

1.10004.0001

# MQuant™ Iron Test

Fe

## 1. Method

Iron(II) ions react with 2,2'-bipyridine to form a red complex. The iron(II) concentration is measured **semiquantitatively** by visual comparison of the reaction zone of the test strip with the fields of a color scale.

## 2. Measuring range and number of determinations

| Measuring range / color-scale graduation                    | Number of determinations |
|---|--------------------------|
| 3 - 10 - 25 - 50 - 100 - 250 - 500<br>mg/l Fe <sup>2+</sup> | 100                      |

## 3. Applications

This test measures only iron(II) ions. Samples must be reduced by ascorbic acid before iron(III) ions and total iron (sum of iron(II) and iron(III)) can be measured (see section 7).

### Sample material:

Groundwater and surface water  
Drinking water  
Industrial water  
Wastewater and percolating water  
Pickling baths (after dilution)  
Etching baths (gravure printing)  
Food and preserves (e.g. wine, fruit and vegetable juices, liquids for canned preserves, milk, syrup)

## 4. Influence of foreign substances

This was checked in solutions with 25 and 0 mg/l Fe<sup>2+</sup>. The determination is not yet interfered with up to the concentrations of foreign substances given in the table.

| Concentrations of foreign substances in mg/l |      |                                      |      |                               |      |
|--|------|--------------------------------------|------|-------------------------------|------|
| Ag <sup>+</sup>                              | 1000 | [Fe(CN) <sub>6</sub> ] <sup>4-</sup> | 5    | NO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>  | 1000 |
| Al <sup>3+</sup>                             | 1000 | [Fe(CN) <sub>6</sub> ] <sup>3-</sup> | 5    | NO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>  | 1000 |
| Ba <sup>2+</sup>                             | 1000 | Hg <sup>+</sup>                      | 1000 | Pb <sup>2+</sup>              | 1000 |
| Ca <sup>2+</sup>                             | 1000 | Hg <sup>2+</sup>                     | 1000 | PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-</sup> | 1000 |
| Cd <sup>2+</sup>                             | 1000 | K <sup>+</sup>                       | 1000 | Sn <sup>2+</sup>              | 1000 |
| Cl <sup>-</sup>                              | 1000 | Mg <sup>2+</sup>                     | 1000 | SO <sub>3</sub> <sup>2-</sup> | 1000 |
| CN <sup>-</sup>                              | 1000 | MnO <sub>4</sub> <sup>-</sup>        | 1000 | SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup> | 1000 |
| Co <sup>2+</sup>                             | 250  | Na <sup>+</sup>                      | 1000 | VO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>  | 250  |
| CrO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup>               | 1000 | NH <sub>4</sub> <sup>+</sup>         | 1000 | Zn <sup>2+</sup>              | 1000 |
| Cu <sup>2+</sup>                             | 500  | Ni <sup>2+</sup>                     | 1000 |                               |      |

## 5. Reagents and auxiliaries

The test strips are stable up to the date stated on the pack when stored closed at +15 to +25 °C.

### Package contents:

Tube containing 100 test strips

### Other reagents:

MColorpHast™ Universal indicator strips pH 0 - 14, Cat. No. 109535  
Hydrochloric acid 1 mol/l TitriPUR®, Cat. No. 109057  
Ascorbic acid  
Ammonium iron(II) sulfate hexahydrate GR for analysis, Cat. No. 103792

## 6. Preparation

- Samples containing more than 500 mg/l Fe<sup>2+</sup> must be diluted with distilled water.
- **The pH must be within the range 1 - 7.**  
Adjust, if necessary, with hydrochloric acid.

## 7. Procedure

Immerse the reaction zone of the test strip in the pre-treated sample (**15 - 25 °C**) **for 1 sec.**

Shake off excess liquid from the strip and **after 10 sec** determine with which color field on the label the color of the reaction zone coincides most exactly.

Read off the corresponding result in mg/l Fe<sup>2+</sup>.

### Determination of total iron:

To 10 ml of sample add 1 spatula-tip of ascorbic acid and shake. After 10 - 15 seconds perform the determination as described in section 7.

### Calculation of the iron(III) content:

$$\text{mg/l Fe}^{3+} = \text{mg/l total iron} - \text{mg/l Fe}^{2+}$$

### Notes on the measurement:

- The color of the reaction zone may continue to change after the specified reaction time has elapsed. This must not be considered in the measurement.
  - If the color of the reaction zone is equal to or more intense than the darkest color on the scale, repeat the measurement using **fresh**, diluted samples until a value of less than 500 mg/l Fe<sup>2+</sup> is obtained.
- Concerning the result of the analysis, the dilution (see also section 6) must be taken into account:

$$\text{Result of analysis} = \text{measurement value} \times \text{dilution factor}$$

## 8. Method control

To check test strips and handling:  
Dissolve 0.7 g of ammonium iron(II) sulfate hexahydrate in distilled water, make up to 100 ml with distilled water, and mix. Fe<sup>2+</sup> content: 1000 mg/l. Dilute this standard solution with distilled water to 100 mg/l Fe<sup>2+</sup> and analyze as described in section 7. Additional notes see under **www.qa-test-kits.com**.

## 9. Note

**Reclose the tube containing the test strips immediately after use.**

