compensation coefficient, for sample solution temperature compensation coefficient input
Temperature		Temperature measurement and compensation, including MTC, PTC, NTC (3 types total). MTC---Manual temperature compensation, PTC/NTC--- auto temperature compensation
Relay 1		First relay setting, to choose action off or Hi/Lo alarm

Relay 2		Second relay setting, to choose action off or Hi/Lo alarm
Clean		Automatic wash time setting, to choose electrode clean equipment's ON and OFF duration
Analog		Current output according to SG, °Bé, ppt, % setting range
Clock		Clock setting (When out of power and reboot it, the instrument's time setting can maintain to the real time. If not, please replace the inner 3V CR2025 battery.)
RS-485		RS485 serial interface (Modbus protocol)
Black-light		Backlight setting, to set Auto/ON/OFF backlight, brightness, and sensitivity
Contrast		Contrast of screen setting
Digital Filter		Take every serial 1~60 measurements, average them continuously, and make it as the readings
Logbook		Event recorder logbook (50 data)
Return		Setting of returning to the measurement mode
Language		Available for English, Traditional Chinese, Simplified Chinese
Code		Security code of set-up mode. The factory default is 1111, and a designated user can change the code. The set-up code is precedential to calibration code, thus it can pass a different security code of calibration.

Description of calibration settings (see chapter 8 for details)

Press  and  simultaneously to see the last calibration information. Then press  if you would like to make a new calibration or modify setting of calibration. Press keypad according to index of keypad on the screen.

Index of keypad:

Keypad	Accordingly item	Description
		Back to upper layer
		Choose leftward of change to left page
		Increase digit
		Choose rightward of change to right page
		Decrease digit
		Confirm settings after modifications and then go through next step

Selection of calibration items

Function	Accordingly item	Description
Code		Security code of calibration mode. The factory default is 1100.
Return		Time interval setting of returning to the measurement mode
Select Cal.	Select Cal.	To select calibration mode, offers Single Point, and Two Points, two kinds of calibration point modes
Single Point	Single Point	Single point, provides Span calibration mode
Two Points	Two Points	Two points, provides Zero point and Span calibration two kinds of calibration mode
Pure Water	Pure Water	Pure water calibration
CELL	CELL Const.	Plummet coefficient calibration
Known Sol.	Known Sol.	Use the known specific gravity solution to calibrate the system

Note

Due to the need for continuous improvement of the transmitter function, we reserve the right to modify the content and the icon of the function. The actual icons and contents are subject to the instrument without notice.

1. Specifications

Model		SG-2110-RS
Measuring modes		Specific Gravity /Baumé/Salinity/ Concentration
Ranges	SG	0.000~2.200SG (with Standard Plummet) (The measuring range may depend on the density of chosen plummet)
	Temp.	-30.0~130.0°C
Resolutions	SG	0.001
	Temp.	0.1°C
Accuracy	SG	±0.002 (±1 Digit)
	Temp.	±0.2°C(±1 Digit) with temperature error correction function
Unit conversion		Built-in SG value converts to Baumé (°Bé) or Salinity(ppt) or Concentration(%) value
Concentration table setting		Changeable SG/Concentration table according to solutions (Up to 10 points)
Temperature Compensation		Manual or automatic temperature compensation, SG value temperature compensation at 20°C
SG temperature coefficient		SG coefficient of linear temperature compensation
Calibration mode		Zero point calibration and Span calibration (For both volume and weight of plummet)
Plummet constant		Settable plummet constant(1~99999), for calibrating both volume and weight of plummet
Ambient Temp.		0~50 °C
Storage Temp.		-10~70 °C
Display		Large LCM with sensitization sensor for auto/manual illumination function and contract function
		Text mode: Numerical display
		Chart mode: 3 mins real-time dynamic graph
		Trace mode: Set up from 3 mins to four weeks duration of the measured value trend graph
Analog output		Isolated DC 0/4~20mA corresponding to main measurement, max. load 500Ω
Serial interface		RS-485 (Modbus RTU or ASCII)
Logbook		50 events records
Settings	Contact	RELAY contact , 240VAC 0.5A Max.(recommend)
	Activate	Hi/Lo, Hi/Hi, Lo/Lo selectable two limited programmable
Wash	Contact	240VAC, 0.5A Max. (recommend)
	Activate	ON:0~99 min. 59 sec. OFF:0~999 hours 59 min.
Power Supply		100V~240VAC±10% , 50/60Hz , 5W max.
Installation		Transmitter: Wall or Pipe or Panel mounting SG Sensor: According to field conditions for user self-installation
Dimensions		96m × 96mm × 132mm (H×W×D)
Cut off Dimensions		93 mm × 93 mm (H×W)
Weight		Transmitter: 0.5Kg, SG Sensor: 0.7kg
Protection		Transmitter: IP 65 (NEMA 4X)

Note: The specifications are subject to change without notice.

1.2 Product components:

1.2.1 Standard components

- A. Intelligent specific gravity transmitter
- B. SG load cell sensor
- C. SG plummet
- D. Plummet tie line
- E. Sensor cable

1.2.2 Optional accessories

- A. Temperature probe
- B. Load cell sensor rack: Can be added up to more than one rack for load cell protection to prevent from acid gas
- C. Sensor Cable: For other length requirement
- D. Chemical-resistant coating plummet

Note: (1) About the product external, installation method, and tie method please refer to appendix.

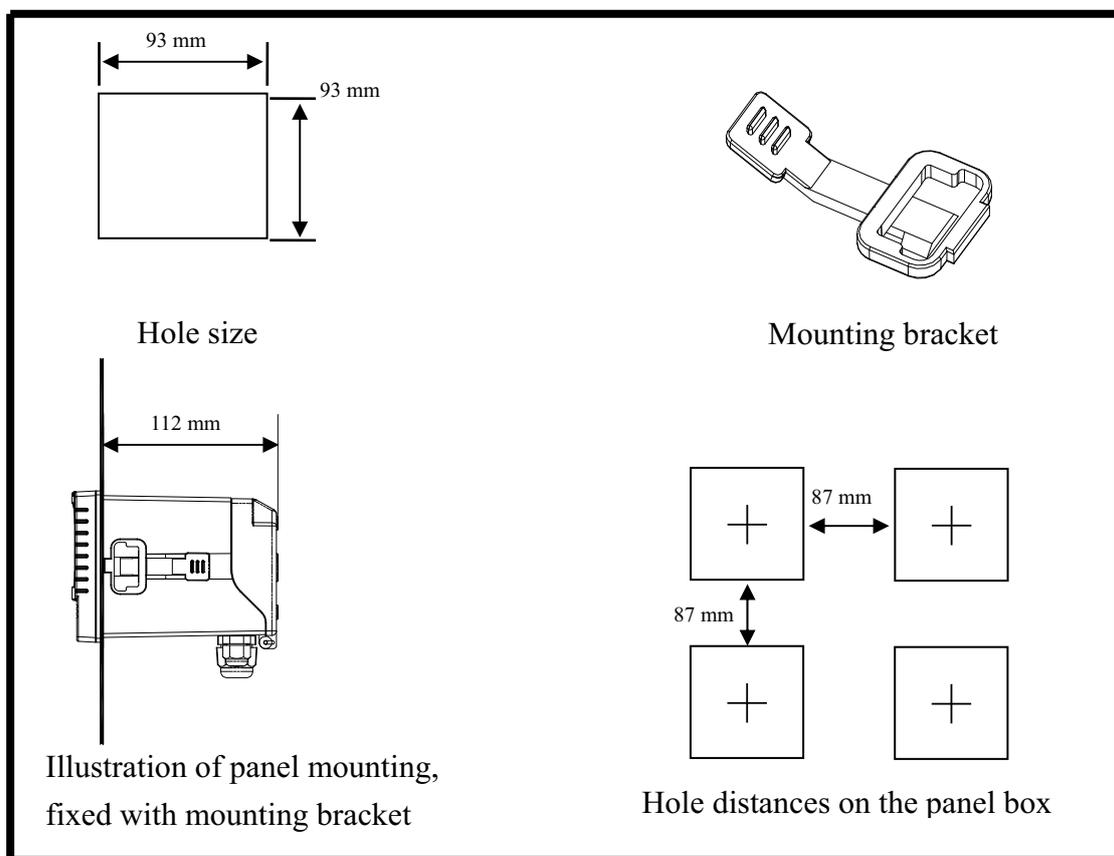
(2) If you would like to change the SG measurement range, you need to replace a different specific gravity plummet.

2. Assembly and installation

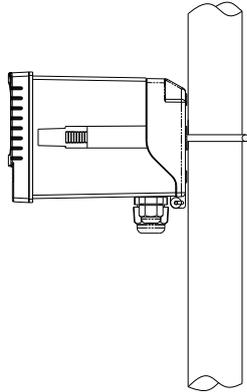
2.1 Transmitter installation: This Transmitter can be installed through panel mounting, wall mounting and pipe mounting.

Installation of panel mounting: First, prepare a square hole of 93 x 93mm on the panel box, and then insert the controller directly into the panel box. Insert the accessorial mounting bracket from the rear, and make it be fixed in to pickup groove.

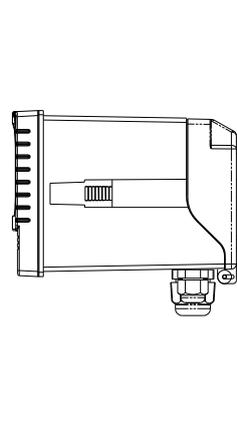
2.2 Illustration of panel mounting



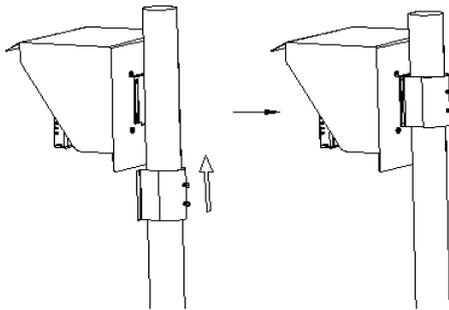
2.3 Illustration of Wall mounting and pipe mounting



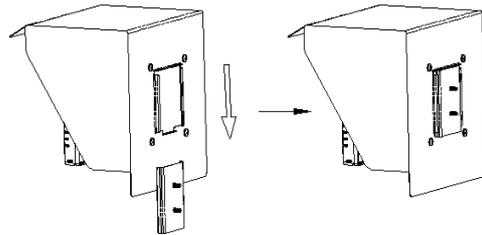
Installation of pipe mounting
Fixed with U-shaped pipe clip. The distance between screw holes is 60mm



Installation of wall mounting
Fixed with 4 x M4 screws



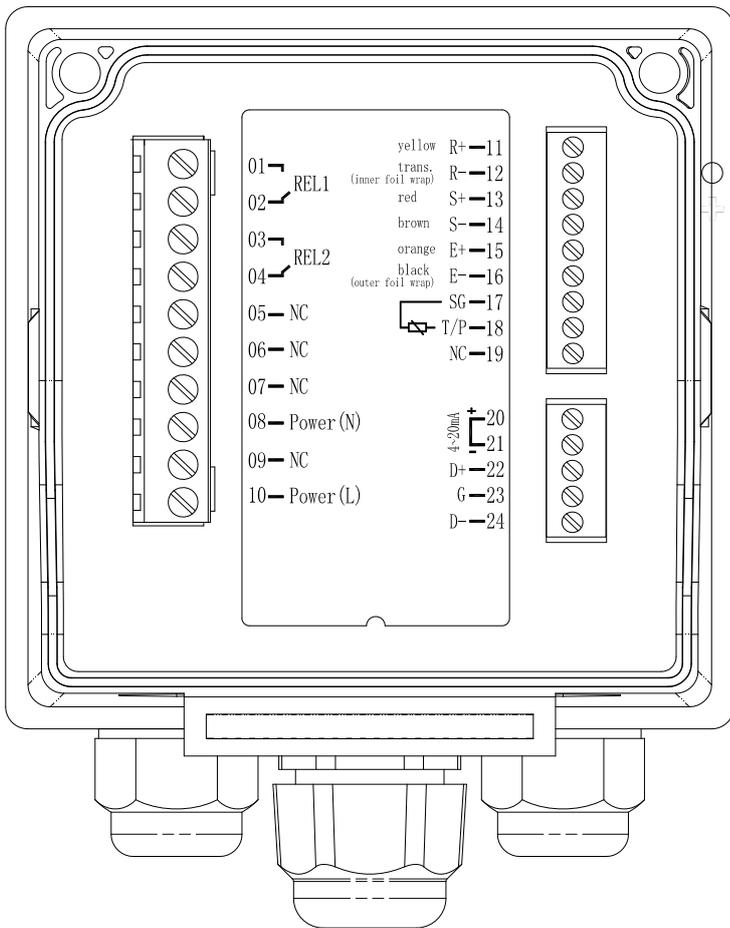
Sun Shield (Pipe mounting)
Order No.: 8-35 and 8-35-1



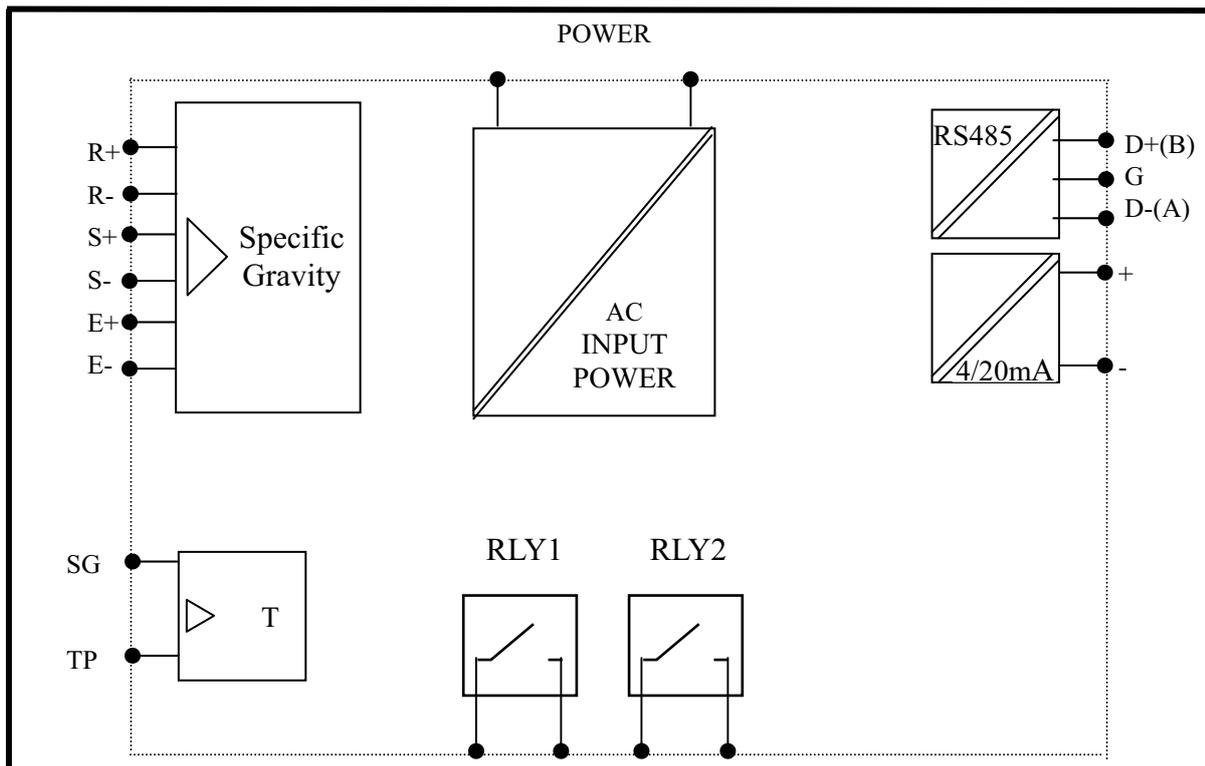
Sun Shield (Wall mounting)
Order No.: 8-35 and 8-35-2

3. Overview of Specific Gravity transmitter SG-2110-RS

3.1 Illustration of rear panel:

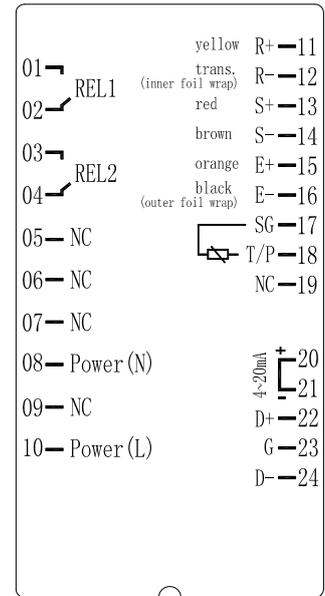


3.2 Illustration of terminal function

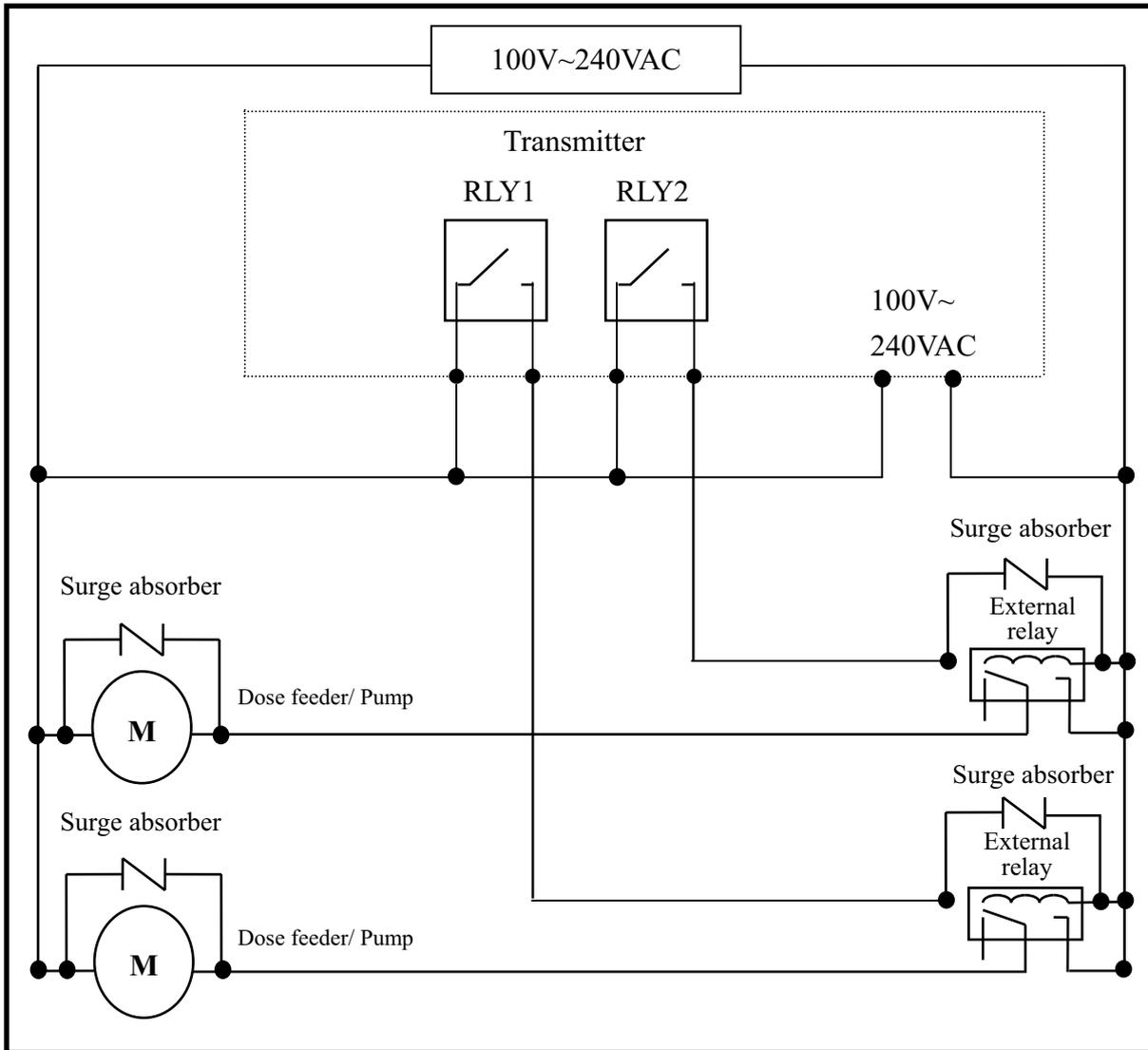


3.3 Description of terminal function

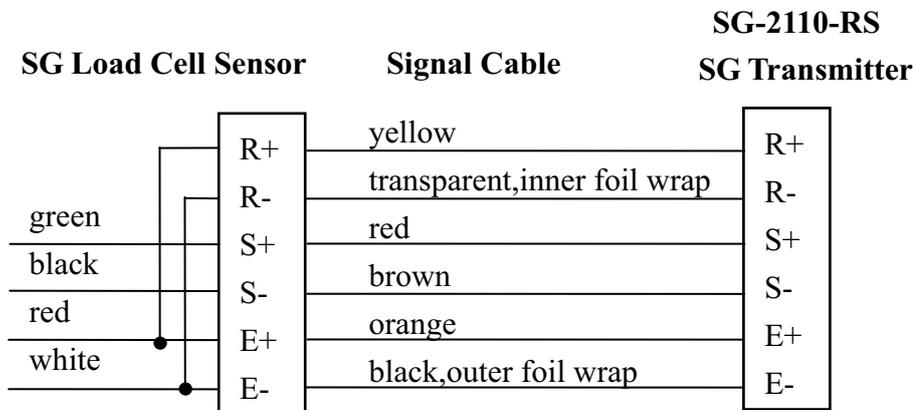
0 1	┌───┐	REL1 : External relay terminal first control
0 2	└───┘	
0 3	┌───┐	REL2 : External relay terminal second control
0 4	└───┘	
0 5	┌───┐	NC : None contact
0 6	└───┘	
0 7	_____	NC : None contact
0 8	_____	100~240AC : Power supply terminal
0 9	_____	NC : None contact
1 0	_____	100~240AC : Power supply terminal
1 1	_____	R+ : The cell connection line: (yellow) ◦
1 2	_____	R- : The cell connection line: (transparent, inner foil wrap) ◦
1 3	_____	S+ : The cell connection line: (red) ◦
1 4	_____	S- : The cell connection line: (brown) ◦
1 5	_____	E+ : The cell connection line: (orange) ◦
1 6	_____	E- : The cell connection line: (black, outer foil wrap) ◦
1 7	_____	SG : Connect the cell connection line of temperature probe
1 8	_____	T/P : Connect the other cell connection line of temperature probe
1 9	_____	NC : None contact
2 0	_____	4~20mA + terminal : Master measurement current output terminal +, for external recorder or PLC control
2 1	_____	4~20mA - terminal : Master measurement current output terminal-, for external recorder or PLC control
2 2	_____	D+ (B) : D+(B) of RS-485 output
2 3	_____	G : GND of RS-485 output
2 4	_____	D- (A) : D-(A) of RS-485 output ◦



3.4 Illustration of electrical connection

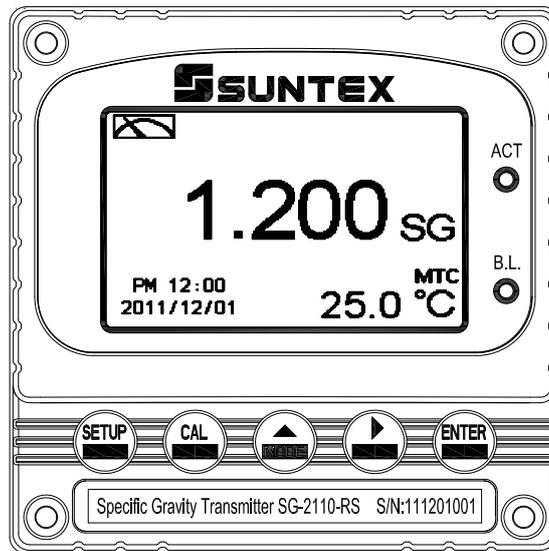


3.5 SG load cell wiring



4. Configuration:

4.1 Illustration of front panel:



4.2 Keypad:

In order to prevent inappropriate operation by others, before the parameter setting and calibration, the operation applies multi-keys, and coding protection if necessary. Description of the key functions is in the following:



: In the parameter set-up mode, pressing this key allows you exit parameter set-up mode and back to Measurement mode.



: In the Calibration mode, pressing this key allows you exit Calibration mode and back to Measurement mode.



: 1. In the parameter set-up mode and Calibration mode, pressing this key to select leftward or change to another page.

2. When adjusting value, press this key to increase the value.



: 1. In the parameter set-up mode and Calibration mode, pressing this key to select rightward or change to another page.

2. When adjusting value, press this key to decrease the value.



: Key for confirmation; pressing this key is essential when modifying data value or selecting the parameter setting items in the window.

4.3 LED indicators:

ACT : Washing device operation indicator and controlling operation indicator (Relay 1, Relay 2)

B.L. : Light sensor; in the automatic display backlit mode, the lamp will light or go out as the change of environmental brightness.

5. Operation

5.1 Measurement mode:

After all electrical connections are finished and tested, connect the instrument to the power supply and turn it on. The transmitter will automatically enter measurement mode with the factory default settings or the last settings from user.

5.2 Set-up menu:

Please refer to the set-up instructions in Chapter 7. Press  and  simultaneously to enter into set-up menu, and press  to go back to measurement mode.

5.3 Calibration menu:

Please refer to the calibration instructions in Chapter 8. Press  and  simultaneously to enter into calibration menu, and press  to go back to measurement mode.

5.4 Shortcuts:

1. In the measurement mode, if selecting MTC for temperature compensation mode, you may press  and  to adjust MTC temperature value.
2. In the measurement mode, press  continuously for 2 seconds to check Event Logbook, press  again to back to measurement mode.
3. In the measurement mode, press  continuously for 2 seconds to switch display mode from normal display to real-time chart mode or to trace mode.

5.5 Reset:

5.5.1 Master reset:

Measurement mode: SG
SG temperature compensation: OFF
SG temperature compensation coefficient: 8.0/10000
Temperature compensation: MTC 25°C
Relay 1 : High point alarm: AUTO, SP1= 1.300 SG, Hys= 0.010 SG
Relay 2 : Low point alarm: AUTO, SP2 = 1.100 SG, Hys= 0.010 SG
Analog current output (SG/°Bé/ppt/%) : 4~20 mA, 1.100~1.300 SG
Date & Time : 2011/1/1 00:00:00
RS-485 : RTU, Even, 19200, ID:001
Digital Filter: 5
Display backlit: OFF
Code: OFF
Contrast: 0
Auto back: Auto, 3 minutes

5.5.2 Calibration reset:

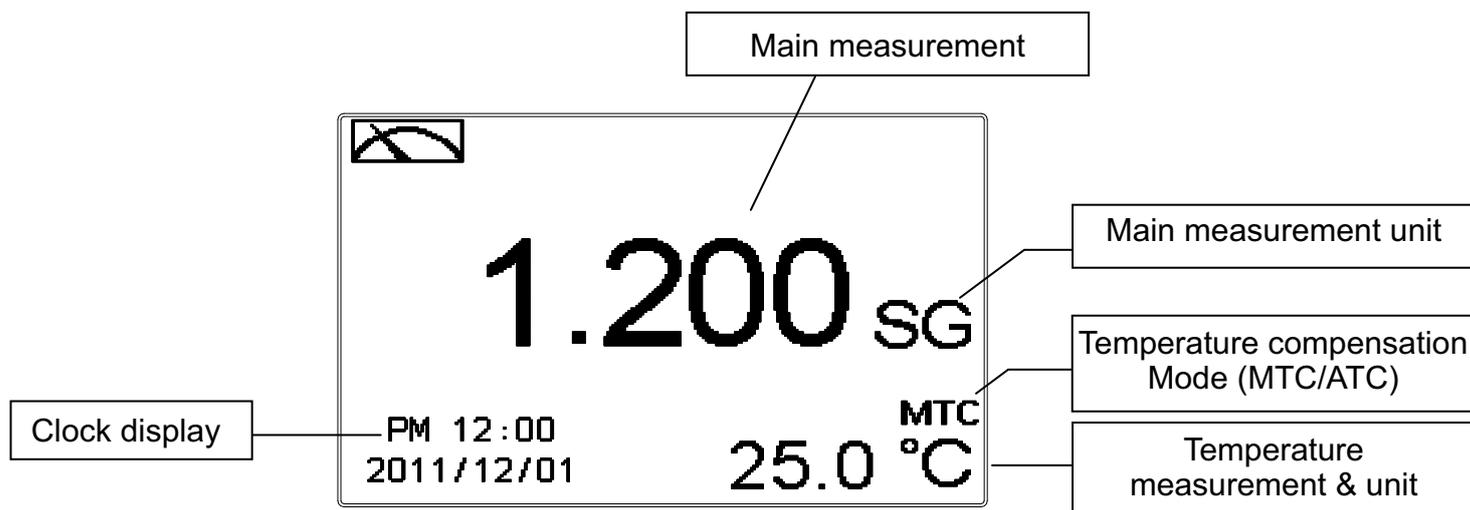
Cal Time: 2011/01/01
Cal point: Zero
Cal Type: No Cal
Calibration value: Cell Constant, 11383
Auto back: Auto, 3 minutes

Note: The factory default of calibration presetting is “No Cal”. It means that the user has not calibrated the SG sensor with the transmitter yet. After every calibration, the transmitter shows the plummet calibration point, calibration mode and calibration value. If have not done the calibration, the transmitter will apply preset plummet cell factor as the calculation reference.

6. Measurement display mode

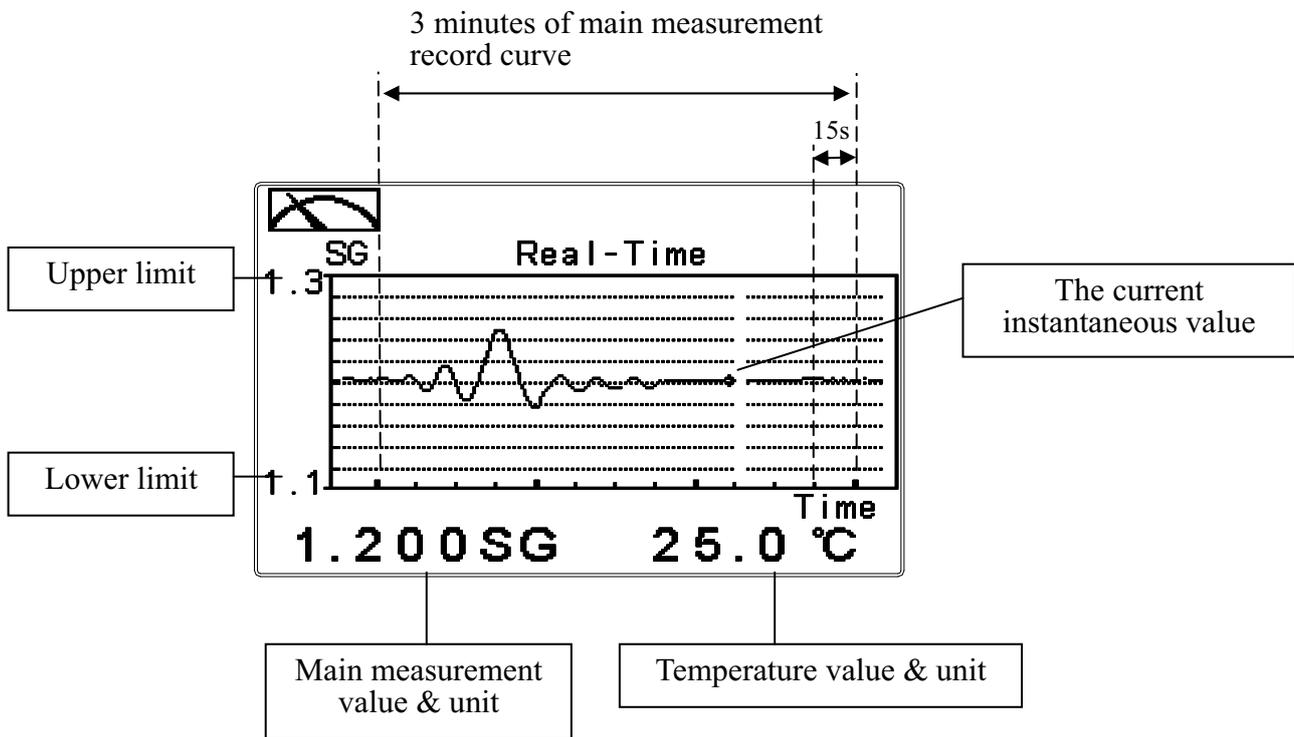
6.1 Normal mode

The normal mode is for digit display, the content is as the following illustration. It mainly includes main measurement value and unit, temperature measurement value and unit, temperature compensation mode, and clock display.



6.2 Real-Time Chart mode

Real-time chart mode is for dynamic display of real-time graphics. The duration is about three minutes of the recent changes in measured values of the curve. Users can set the mode to its corresponding SG, °Bé, Sal., and Conc. measuring range (see section 7.4). The smaller the range is set, the higher resolution of the display is. When entering setup or calibration mode and returning to measurement mode, the real-time graphic will be re-updated. When the measured value exceeds a set range of the upper and lower limit, the graphics will be presented in the upper and lower limits dotted line. Real-time chart mode display is shown as below. There are also real-time measurement value, & unit, and temperature value & unit which are displayed in the bottom of the screen. The timeline in real-time graphic is divided into 12 depict, which is describe the range of representatives of each of 1 / 4 minutes (15 seconds).

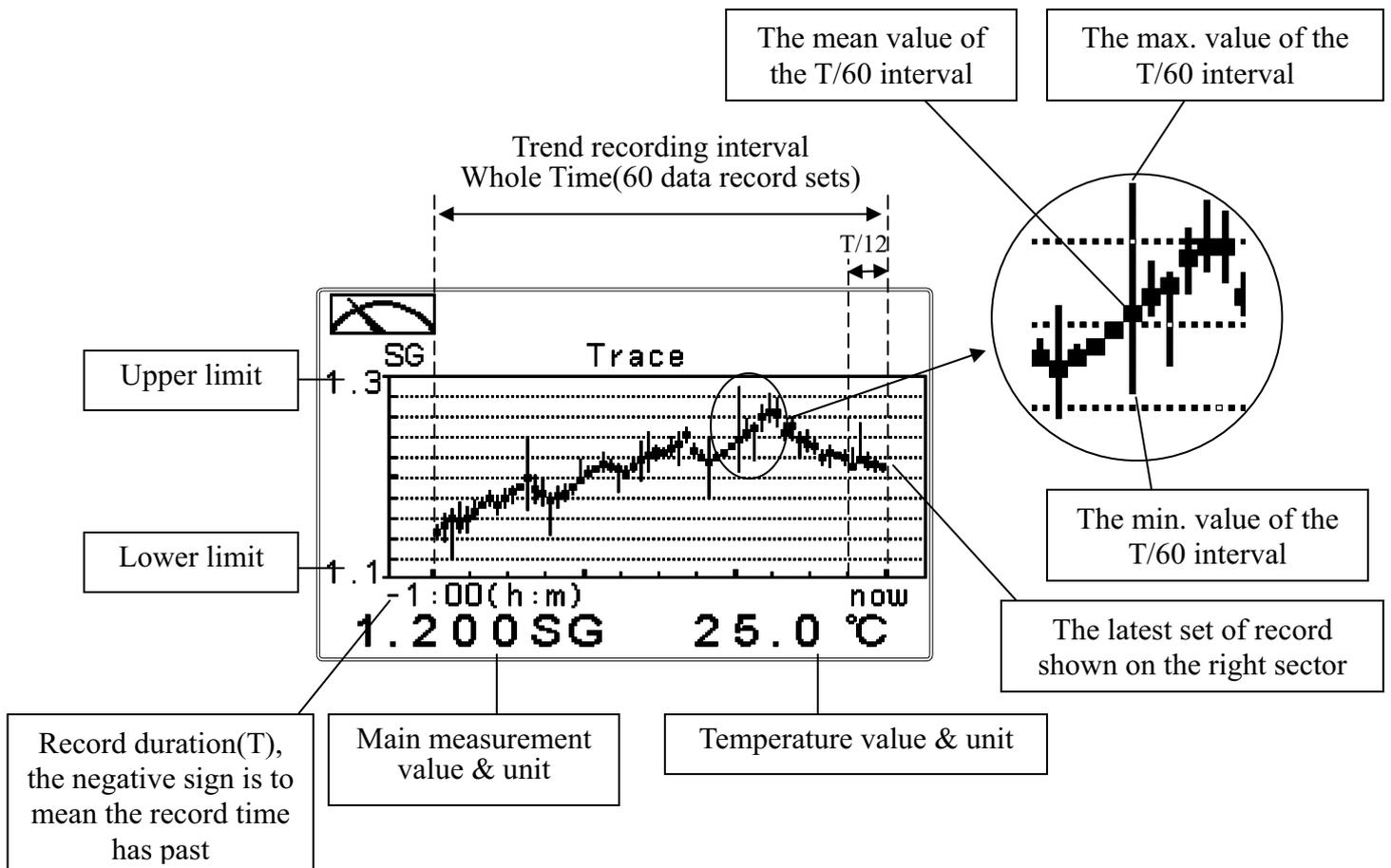


6.3 Trace mode

The feature of the trace mode is the record duration which can be set by the user (range from three minutes, up to four weeks). The trend graphic records the measurements in the past T time. The trend is recorded by the 60 group structure. Hence, each group of units is recorded in T/60 time interval. The trend line is constructed by all value data which is calculated to the average (Mean Value), maximum (Max Value) and minimum (Min Value) form. When the latest T/60 record shows in the rightmost of the trend graphic, all the previous record will be moved to the left side of the graphic. For example, T is set to 60 hours, then each set of records will be calculated to the average, the maximum, the minimum values after one hour (T/60 = 1), each time interval. Timeline of trends which is divided into 12 depictions showed on the horizontal axis of the display is on behalf of each characterization interval T/12. So, every depiction has 5 (T/60) sets of records. Users can set the corresponding SG, °Bé, Sal., and Conc. measuring range in its set-up menu (see section 7.4). The smaller the range is set, the higher resolution of the display is. The trace mode is shown as below. There are also real-time measurement value, & unit, and temperature value & unit which are displayed in the bottom of the screen.

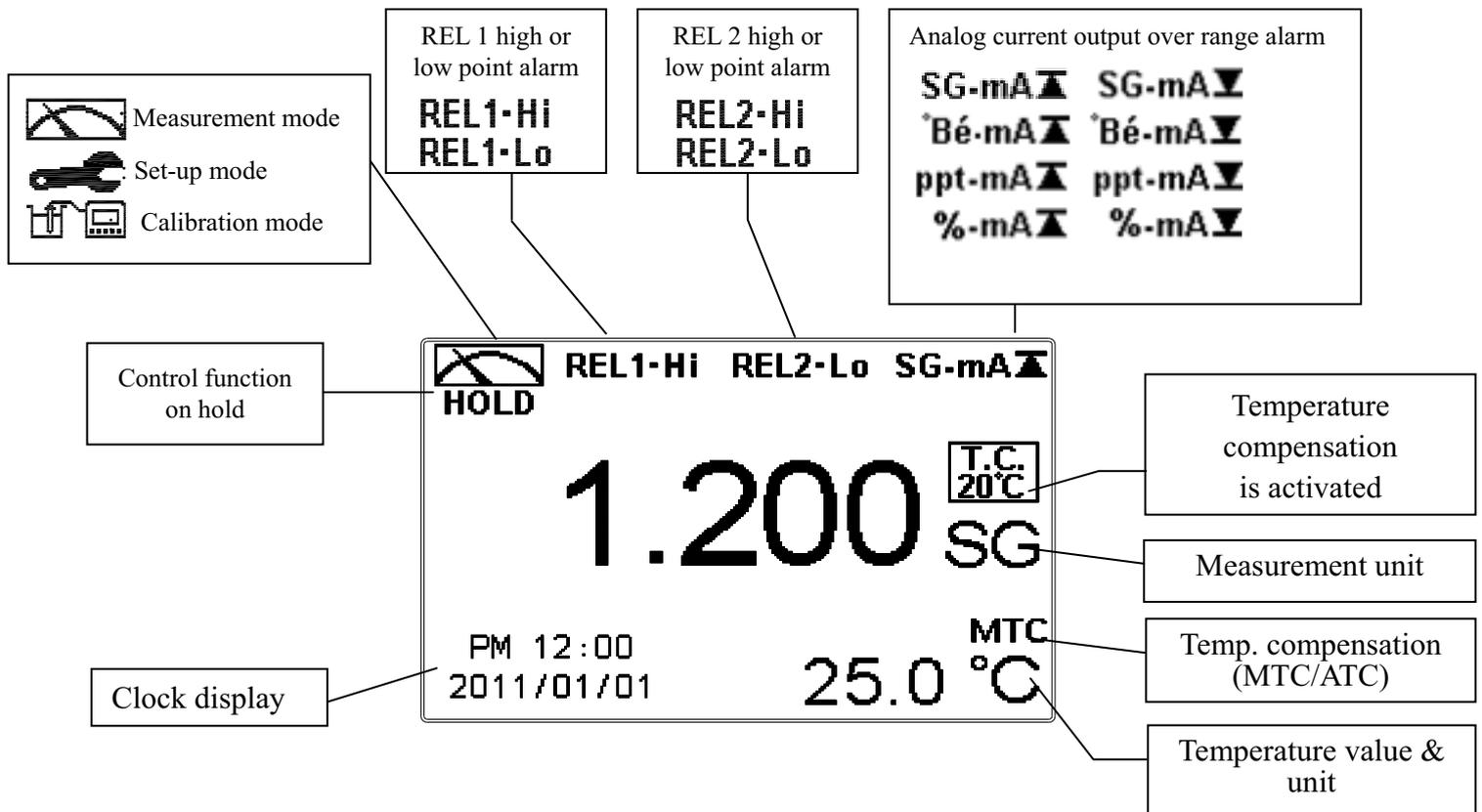
Attention: When the time interval has been reset, the trend in the data will not be retained, it will start a new trace record.

Note: The time display format (XX: XX) (hr: min), for example, appear as four weeks (672:00).



6.4 Warning symbols and text

1. When Relay 1 which is set in high setting point is in action, the display shows and twinkles the description, “REL 1_Hi”, and ACT indicator LED lights up. When Relay 1 which is set in low setting point is in action, the display shows and twinkles the description, “REL 1_Lo”, and ACT indicator LED lights up.
2. When Relay 2 which is set in high setting point is in action, the display shows and twinkles the description, “REL 2_Hi”, and ACT indicator LED lights up. When Relay 2 which is set in low setting point is in action, the display shows and twinkles the description, “REL 2_Lo”, and ACT indicator LED lights up.

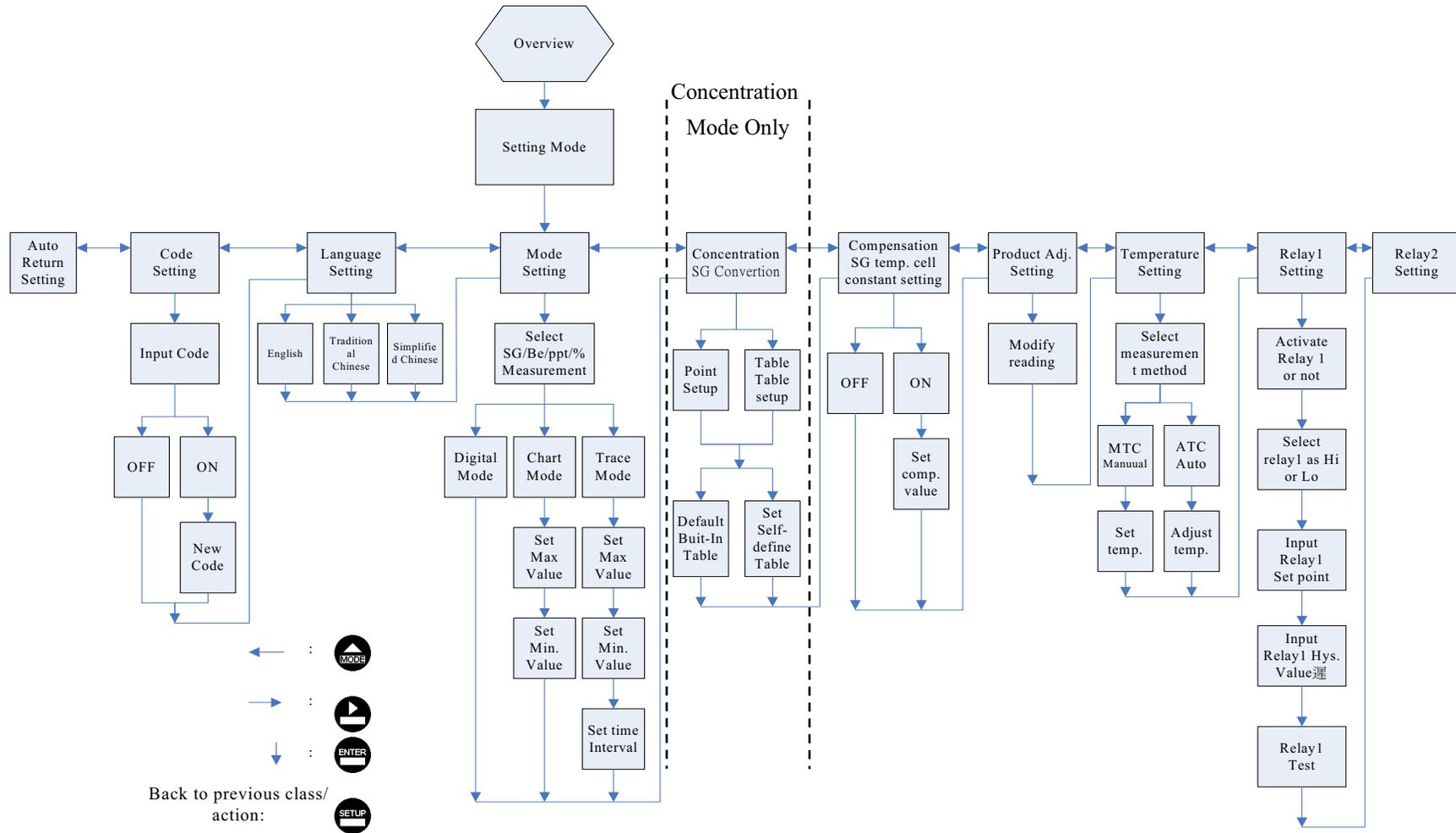


Note: HOLD warning symbol appears in the cleaning status, set-up mode, and calibration mode. Under hold status, the relative display and output are as follows:

1. Relay 1, 2 will cease from action. When it is form hold status of cleaning to enter into the set-up menu or calibration menu, the transmitter will cease the cleaning function.
2. The last signal output value of analog current output is kept in the reading before HOLD status.
3. The last signal output value of RS-485 interface is kept in the reading before HOLD status.

7. Settings

Block diagram of settings-part 1



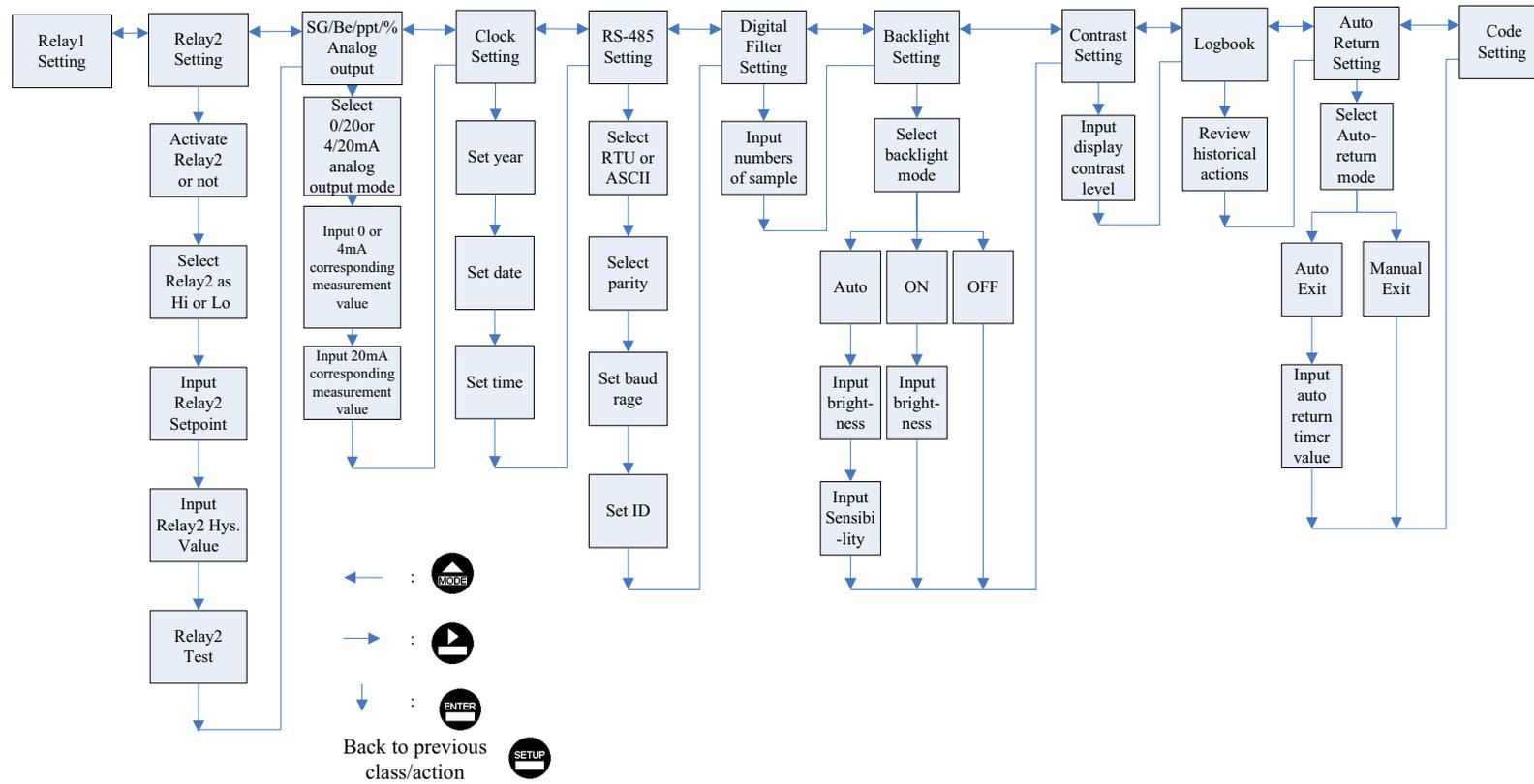
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Block diagram of settings-part 2

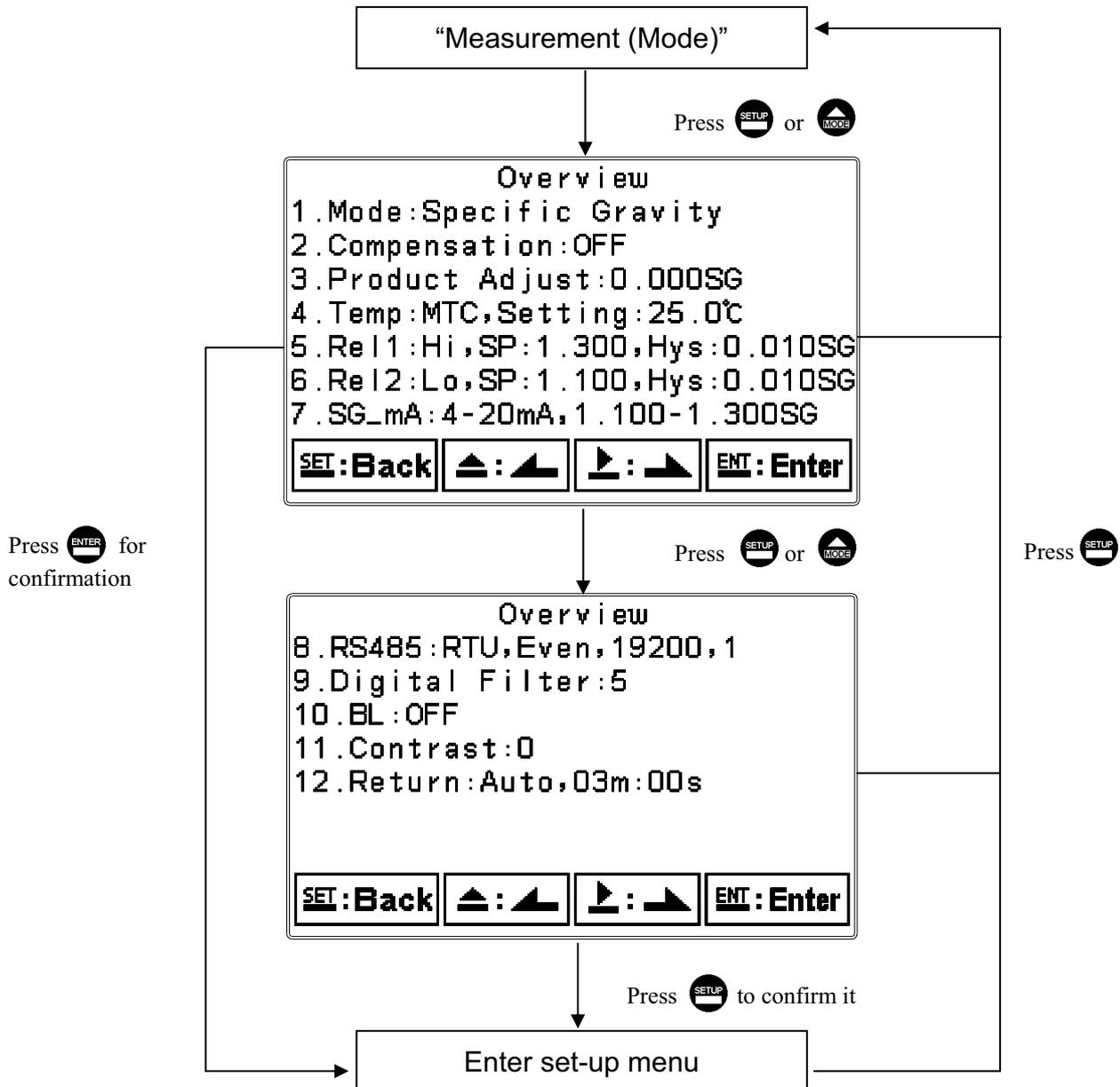
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7.1 Entry of set-up menu

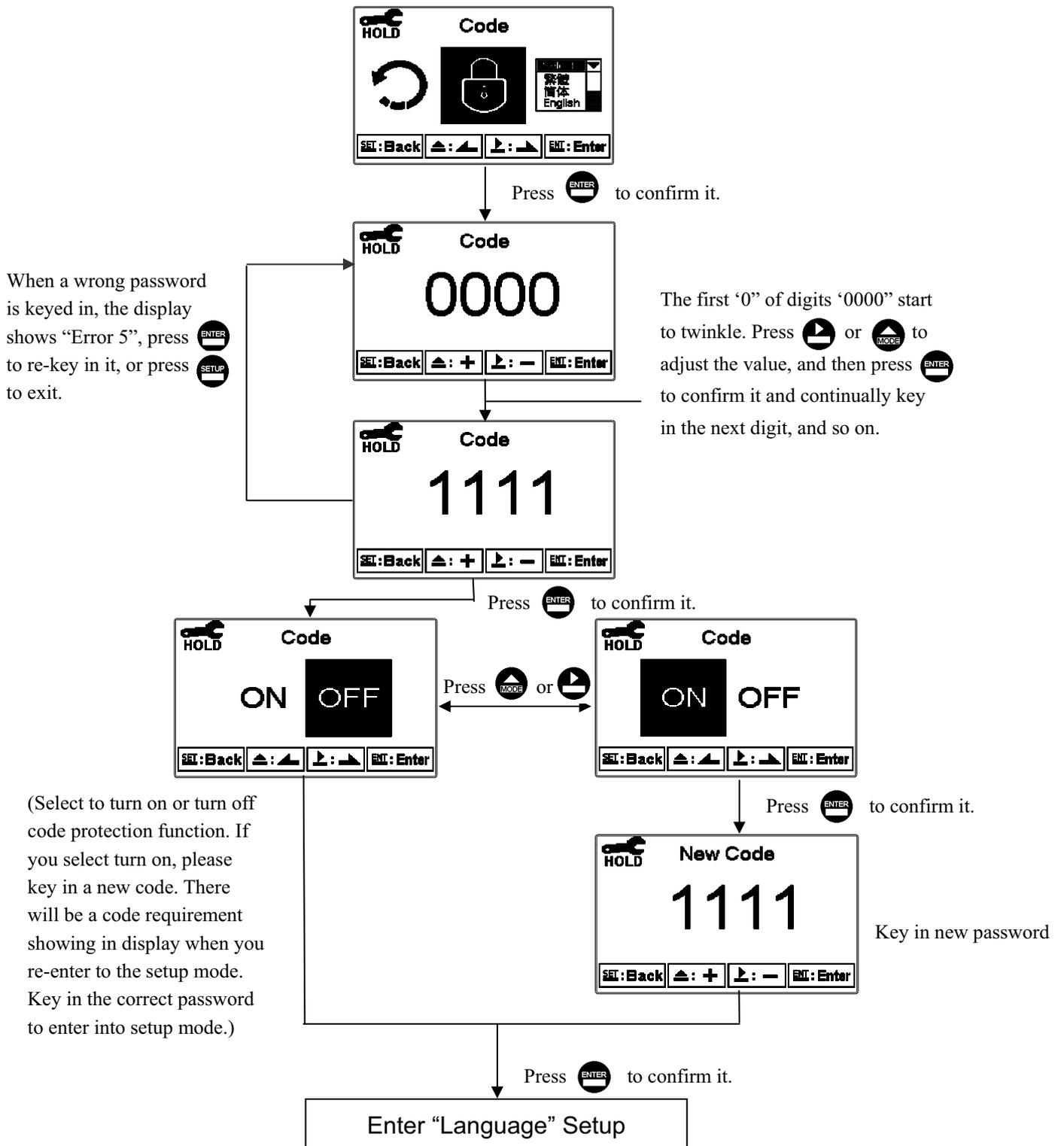
In the measurement mode, pressing the two keys **SETUP** and **MODE** simultaneously allows you enter the overview of current setting, and press **ENTER** to enter the set-up mode to modify the setting if necessary. Press **SETUP** key to exit the set-up menu.



7.2 Security code of settings

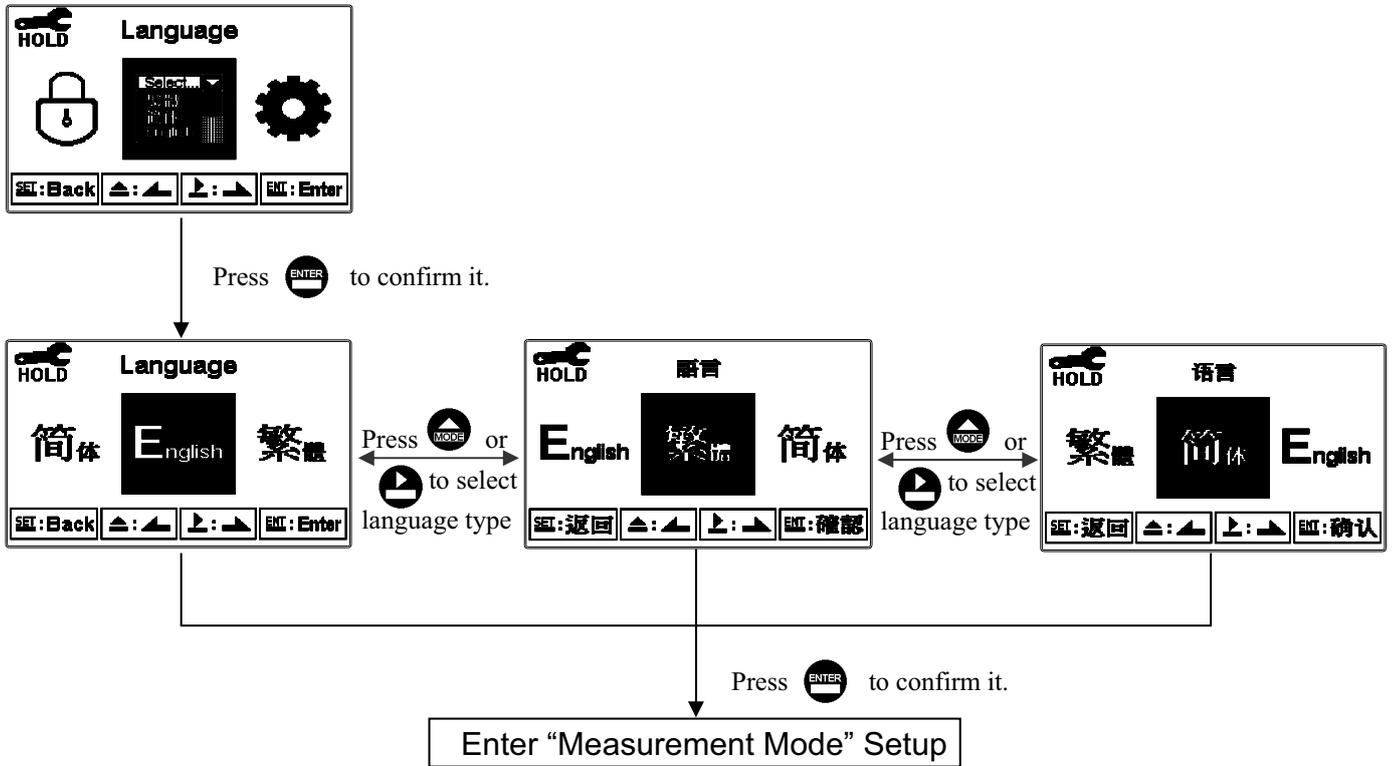
After entering set-up mode, select “code” item, press **ENTER** to enter into code procedure. **The code pre-setting is 1111.**

Note: The code of setting mode is prior to the code for calibration. That means that the code of setting mode can be used for the code of calibration mode.

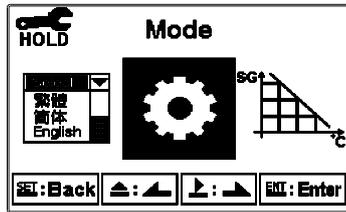


7.3 Language

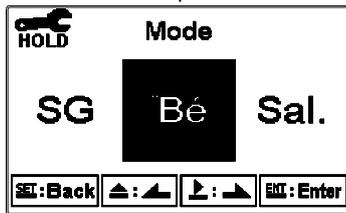
Enter Language setup menu, select the system language from English, Traditional Chinese and Simplified Chinese.



7.4.2 Enter setup of “Mode”, select °Bé measurement mode and select the display mode.

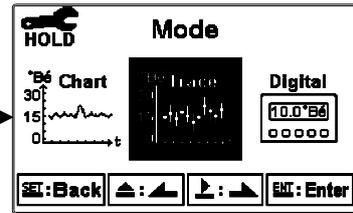
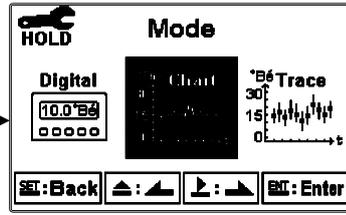
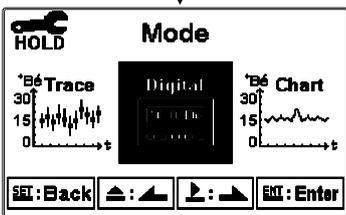


Press **ENTER** to confirm it.



Press **MODE** or **RIGHT** to select °Bé measurement mode.

Press **ENTER** to confirm it.



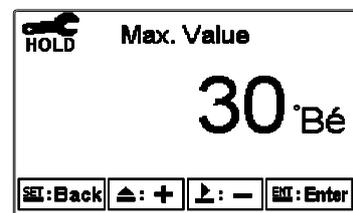
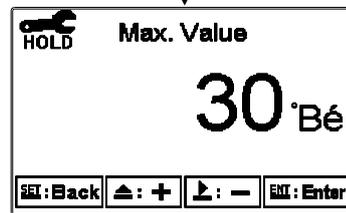
Select no to maintain the original setting and save the record. Press **ENTER** to confirm it.



Press **ENTER** to confirm it.

Select YES, press **ENTER**

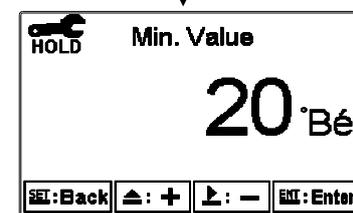
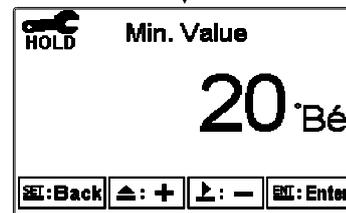
Press **MODE** or **RIGHT** to input the upper limit.



Press **ENTER** to confirm it.

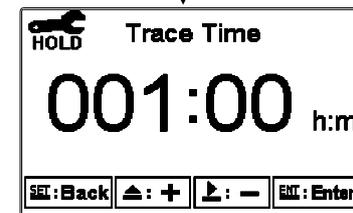
Press **ENTER** to confirm it.

Press **MODE** or **RIGHT** to input the lower limit.



Press **ENTER** to confirm it.

To set record duration T, press **MODE** or **RIGHT** to adjust the hour value, press **ENTER** to confirm and move to minute adjustment.



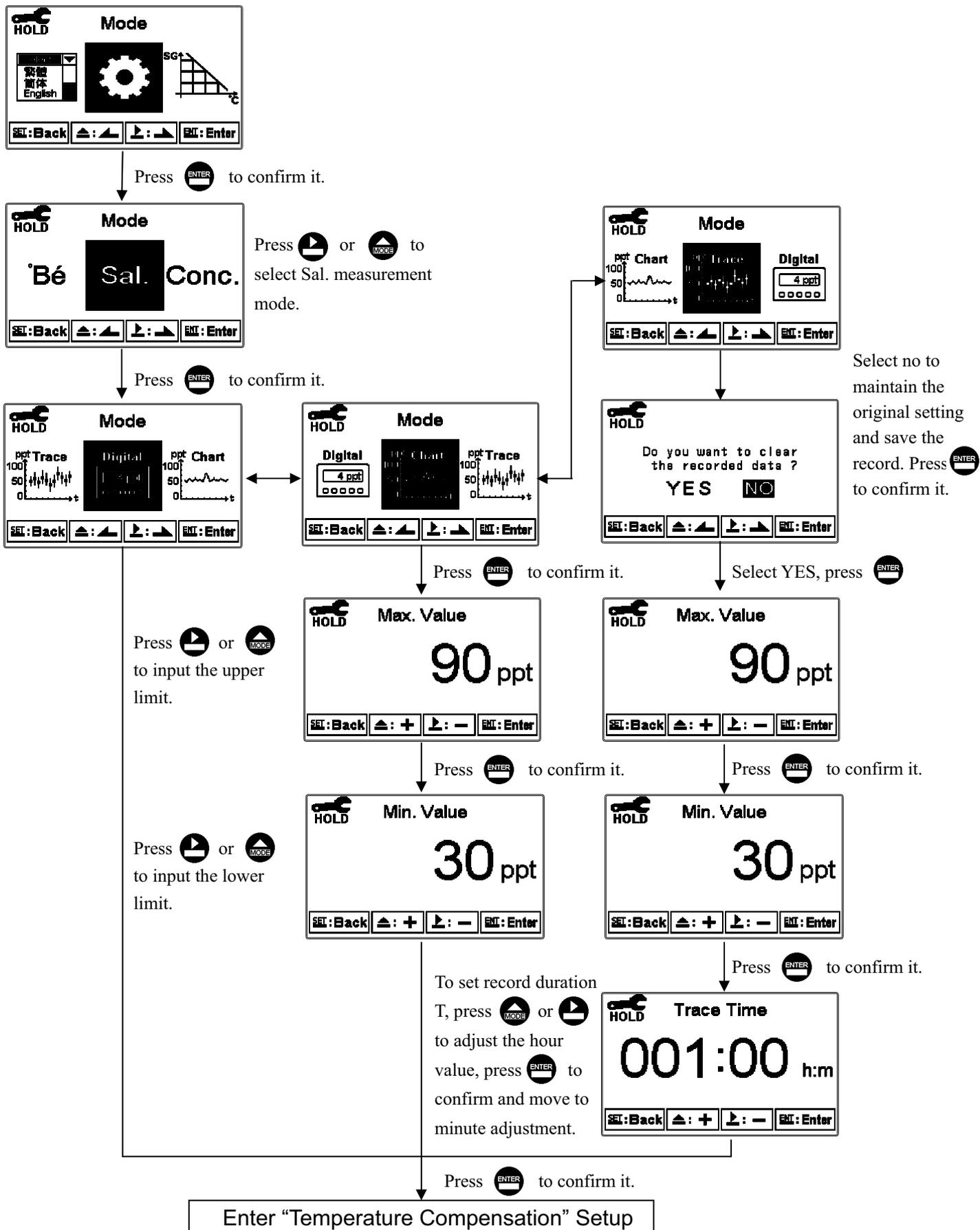
Press **ENTER** to confirm it.

Enter “Temperature Compensation”

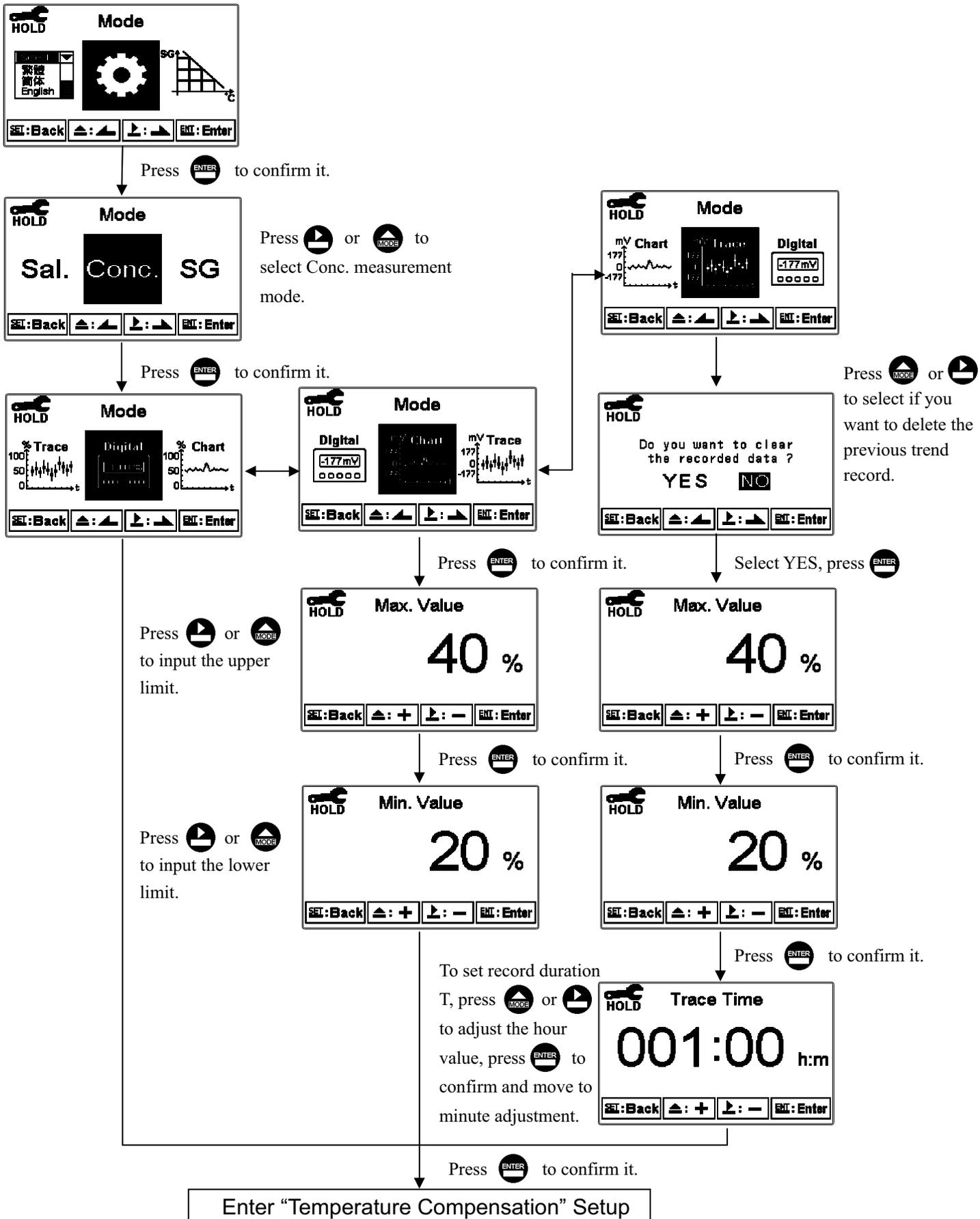
Note: Relation of Baume and Specific Gravity at 20°C under temperature compensation:

- (1) When the SG of sample solution is higher than it of water:
 $^{\circ}Bé = 145.0 - (145.0/SG)$
- (2) When the SG of sample solution is lower than it of water:
 $^{\circ}Bé = (140.0/SG) - 130.0$

7.4.3 Enter setup of “Mode”, select Sal.(Salinity) measurement mode and select the display mode.



7.4.4 Enter setup of “Mode”, select Conc.(Concentration)measurement mode and select the display mode.



7.6 Compensation

Enter setup of compensation mode, and select compensation ON or OFF. If select to activate the temperature compensation function, users may set compensation coefficient according to the character of sample solution. It compensates the measurement at 20°C. The same solution has different SG value under different concentration, and the different SG range has different compensation coefficient.

Ex: Certain solution's coefficient under different SG range showed as following table.

SG range	Compensation coefficient	SG range	Compensation coefficient
1.151~1.200	7.0/10000	1.561~1.700	10.0/10000
1.221~1.420	8.0/10000	1.701~1.770	11.0/10000
1.421~1.560	9.0/10000	1.771~1.840	12.0/10000

The formula of compensation coefficient is as follows:

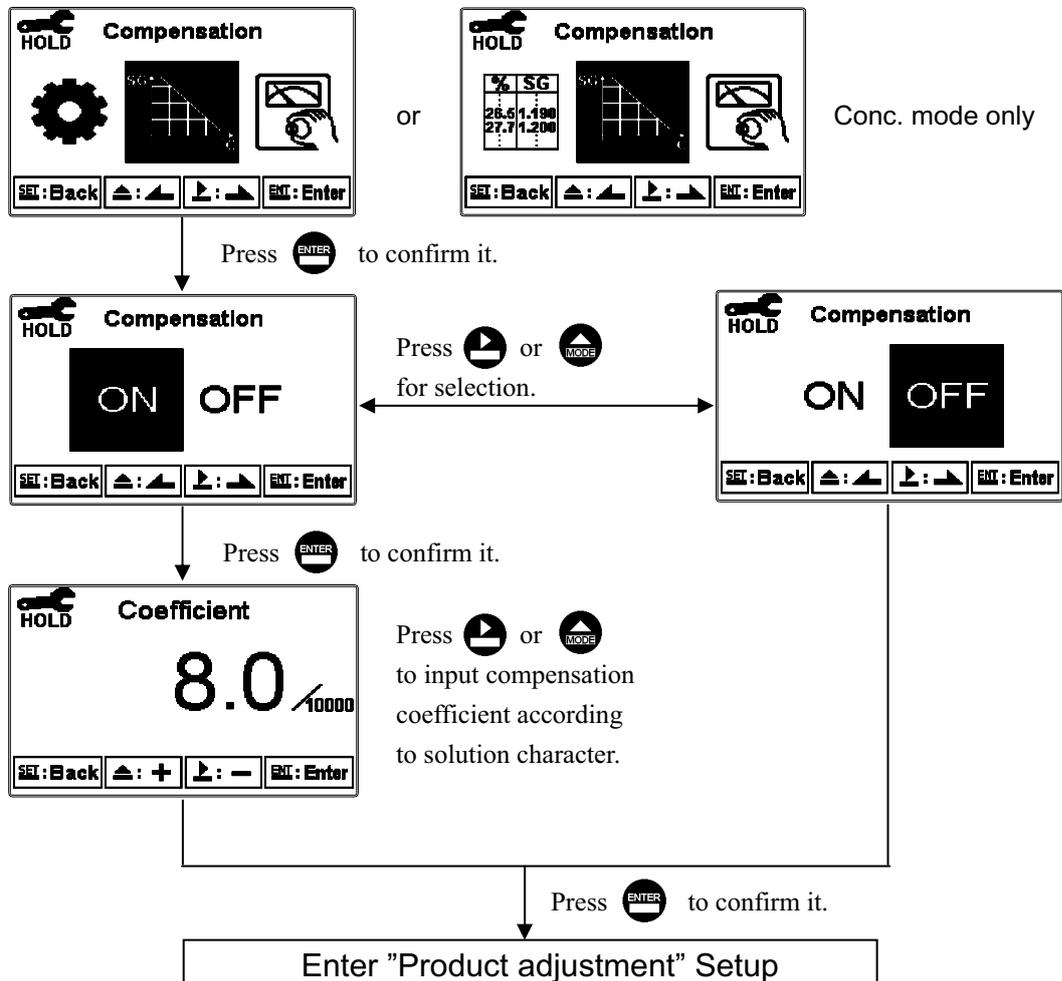
SG_{20}	SG at 20°C	Formula 1: $SG_{20} = SG_T + [(T - 20) \times C]$
SG_T	SG at T°C	
T	Measured solution temperature	Formula 2: $C = (SG_{20} - SG_T) / (T - 20)$
C	Temperature compensation	

For example, if certain liquid's SG value is 1.300 at 20°C, and it's SG value is 1.292 at 30°C. Then, the compensation coefficient can be calculated as:

$$C = (1.300 - 1.292) / (30 - 20). \quad C = 8.0 / 10000$$

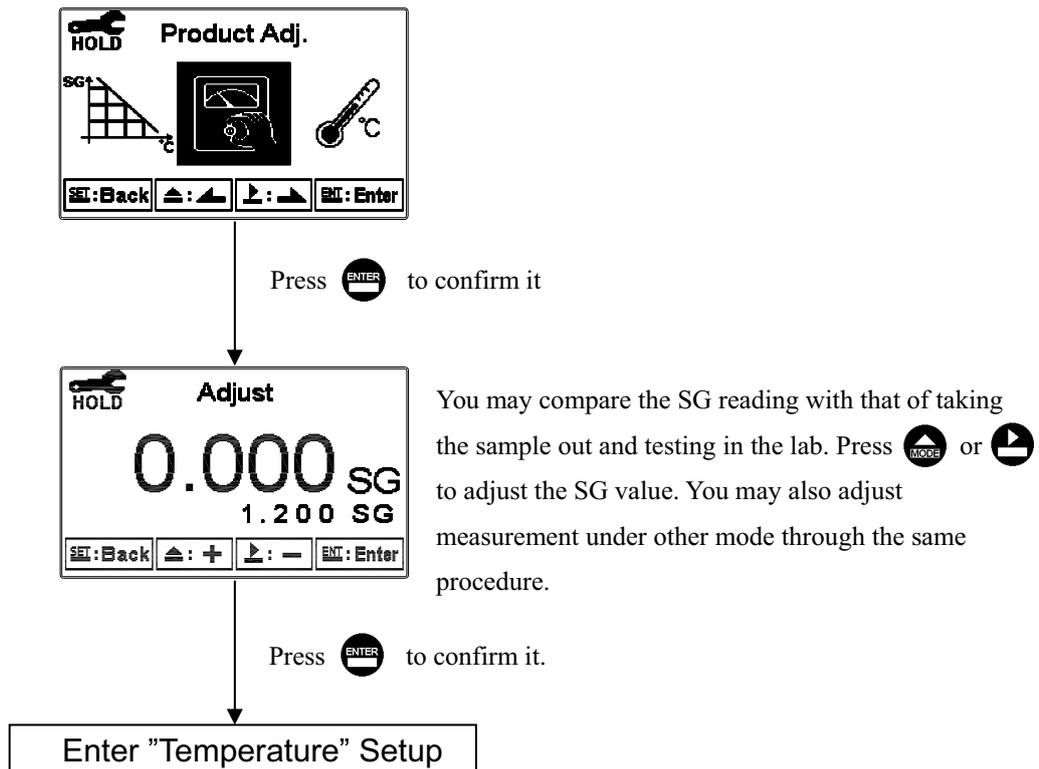
Note: The default compensation coefficient is 8.0/10000.

The display shows $\frac{T}{20} \frac{C}{20}$ under measurement mode to represent the compensation function has been activated. (Please see ch6.4)



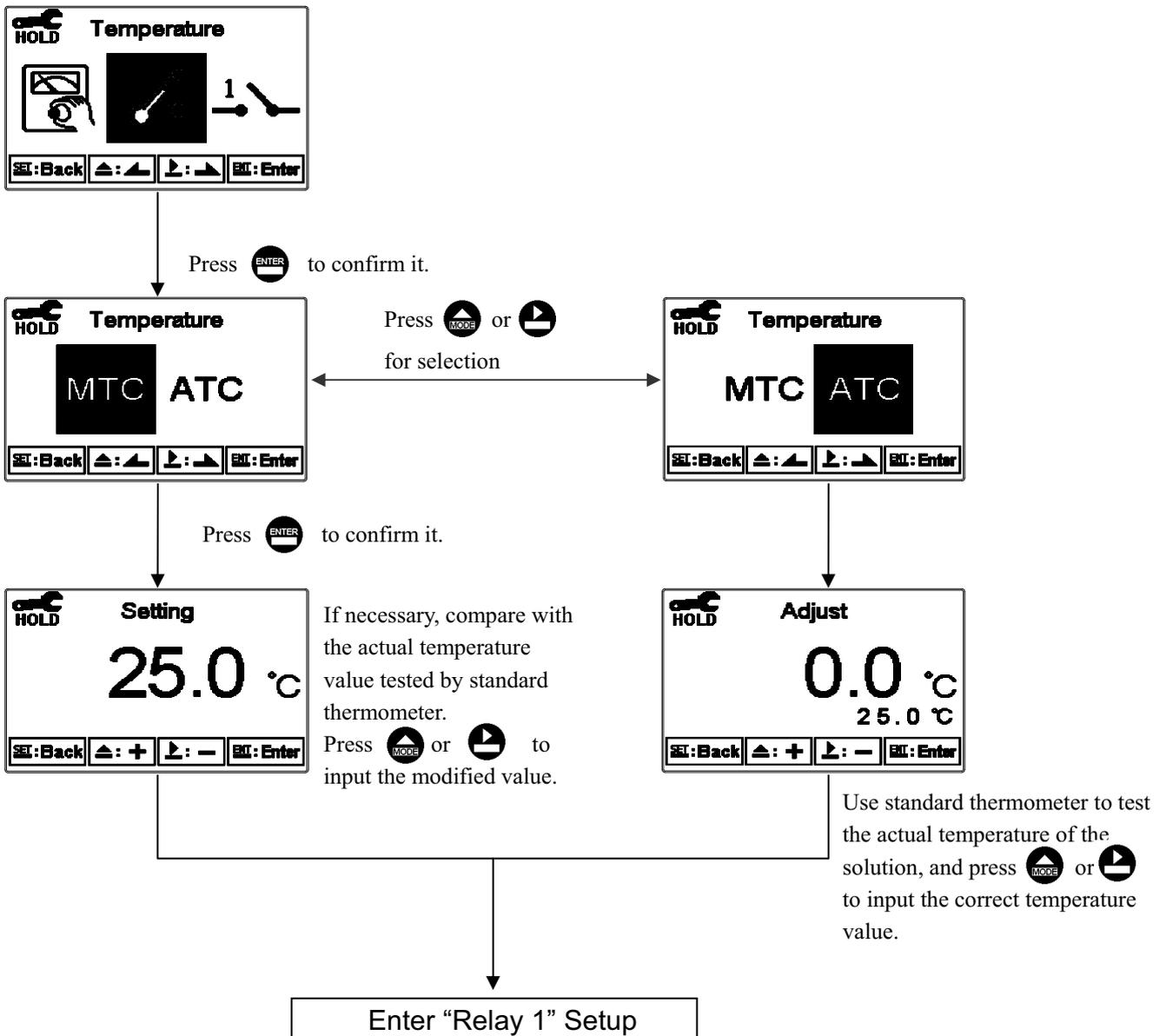
7.7 Product Adjustment

Enter setup of “Product Adj.”, make the sample reading modifications. Users are allowed to make sample reading adjustment without taking out the sensor and making calibration. Utilize the function to adjust the field measurement as same as the lab measurement to eliminate the doubt of measurement error. Under normal measurement display mode, there is a PDT sign on top of the SG unit. (Please see Ch 6.4)



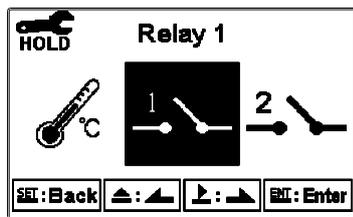
7.8 Temperature

Enter Temperature setup menu, select ATC for auto temperature compensation or select MTC for manual temperature compensation.

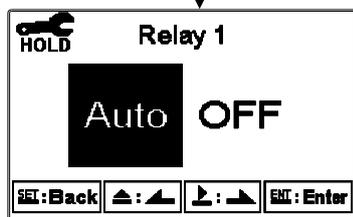


7.9 Relay 1

Enter setup of Relay 1. Select the item to turn on or turn of the relay 1 function. If you select to turn on the relay 1, then select for using relay 1 as “Hi set-point” alarm or “Low set-point” alarm. Set the value of set-point (SP) and hysteresis (Hys.). The meaning and relation of each parameter please refer to the right side illustration.(Hi point alarm setting)

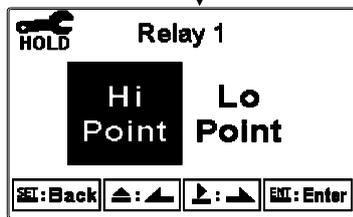


Press **ENTER** to confirm it.



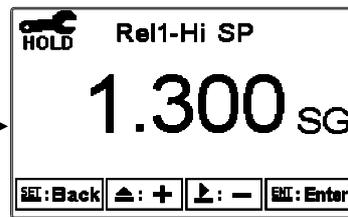
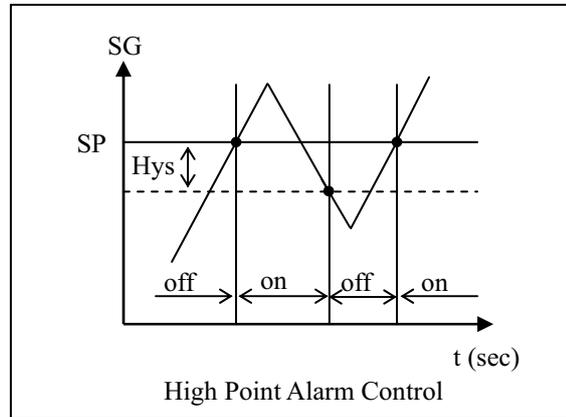
Press **MODE** or **ENTER** to select to activate REL1 or not. If not, the guide menu goes to setup of Relay 2.

Press **ENTER** to confirm it.



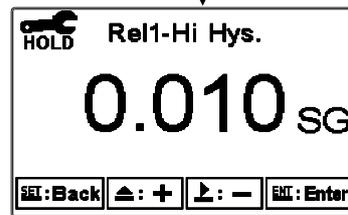
Press **MODE** or **ENTER** to select use REL1 as Hi point or Lo point alarm.

Press **ENTER** to confirm it.



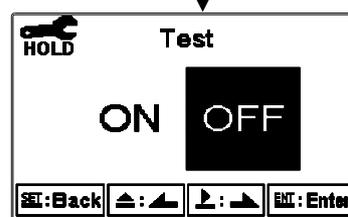
Press **MODE** or **ENTER** to adjust set-point(SP) value

Press **ENTER** to confirm it.



Press **MODE** or **ENTER** to adjust Hysteresis value (Hys.).

Press **ENTER** to confirm it.



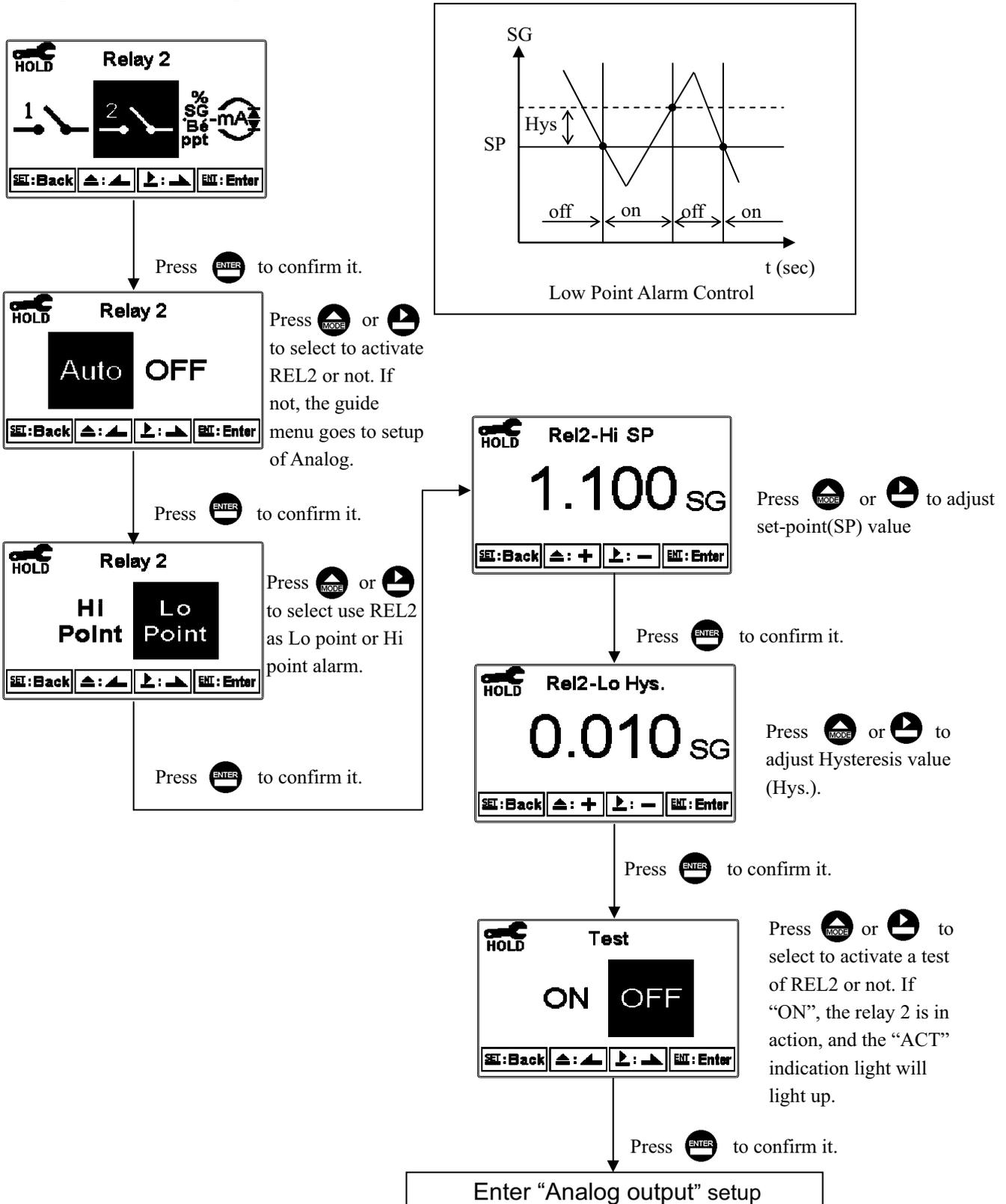
Press **MODE** or **ENTER** to select to activate a test of REL1 or not. If “ON”, the relay 1 is in action, and the “ACT” indication light will light up.

Press **ENTER** to confirm it.

Enter “Relay 2” setup

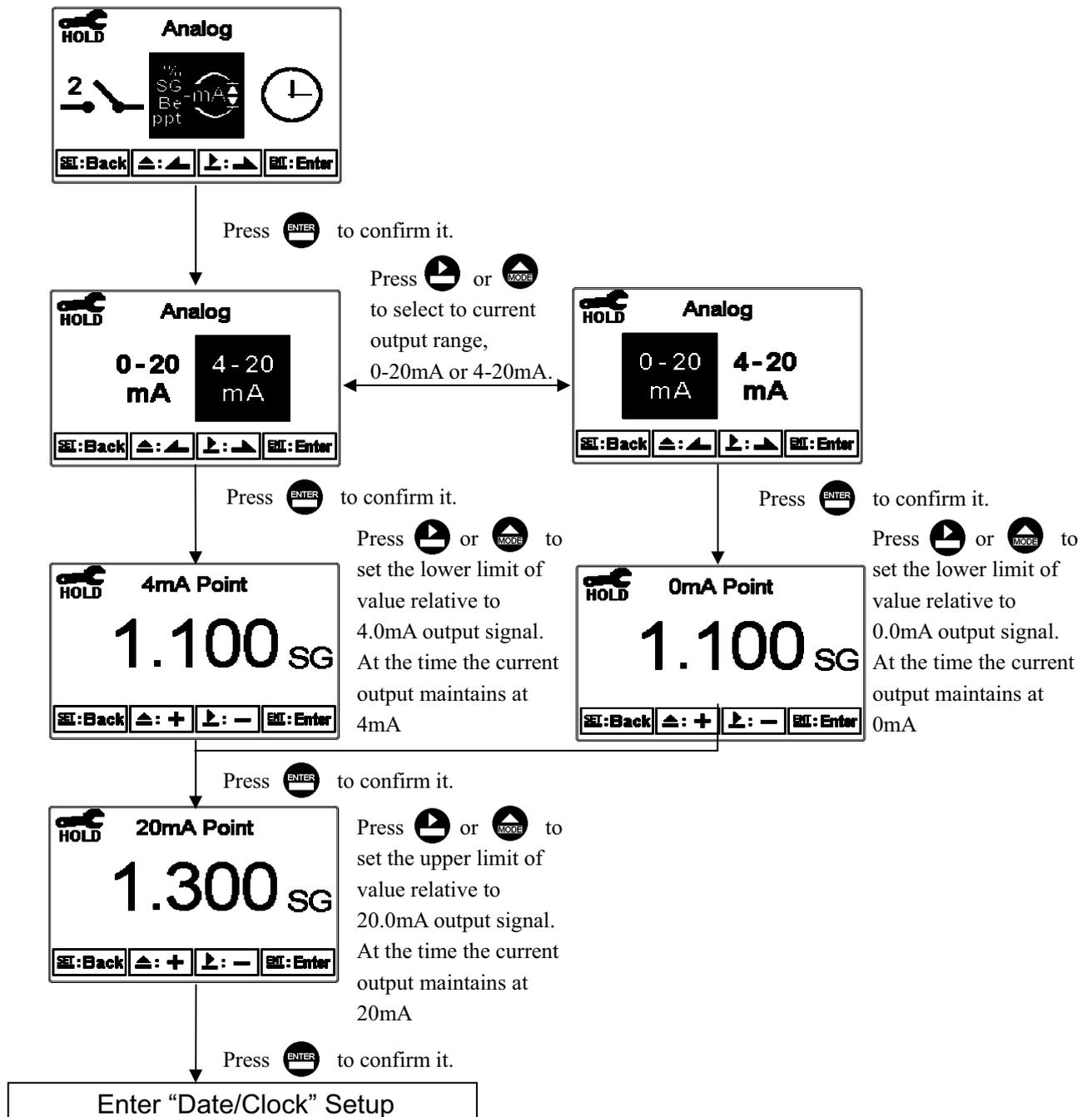
7.10 Relay 2

Enter setup of Relay 2. Select the item to turn on or turn of the relay 2 function. If you select to turn on the relay 2, then select for using relay 2 as “Hi set-point” alarm or “Low set-point” alarm. Set the value of set-point (SP) and hysteresis (Hys.). The meaning and relation of each parameter please refer to the right side illustration.(Hi point alarm setting)



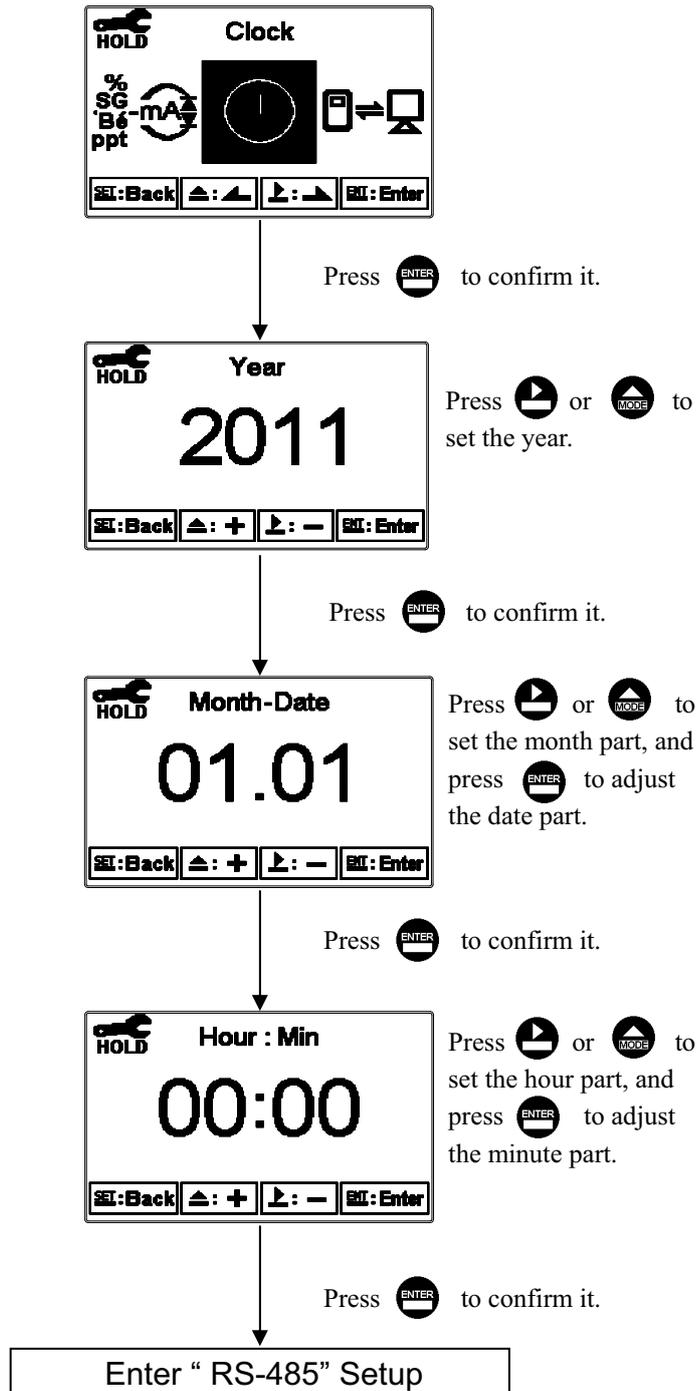
7.11 Analog output(SG)

Enter setup of Analog. Select 0~20mA or 4~20mA current output. Set the related value to the range of SG/°Bé/ppt/% measurement. If the range of the SG/°Bé/ppt/% measurement is to be set smaller, the resolution of current output is higher. When the measured value exceeds the higher range limit, the current will remain approximately 22mA output. When the measured value exceeds the lower range limit, under 0~20mA mode the current output will remain 0mA output; while under 4~20mA mode the current output will remain approximately 2mA output. The exceptional output value can be used as a basis for failure determination. Under HOLD(measurement) status, the current output maintain the last output value before HOLD status. However, in order for convenience of insuring the current setting of a external recorder or of a PLC controller, the current output will be 0/4mA or 20mA under the analog output setup menu.



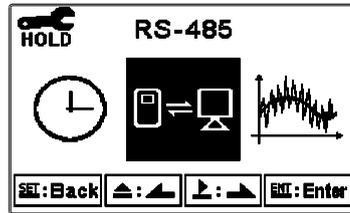
7.12 Date/Time(Clock)

Enter setup of Date/Time(Clock). Set the “Year”, “Month”, “Date”, “Hour”, and “Minute” time. Note: The transmitter may keep the clock in operation even when encountering power failure. Only when the inner battery is out of power, the clock may stop operation. Then, please replace the 3V CR2025 Li batter inside the transmitter.

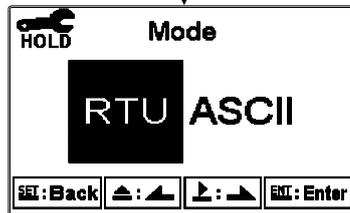


7.13 RS485 communication

Enter setup of RS485 communications. According to the Modbus protocol, set the transmitting mode, parity, baud rate, and ID number. About the detail of Modbus protocol, please refer to Ch9. If under hold status, the measurement signal output maintains the last output value before hold status.

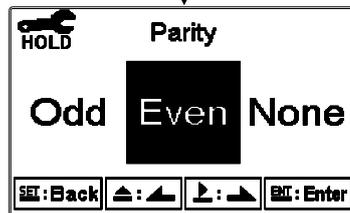


Press to confirm it.



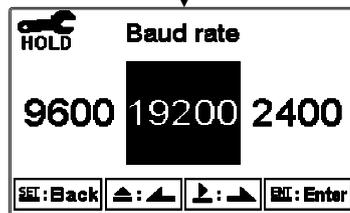
Press or to select RTU or ASCII mode.

Press to confirm it.



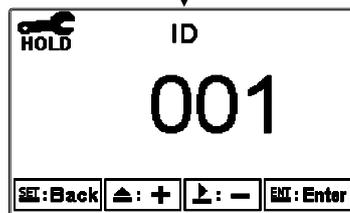
Press or to select Even, or Odd, or None for parity check.

Press to confirm it.



Press or to select 2400, or 4800, or 9600 for baud rate.

Press to confirm it.



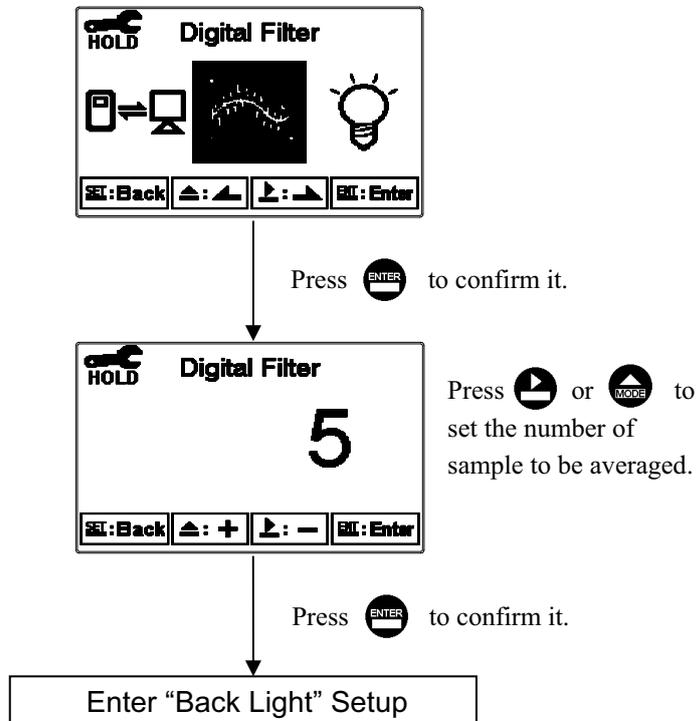
Press or to set the ID number of the transmitter. The valid value is from 1 to 247.

Press to confirm it.

Enter " Sample average of measurements (Digital Filter) " Setup

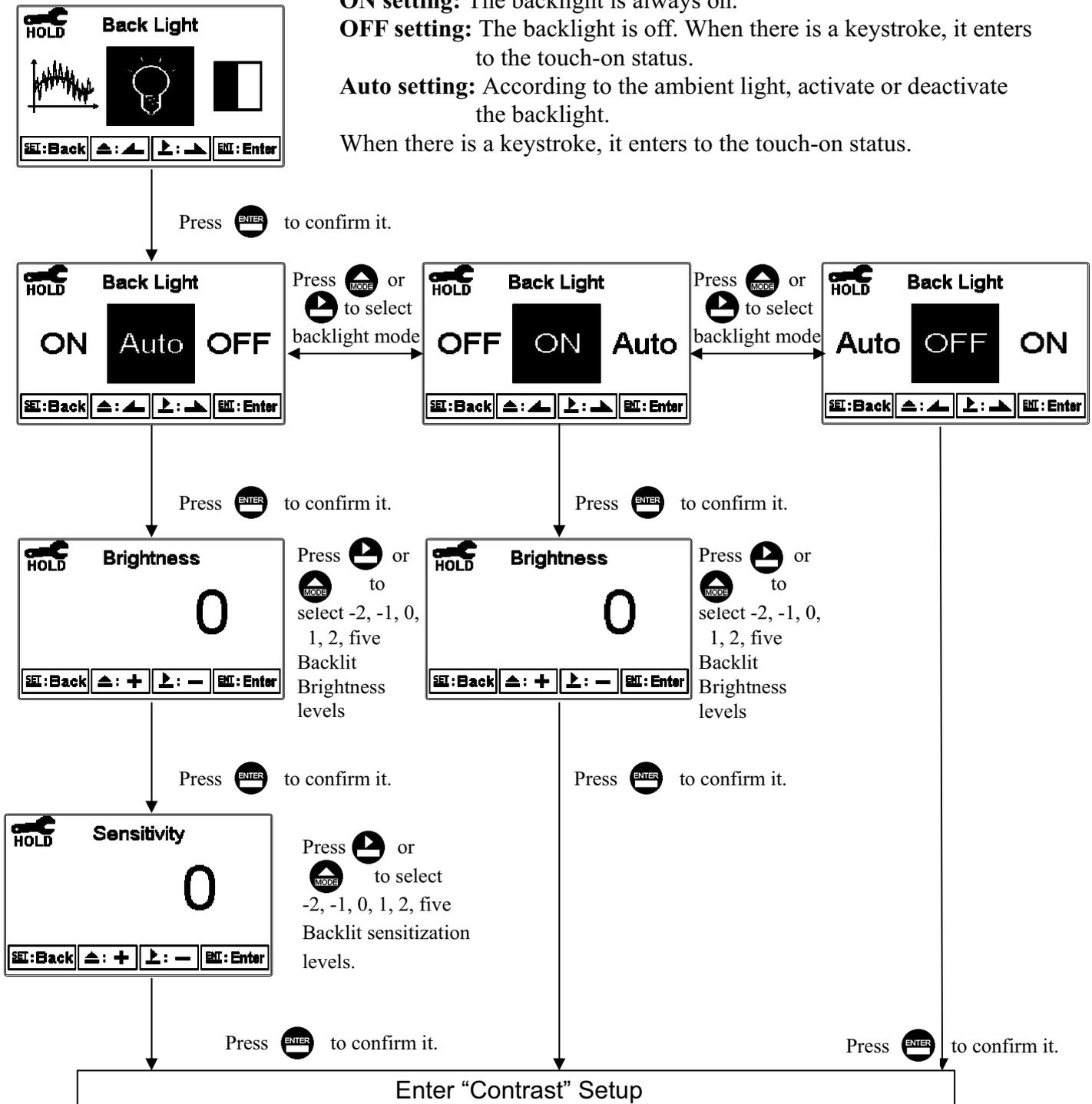
7.14 Sample average of measurements (Digital Filter)

Enter the setup of Digital filter. You may select the number of sample to be averaged each time to become a reading which is gradually counted in order to increase the stability of measurement.



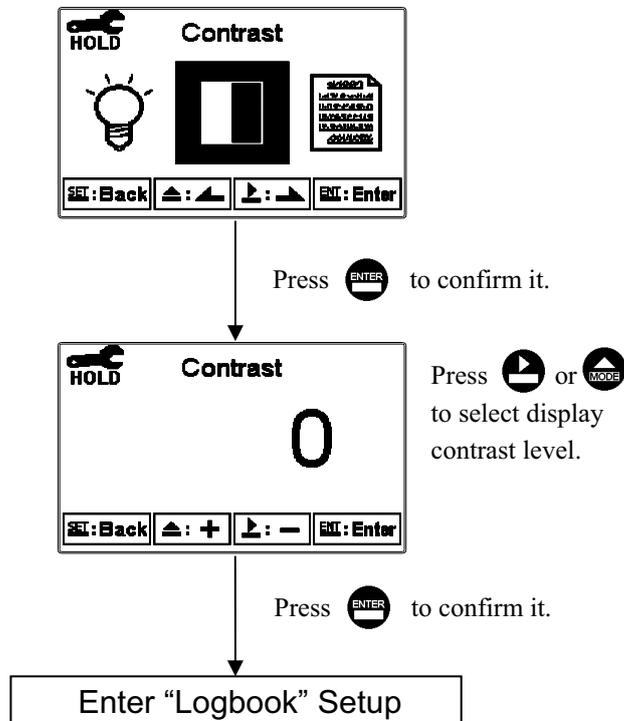
7.15 Backlight settings

Enter setup of backlight display. According to your need, you can set the brightness of display(-2~2, dark~bright) and sensitivity of the sensitization sensor(-2~2, insensitive~sensitive). Where there is a keystroke, then activate the touch-on backlight function. Regardless of what kind of backlight mode, the touch-on function will activate the backlight. If there is no keystroke for 5 seconds, the display will back to the original backlight setting status.



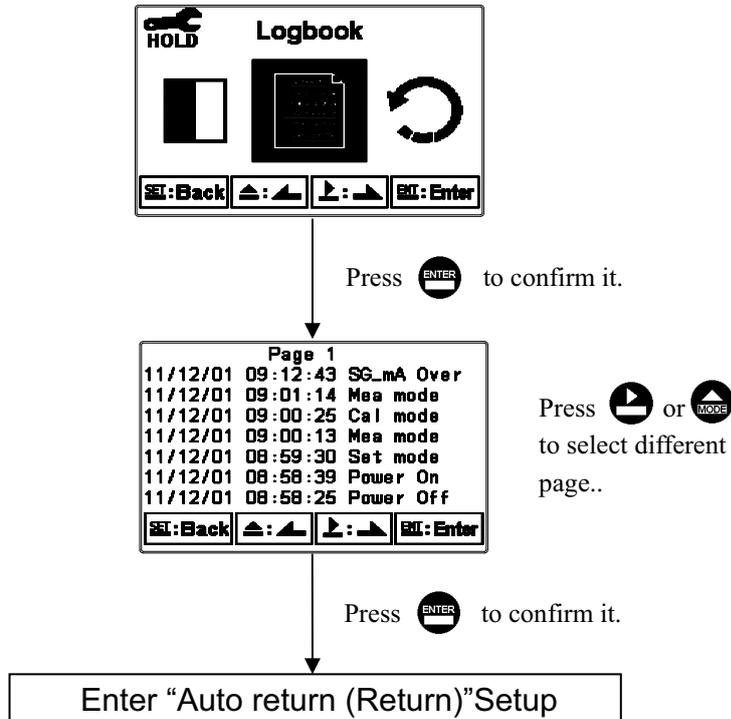
7.16 Contrast settings

Enter setup of display contrast. You can set the contrast of display according to your need. (-2, -1, 0, 1, 2, low to high)



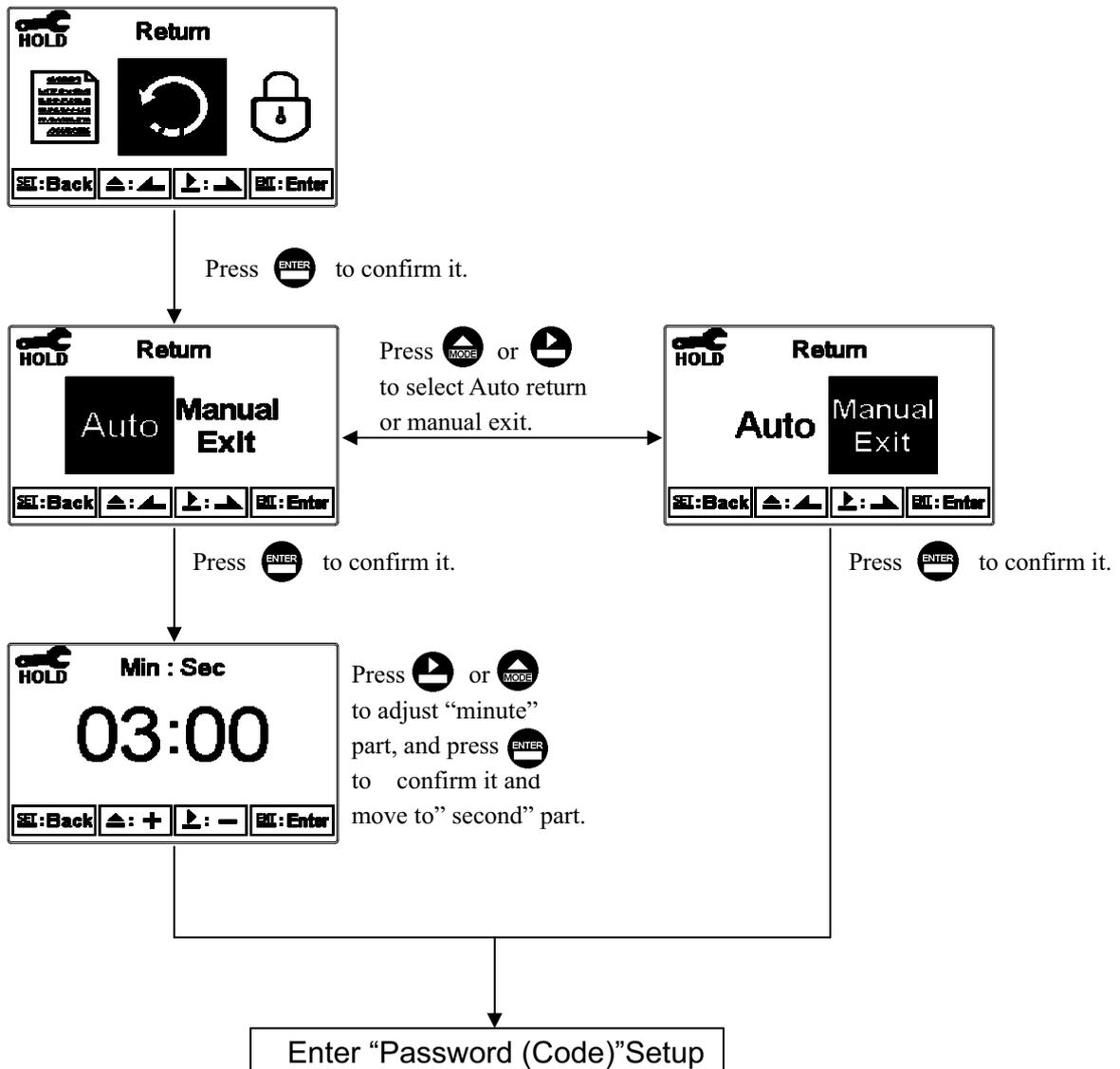
7.17 Logbook

Enter setup of Logbook. Users may look up the relative records of the transmitter. For example, Measurement, Setting, Calibration mode(Mea, Set, Cal mode), current output over setting range(SG_mA Over), power failure(Power On, Power Off), and other error message records (Error1, Error2...etc. The definition of error messages please refer to Ch10.)



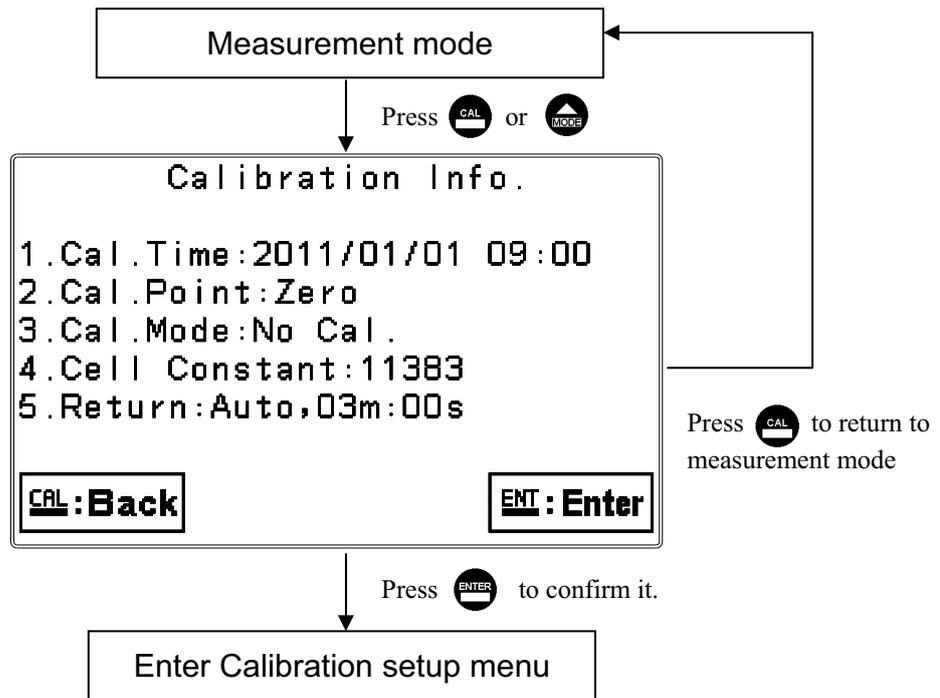
7.18 Return

Enter setup of auto return mode (Return) to set the function that the instrument automatically exit the setup menu after a period of time without pressing any key. The “Manual Exit” means that it needs to exit setup menu manually, while “Auto” means that the display automatically exit the setup menu and back to measurement mode after a period of time without pressing any key.



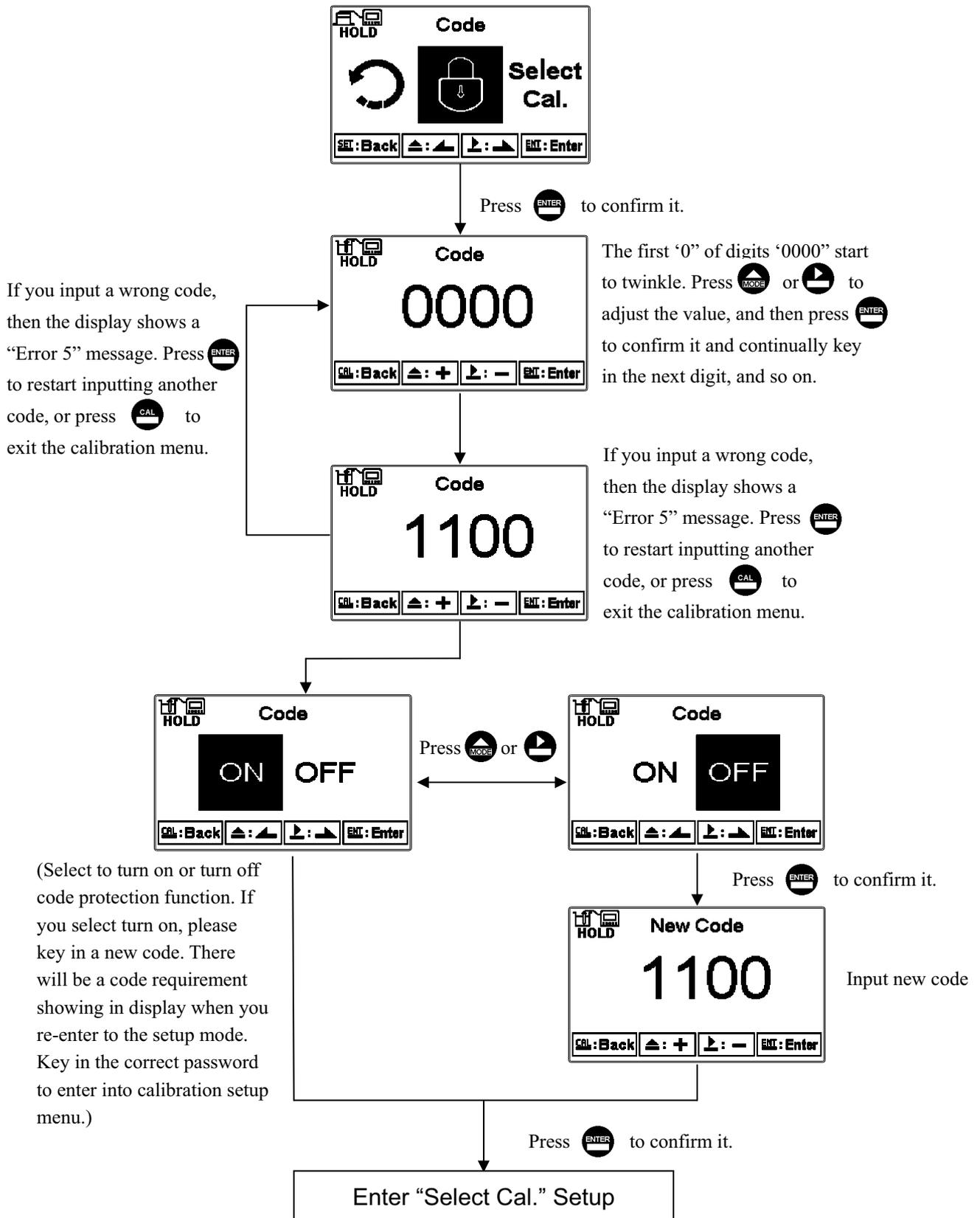
8.1 Enter calibration setup menu

In the measurement mode, pressing the two keys **CAL** and **MODE** simultaneously allows you enter the Calibration Information. If you do not need to re-calibrate the measurement system, press **CAL** to go back to measurement mode. If you need to re-calibrate the system, press **ENTER** to enter to the calibration setup menu.



8.2 Security password of calibration (Code)

Select the Code (password) icon after entering calibration setup mode. Select to activate code function or not. **The default Calibration setting code is “1100”.**



8.3 Specific Gravity Calibration

In order to maintain the accuracy of the instrument, it is necessary to make regular calibration to maintain the long term measurement reliability. The SG-2110-RS provides two types of calibration mode---“Single Point” and “Two Points”. Users may select the single point calibration(span calibration) or two points calibration(Both span and zero-point calibration) by themselves.

Under “two points” calibration mode, it is possible to make zero-point calibration only(hang the plummet in the air) without making the span calibration(apply Archimedes buoyancy principle). There are tree types of span calibration for calibrating the cell constant of the plummet. The plummet cell constant is applied to calibrate the relation of plummet’s volume and weight. User may select suitable type of span calibration according to the situation.

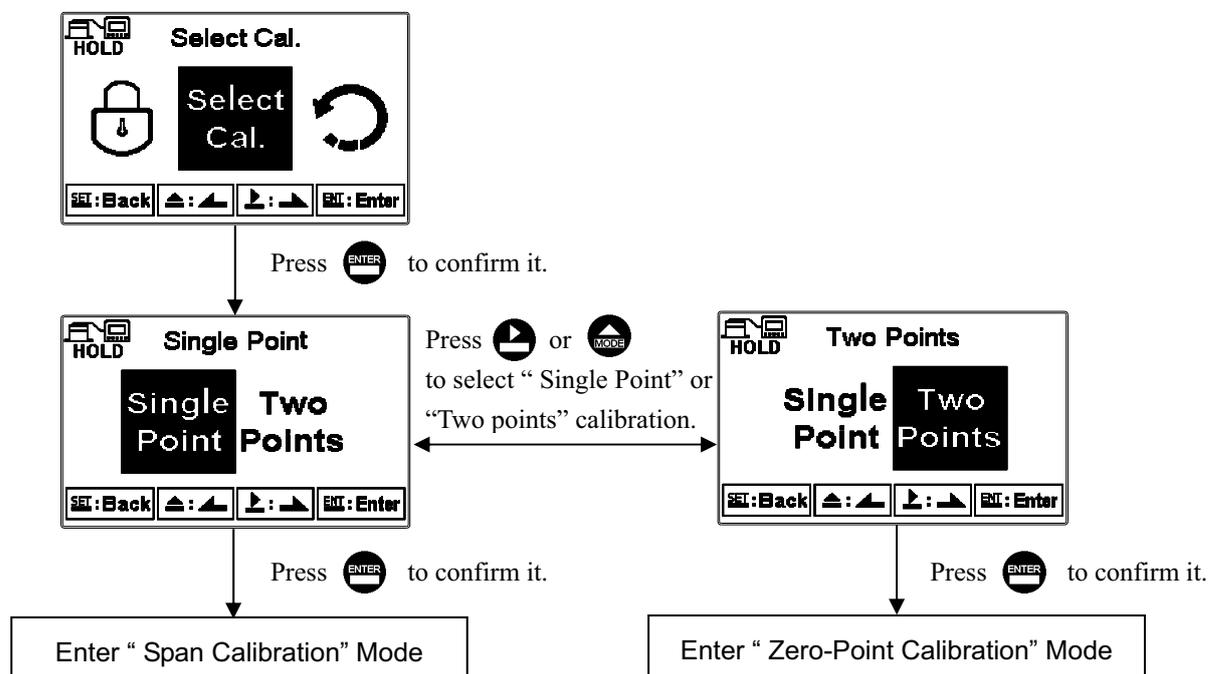
Whenever first time installation, plummet replacement, taking part of sensor, etc, it is necessary to select “Two points” calibration mode for making zero-point and span calibration to maintain the accuracy. The instrument provides calibration method by relation of plummet’s volume and weight. It does not provide a pure weight correction for calibrating plummet’s volume.

Note: The operation and installation of sensor and rack when calibration, please refer to the appendix part.

8.4 Select calibration mode(Select Cal.)

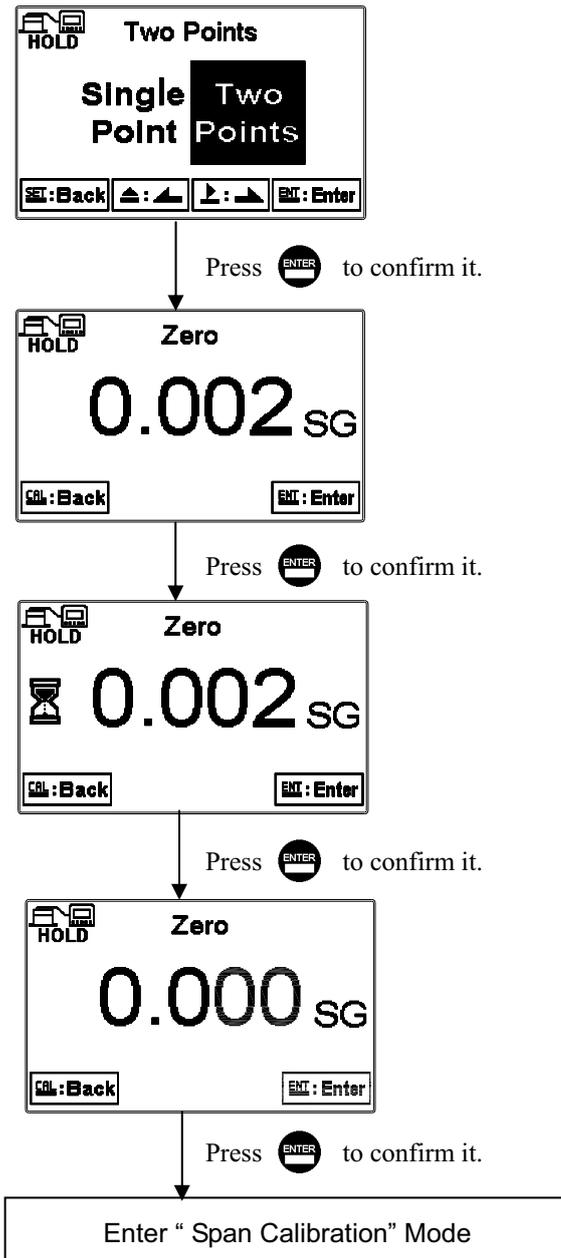
Single point calibration: Directly enter span calibration mode without making zero-point calibration, it is allowed to calibrate the relation of plummet’s volume and weight to get plummet cell constant .

Two point calibration: Enter zero-point calibration. After finishing zero-point calibration, users may press  key to exit for making zero-point calibration. Or then enter span calibration mode for making span calibration.



8.5 Zero-point calibration(Zero)

Enter two point calibration mode and then enter zero-point calibration. At the moment, the plummet needs to be clean and dry and to be placed in the air. Press  key to proceed calibration . When the  symbol shows in the display, the instrument starts the auto calibration. After calibration, the display automatically shows zero-point SG value. Press  key to finish zero-point calibration and enter span calibration procedure.

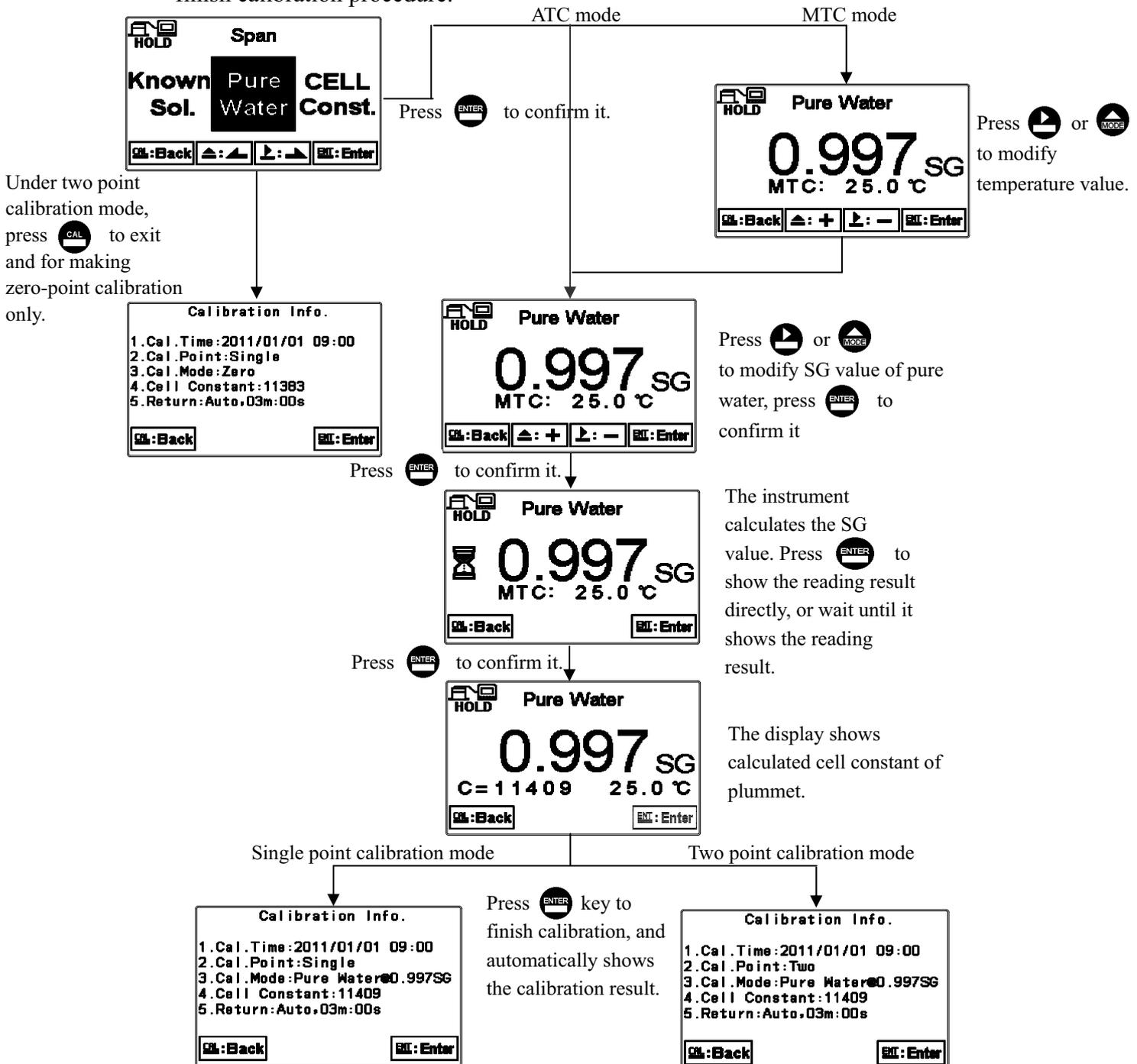


8.6 Span calibration

Enter span calibration mode. There are three method for selection to get the cell constant for calibrating the relation of plummet's volume and weight. If select Two Points calibration, users may press **CAL** key to exit for making zero-point calibration only.

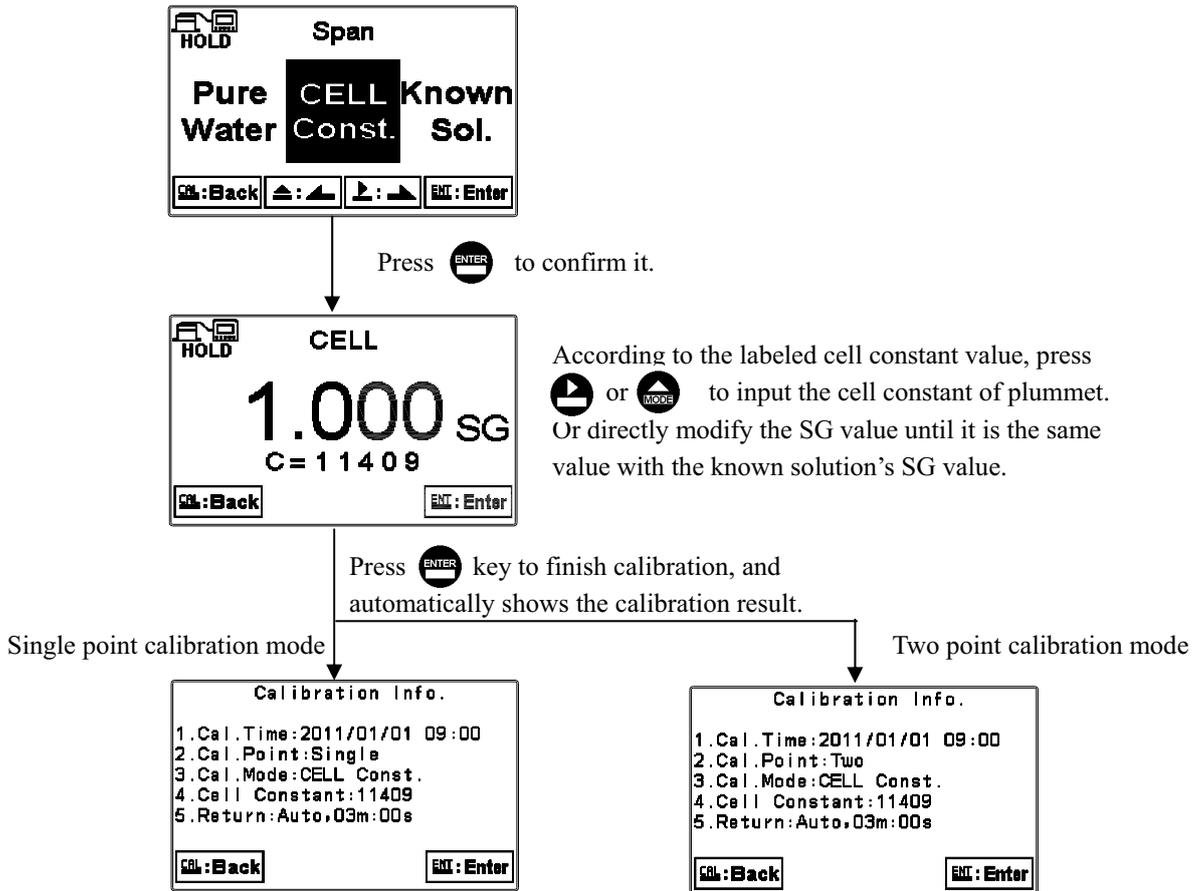
8.6.1 Pure Water calibration

Enter pure water calibration menu display. Under MTC(Manual temperature compensation) mode, press **MODE** or **ENTER** key to input the temperature value of pure water, and then press **ENTER** key to enter next menu display. At the moment, the SG value which related to pure water's temperature value starts to twinkles in the display.(Under ATC mode, it directly shows the pure water's SG value which related to the temperature.) Press **MODE** or **ENTER** to modify pure water's SG reading until it reaches the required value. Then, press **ENTER** key to proceed calibration. When the **⌚** symbol shows in the display, the instrument starts the auto calibration. After calibration, the display automatically shows zero-point SG value. Press **ENTER** key to finish calibration procedure.



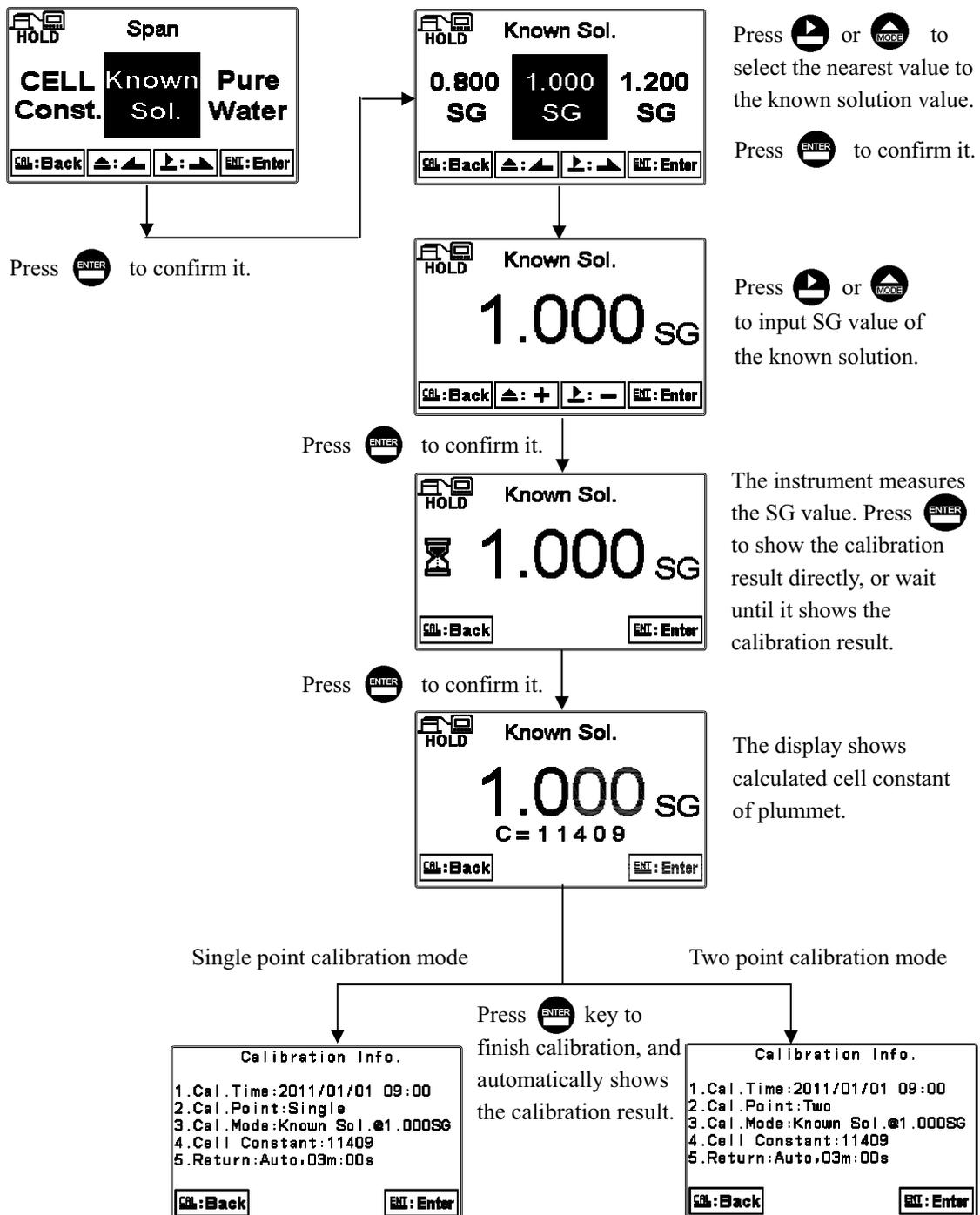
8.6.2 Cell Constant calibration (CELL Const.)

Enter cell constant calibration menu display. At the moment, the cell constant value starts to twinkles in the display. Press  or  to modify the cell constant value of the plummet until the modified measurement value is the same with the SG value of known solution, or directly set the known cell constant value. Press  key to finish calibration procedure.



8.6.3 Known solution calibration (Known Sol.)

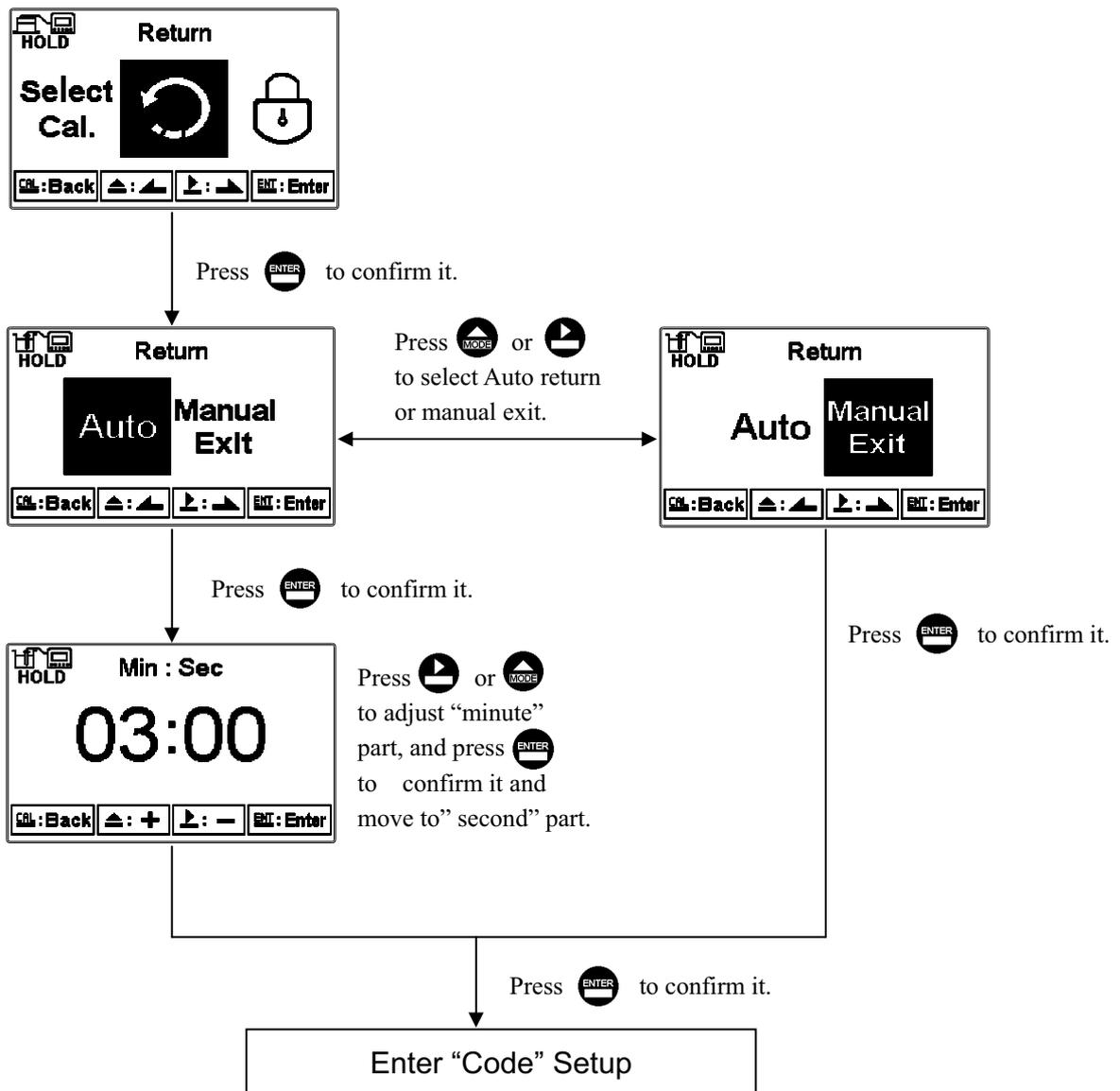
Enter known solution SG calibration menu display. Press or to select the nearest SG value to the known solution's SG value. There are 0.800SG, 1.000SG, 1.200SG and 1.600SG four sets for convenient selection. After select the most appropriate SG value, press to confirm it and enter to the next menu display. At the time, users may modify the SG value to become the known solution's SG value. Press to proceed the calibration. When the symbol shows in the display, the instrument starts the auto calibration. After calibration, the display automatically shows the calibrated cell constant value. Press key to finish calibration procedure.



8.7 Return

Enter setup of auto return mode (Return) to set the function that the instrument automatically exit the setup menu after a period of time without pressing any key. The “Manual Exit” means that it needs to exit calibration setup menu manually, while “Auto” means that the display automatically exit the calibration setup menu and back to measurement mode after a period of time without pressing any key.

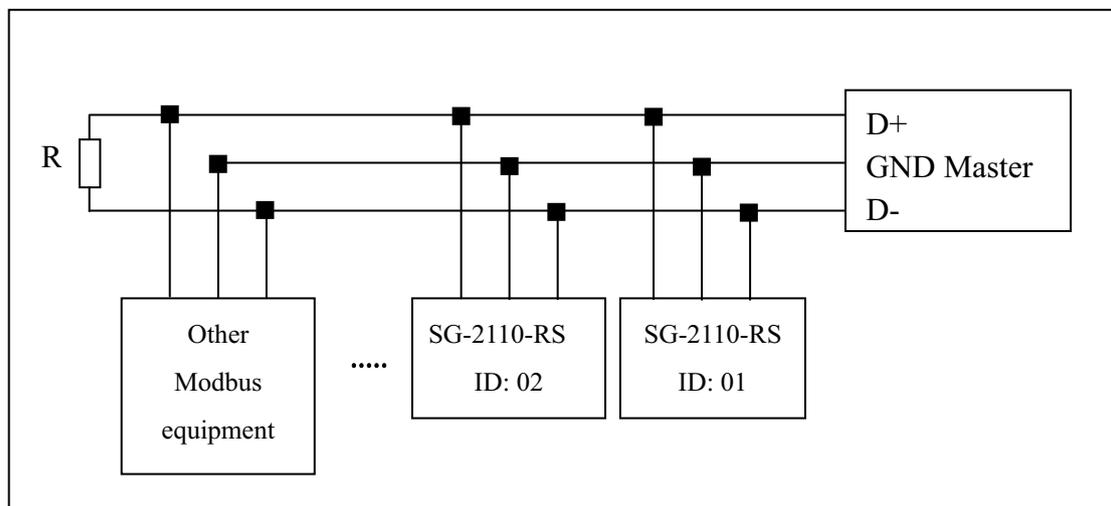
Note: the return function of setup menu and calibration setup menu are independent settings.



9. MODBUS protocol and instructions for SG-2110-RS

9.1 Communication connection

The RS-485 communication port of the transmitter features with electronic isolation protection, lightning protection, and to provide internal independent ground solution. It is allowed to use normal twisted-pair (segregation double-stranded twisted pair cable) cable connections. All devices are in contact with a double-stranded, and then all together, and another line will be connected with all the negative contacts, and the isolated shield wire must be connected to GND. When we talk about communication in the laboratory, the stand-alone master-slave communication is relatively simple. Hence, it is allowed to consider using the normal cable instead. However, there should be strictly in accordance with the requirements of industrial engineering construction. Wiring diagram is as follows:



Note:

1. The RS-485 interface of SG-2110-RS transmitter has a protective earth terminal. When communicate with the RS-485, there should use with solution ground to eliminate risk of safety.
2. It is allowed to use an 120 ohm impedance matching resistors at terminal equipment in the transmission lines (D +, D-) ends across to effectively reduce or eliminate signal reflection.
3. Without repeaters, the RS-485 network can not exceed a maximum of 32 nodes. The maximum communication transmission distance of RS-485 is up to 1200 meters.
4. When communication, all the equipments of the network should be maintained in the same transfer mode, baud rate, parity consistent. And each of the device address can not be the same, so as not to conflict resulted in the normal network communications.
5. The Modbus command of the transmitter can only access 50 registers. If it exceeds the length, then it returns abnormal message.

9.2 MODBUS name and address table

Function Code : 03H, 06, 10H Modbus response (setup parameter)

Logic address	Item	Number of Byte	Information type	Description of data transmission	Default value	Note	
0001H	Equipment's ID	2	USHORT	1-247	1		
0002H	Transmitter model	6	USHORT	ASCII Code	SG2110		
0005H	Communication protocol	2	USHORT	0: RTU	0		
				1: ASCII			
0006H	Serial transmission speed (Baud rate)	2	USHORT	0: 2400	3		
				1: 4800			
				2: 9600			
				3: 19200			
0007H	Parity	2	USHORT	0: None	1		
				1: Even			
				2: Odd			
0008H	Real-time clock*	12	USHORT	Second	2011-01-01, 00:00:00		
0009H			USHORT	Minute			
000AH			USHORT	Hour			
000BH			USHORT	Day			
000CH			USHORT	Month			
000DH			USHORT	Year			
000EH	Code setting*	2	USHORT	Code setting	1111		
000FH	Temperature mode*	2	USHORT	0: MTC	0		
				1: PTC			
				2: NTC			
0010H ~0014H	Factory reserved						
0015H	Relay 1 *	2	USHORT	0: OFF	1		
				1: AUTO			
0016H		0 : Hi	2	USHORT	1 : Lo	0	
0017H			4	FLOAT	SP1	1.300SG	Data affected by sign byte
0019H			4	FLOAT	Hys1	0.010SG	
001BH	Relay 2 *	2	USHORT	0: OFF	1		
				1: AUTO			

001CH		2	USHORT	0 : Hi 1 : Lo	1	
001DH		4	FLOAT	SP2	1.100SG	Data affected by sign byte
001FH		4	FLOAT	Hys2	0.010SG	

0021H		2	USHORT	0: AUTO 1: ON 2: OFF	2	
0022H	Backlight Brightness *	2	SHORT	2: Highest bright 1: high bright 0: Standard -1: Low bright -2: Lowest bright	0	
0023H	Backlight Sensitivity*	2	SHORT	2: Highest Sensitivity 1: High Sensitivity 0: Standard -1: Low Sensitivity -2: Lowest Sensitivity	0	
0024H	Sample average of measurements (Digital Filter) *	2	USHORT	1-60	5	
0025H-0030H	Factory reserved					

Note 1 : The actions without * sign only support for function code 03H. The actions with * sign support function code 03H, 06H, 10H. USHORT data range from 0 to 65535, SHORT data range from -32768 to 32767.

Note 2 :FLOAT is a 32-bit IEEE 754 format. The above table, for an example, is divided into two 16-bit register data transmission. The back 16-bit register(CC CD) will be transferred first, and then the first 16-bit register (41 C8) will be transferred later. Every 16-bit format is high-bit in the front and low-bit in the post. For example, the temperature now is 25.1°C. The 16-bit of FLOAT data(Hexadecimal) will show 41 C8 CC CD. The transmission order is CC CD 41 C8. For detail description, please refer to ch 9.3 Modbus example description.

Function code: 03H Modbus response (measurement parameter)

Logic address	Item	Number of Byte	Information type	Description of data transmission	Default value	Note
0031H	Number of measurement channels	2	USHORT	SG-2110-RS only has one channel	1	
0032H	Sign byte	6	CHAR	%		ASCII code
				°C		
				SG		
				Bé		
0035H	SG/°Bé/ppt/% measurement	4	FLOAT	SG/°Bé/ppt/% measurement		Data affected by sign byte
0037H	Temperature measurement	4	FLOAT	Temperature measurement		
0039H-0050H	Factory reserved					

Important: Usage address please refer to 03H Modbus response (measurement parameter)

Function code: 01H Modbus response (dispersion parameter)

Logic address	Item	BIT	Description	Default value	Note
0070H	LO Alarm	1	Contact on	0 (Contact off)	
0071H	Hi Alarm	1	Contact on	0 (Contact off)	
0072H	mA too high	1	Contact on	0 (Contact off)	
0073H	mA too low	1	Contact on	0 (Contact off)	
0074H	Exceed temp. range	1	Contact on	0 (Contact off)	
0075H	Exceed SG/°Bé/ppt/% range	1	Contact on	0 (Contact off)	
0076H	RLY1 Action *	1	Contact on	0 (Contact off)	
0077H	RLY2 Action*	1	Contact on	0 (Contact off)	
0078H	Factory reserved				
0079H	Measurement status	1	Contact on	1 (Contact on)	0: Hold 1: Measurement
0080H-0090H	Factory reserved				

9.3 Modbus example description(ex: function code 03H)

The following description takes the temperature reading(0037H) as an example. Set the temperature at the transmitter at MTC 25.1°C, and confirm that host and sub-machine communication format settings are correct. The host according to the following left table to send commands, and then to get the response from sub-machine according to following right table. This example shows the message transmission function code 03H data format. If under other function code, the logic mode is the same.

ASCII Mode:

Request		Response	
Message Framing	Hex	Message Framing	Hex
ID, Address	01	ID, Address	01
Function code	03	Function code	03
Starting Address Hi	00	Byte Count	04
Starting Address Lo	37	Register value Hi	CC
No. of Registers Hi	00	Register value Lo	CD
No. of Registers Lo	02	Register value Hi	41
LRC	C3	Register value Lo	C8
		LRC	56

RTU Mode:

Request		Response	
Message Framing	Hex	Message Framing	Hex
ID, Address	01	ID, Address	01
Function code	03	Function code	03
Starting Address Hi	00	Byte Count	04
Starting Address Lo	37	Register value Hi	CC
No. of Registers Hi	00	Register value Lo	CD
No. of Registers Lo	02	Register value Hi	41
CRC Check Lo	75	Register value Lo	C8
CRC Check Hi	C5	CRC Check Lo	65
		CRC Check Hi	5A

Note: FLOAT is a 32-bit IEEE 754 format. The above table, for an example, is divided into two 16-bit register data transmission. The back 16-bit register(CC CD) will be transferred first, and then the first 16-bit register (41 C8) will be transferred later. Every 16-bit format is high-bit in the front and low-bit in the post. For example, the temperature now is 25.1°C. The 16-bit of FLOAT data(Hexadecimal) will show 41 C8 CC CD. The transmission order is CC CD 41 C8.

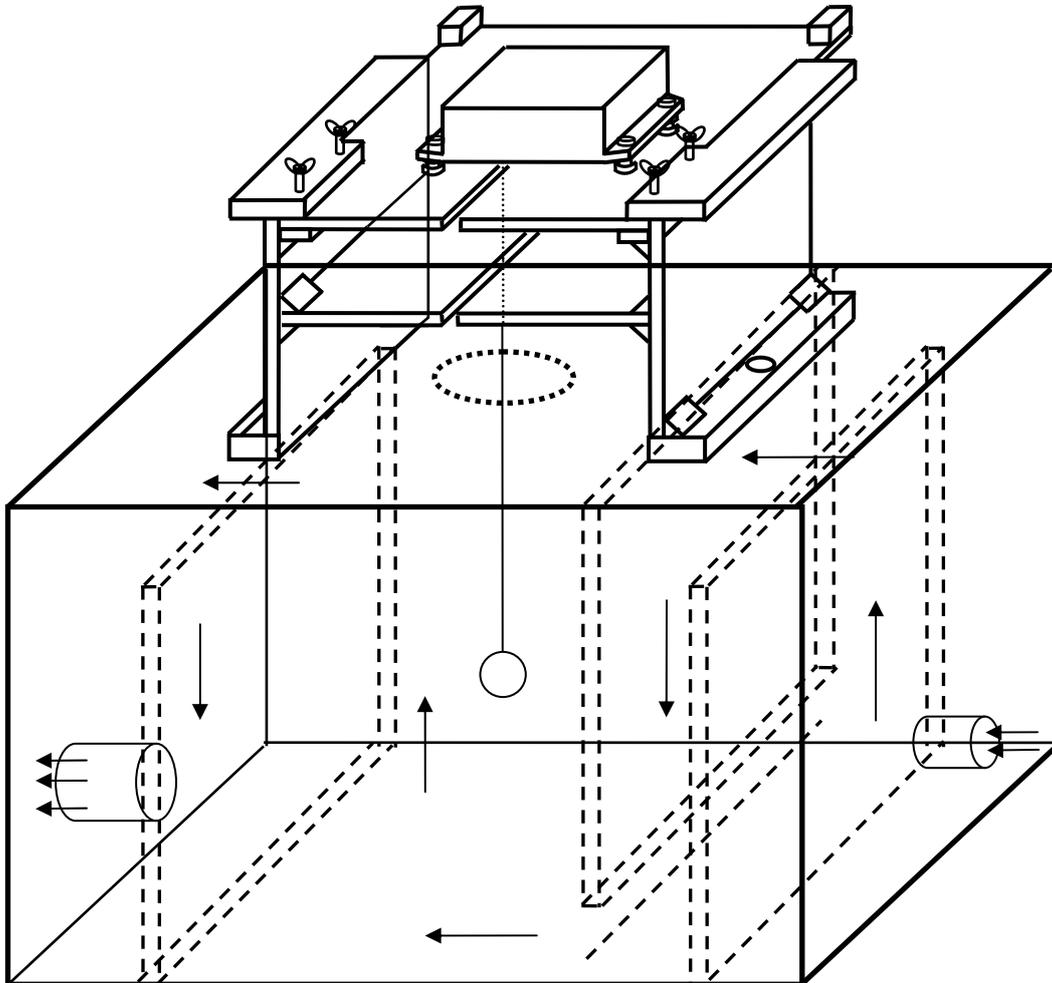
10. Error messages (Error code)

Messages	Reason	Dispositions
Error2	The cell constant of plummet is over range	1.Please check whether the tie line is loosened or slipped 2.Please check whether the placement of plummet is correct or not
Error3	The reading is unstable while calibration	1.Please check whether the tie line is loosened or slipped 2.Please check whether the placement of plummet is correct or not
Error5	Wrong password	Input the correct password
Error9	Serious error that does not permit any further measuring	Please call service engineer.

Appendix

Installation suggestion of load cell sensor

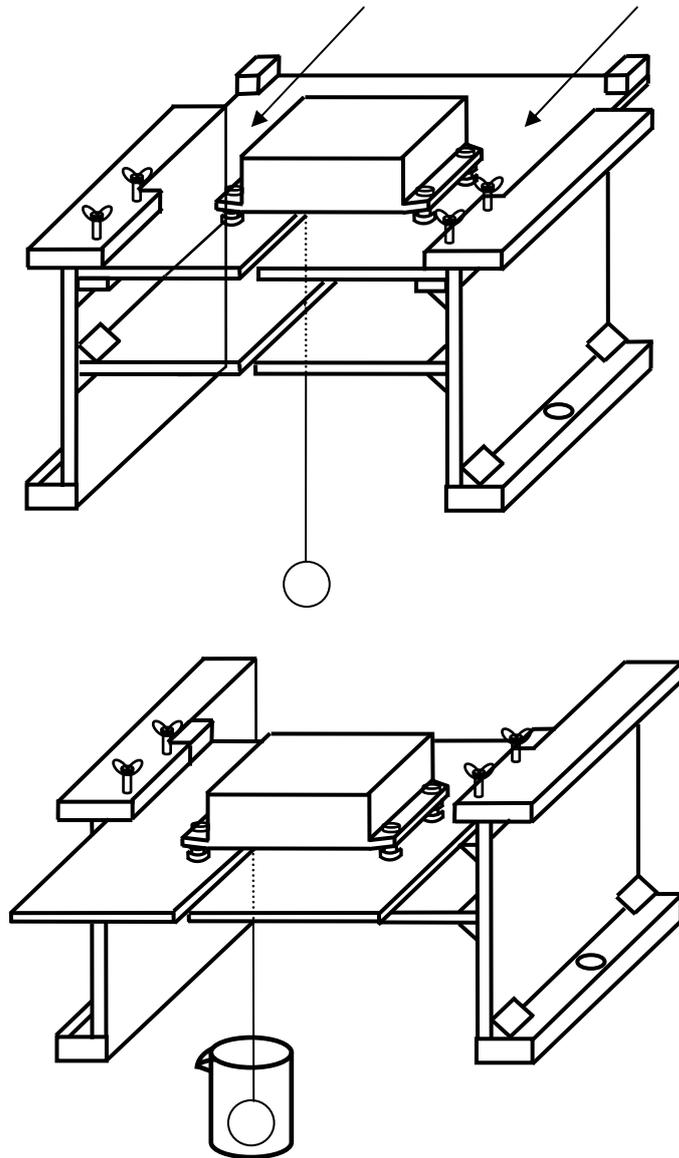
Note: The load cell sensor rack showed as illustration is an optional accessory. The rack can be overlapped for increasing the height. The flow-through chamber is an example to illustrate how to avoid the impact of water flow.



Note:

1. The sensor needs to be placed on the shock absorber o-ring set to reduce the impact of the external shock.
2. Each of the four corners of the load cell box has a screw to fix the sensor & shock absorber to the load cell platform which is capable to sliding forth and back on the sensor rack. It is also necessary to pay attention to maintain the horizontal level of the sensor.
3. When the upper platform needs to be pull out for processing the measurement or calibration, rotate to loosen the four screws on each of the platform corners by hand. After push it to the position you need, rotate to tighten up the screws and fix the upper platform.
4. The round hole at the middle part of lower right side of the rack is for temperature probe installation.

Sensor and rack operation method during calibration:



Method 1:

It may need to move upper board to proceed calibration where outside the measurement tank.

1. Remove the tie line with plummet along the rack slot from the measurement tank, and wipe the plummet clean.
2. Rotate to loosen the four screws around the corners by hand, and then you may push forward the upper board. After push it to the certain position, and rotate to tighten the screws by hand. At the time, you may proceed zero-point calibration in air.
3. Pour pure water or a known specific gravity solution into a cylinder, and then let plummet completely sink into the solution, and proceed the Span calibration.
4. After calibration, take out the plummet from the cylinder, wipe the plummet clean, and rotate to loosen the screws by hand.
5. Push back the upper board, put the plummet into measurement tank, and then rotate to tighten the screws to prevent sensor from moving.

Method 2:

Calibrating inside the measurement tank, no need to move the upper board

1. Drain all the solution inside the measurement tank.
2. Wipe the plummet clean, put the plummet hang on the air inside the tank, and make a zero point calibration.
3. Pour the solution back to the measurement tank until it is full within the auto-return function duration, use another specific gravity meter's measurement value as Span calibration for known solution.

Suggestion of sensor and plummet's tie line terminal tying method:



1. Fold the tie line inward



2. Wind around the fold tie line once.

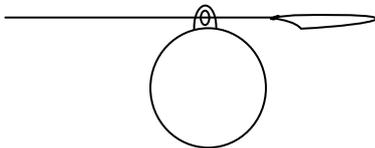


3. Let the terminal of fold tie line go through back to the coil.

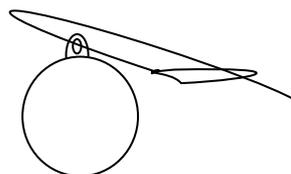


4. Tighten the knot and cut off redundant part.

Suggestion of plummet and tie line wiring method:



1. Let the terminal of tie line which is knotted after previous procedure go through the upper side hole of the plummet.

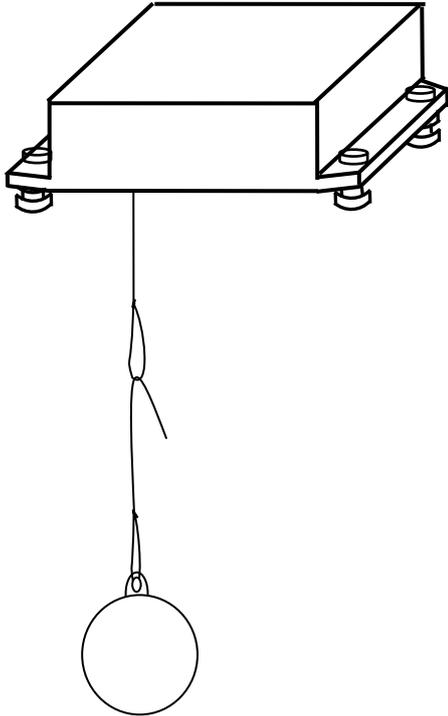


2. Let the other tie line terminal go through the knot.



3. Just tighten it up.

Suggestion of sensor and plummet tie line method:



1. Let the tie line terminal of plummet go through the coil of sensor tie line.
2. Knot the tie line terminal and sensor tie line coil. Cut off the redundant part.

Sulfuric acid concentration/specific gravity table:

The following table shows the concentration/specific gravity table of sulfuric acid at 20°C.

Concentration (%)	Specific Gravity(SG)	Concentration (%)	Specific Gravity(SG)	Concentration (%)	Specific Gravity(SG)
0.3	1.000	43.1	1.330	74.2	1.660
1.7	1.010	44.2	1.340	75.1	1.670
3.2	1.020	45.3	1.350	75.9	1.680
4.7	1.030	46.3	1.360	76.8	1.690
6.2	1.040	47.4	1.370	77.6	1.700
7.7	1.050	48.4	1.380	78.5	1.710
9.1	1.060	49.5	1.390	79.4	1.720
10.6	1.070	50.5	1.400	80.2	1.730
12.0	1.080	51.5	1.410	81.2	1.740
13.4	1.090	52.5	1.420	82.1	1.750
14.7	1.100	53.5	1.430	83.1	1.760
16.1	1.110	54.5	1.440	84.1	1.770
17.4	1.120	55.4	1.450	85.2	1.780
18.8	1.130	56.4	1.460	86.3	1.790
20.1	1.140	57.4	1.470	87.7	1.800
21.4	1.150	58.3	1.480	89.2	1.810
22.7	1.160	59.2	1.490	91.1	1.820
23.9	1.170	60.2	1.500	93.6	1.830
25.2	1.180	61.1	1.510	97.0	1.836
26.5	1.190	62.0	1.520		
27.7	1.200	62.9	1.530		
28.9	1.210	63.8	1.540		
30.2	1.220	64.7	1.550		
31.4	1.230	65.6	1.560		
32.6	1.240	66.5	1.570		
33.8	1.250	67.3	1.580		
35.0	1.260	68.2	1.590		
36.2	1.270	69.1	1.600		
37.4	1.280	70.0	1.610		
38.5	1.290	70.8	1.620		
39.7	1.300	71.7	1.630		
40.8	1.310	72.5	1.640		
41.9	1.320	73.4	1.650		



SUNTEX INSTRUMENTS CO., LTD.

13F, No. 31, Lane 169, Kangning St.,
Xizhi Dist., New Taipei City, Taiwan (R.O.C.)
Tel: 886-2-2695-9688
Fax: 886-2-2695-9693
e-mail: suntex@ms1.hinet.net

www.suntex.com.tw/en