

Operating Instructions Liquisys M CLM223/253

Transmitter for Conductivity





BA193C/07/en/08.04 51500270 valid as of: Liquisys Software-version 2.30

Brief operating instructions

This explains how to use these Operating Instructions to commission your transmitter quickly and safely:

	Safety instructions		
Page 5 ff. Page 6 ff.	General safety instructions Explanation of the warning symbols You can find special instructions at the appropriate position in the chapter in question. The positions are indicated with the icons Warning A, Caution d and Note ®		
	▼		
	Installation		
Page 11 ff. Page 13 ff.	Here you can find information on installation conditions and the dimensions of the transmitter. You can find information on how to install the transmitter on these pages.		
	▼		
	Wiring		
Page 18 ff.	Here you can find out how to connect sensors to the transmitter.		
	\checkmark		
	Operation		
Page 23 ff. Page 28 ff. Page 35 ff. Page 68 ff.	The display and operating elements are described here. The operating concept is explained here. The system configuration is explained here. You can find information on how to calibrate the sensor on these pages.		
	▼		
	Maintenance		
Page 71 ff. Page 76 ff. Page 80 ff. Page 88 ff.	Here you can find information on the maintenance of the entire measuring point. The accessories which can be delivered for the transmitter are listed on the pages indicated. Here you can find information on trouble-shooting. Here you can find an overview of the spare parts which can be delivered as well as an overview of the system.		
	▼		
	Technical data		
Page 11 ff. Page 95 ff.	Dimensions Ambient and process conditions, weight, materials etc.		
	Appendix		
Page 100 ff.	Here you can find the operating matrix		

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1 Safety instructions

1.1 Designated use

Liquisys M is a transmitter for determining the conductivity and the resistivity of a liquid medium.

The transmitter is particularly suited for use in the following areas:

- Ultrapure water
- Water treatment
- Cooling water desalinisation
- Condensate treatment
- Municipal sewage treatment plants
- Chemical industry
- Food industry
- Pharmaceutical industry

Any other use than the one described here compromises the safety of persons and the entire measuring system and is, therefore, not permitted.

The manufacturer is not liable for damage caused by improper or non-designated use.

1.2 Installation, commissioning and operation

Please note the following items:

• Installation, electrical connection, commissioning, operation and maintenance of the measuring system must only be carried out by trained technical personnel.

The technical personnel must be authorised for the specified activities by the system operator.

- Technical personnel must have read and understood these Operating Instructions and must adhere to them.
- Before commissioning the entire measuring point, check all the connections for correctness. Ensure that electrical cables and hose connections are not damaged.
- Do not operate damaged products and secure them against unintentional commissioning. Mark the damaged product as being defective.
- Measuring point faults may only be rectified by authorised and specially trained personnel.
- If faults can not be rectified, the products must be taken out of service and secured against unintentional commissioning.
- Repairs not described in these Operating Instructions may only be carried out at the manufacturer's or by the service organisation.

1.3 Operational safety

The transmitter has been designed and tested according to the state of the art and left the factory in perfect functioning order.

Relevant regulations and European standards have been met.

As the user, you are responsible for complying with the following safety conditions:

- Installation instructions
- Local prevailing standards and regulations.

Ex systems have an additional Ex documentation which is part of these Operating Instructions (see also chapter "Scope of delivery").

EMC

This instrument has been tested for electromagnetic compatibility in industrial use according to applicable European standards.

Protection against interference as specified above is valid only for an instrument connected according to the instructions in these Operating Instructions.

1.4 Return

If the device requires repair, please send it *cleaned* to the sales centre responsible. Please use the original packaging, if possible.

Please enclose the completed "Declaration of contamination" (copy the second last page of these Operating Instructions) with the packaging and the transportation documents. No repair without completed "Declaration of contamination"!

1.5 Notes on safety icons and symbols

Safety icons

Warning!

This symbol alerts you to hazards. They can cause serious damage to the instrument or to persons if ignored.

Caution!

This symbol alerts you to possible faults which could arise from incorrect operation. They could cause damage to the instrument if ignored.

Note This symbol indicates important items of information.

Electrical symbols

Direct Current (DC)

A terminal at which DC is applied or through which DC flows.

Alternating Current (AC)

A terminal at which (sine-form) AC is applied or through which AC flows.

Ground connecting

A terminal, which, from the user's point of view, is already grounded using a grounding system.

Protective earth terminal

A terminal which must be grounded before other connections may be set up.

Equipotential connection

A connection which must be connected to the grounding system of the equipment. This can be, i.e., a potential matching line of a star-shaped grounding system, depending on national or company practice.

Protective insulation The equipment is protected by double insulation.



Alarm relay

-	Input
-	Output
	Constant voltage source
Ъ	Temperature sensor

2 Identification

2.1 **Device designation**

2.1.1 Nameplate

Compare the order code on the nameplate (on the transmitter) with the product structure (s.b.) and your order.

The device version can be identified from the order code.

Note!

The enabling codes for retrofitting the software for Chemoclean (to the left of the forward slash) or the Plus Package (to the right of the forward slash) are listed under "Codes".



Abb. 1: CLM253 nameplate (example)

Abb. 2: CLM223 nameplate (example)

2.1.2 Product structure

Ve	Version				
CI	D Co	onductivity/r	esistivity	r measurement (conductive two-electrode sensor)	
CS	S Co	onductivity/r	esistivity	measurement (conductive two-electrode sensor) with additional functions (Plus package)	
ID) Co	onductivity m	neasuren	nent (inductive sensor)	
IS	Co	Conductivity measurement (inductive sensor) with additional functions (Plus package)			
	P	ower supp	ly; app	roval	
	0	230 V	AC		
	1	115 V	AC		
	2	230 V	AC; CSA	A Gen. Purp.	
	3	115 V	AC; CSA	A Gen. Purp.	
	4	230 V	AC; ATI	EX II 3G [EEx nAL] IIC	
	5	100 V	AC		
	6	24 V A	.C/DC;	ATEX II 3G [EEx nAL] IIC for COM223, EEx nA[L] IIC T4 for COM253	
	7	24 V A	C/DC;	CSA Gen. Purp.	
	8	8 24 V AC/DC			
		Output			
		0	1 x 20	mA, conductivity/resistivity	
		1	2 x 20	mA, conductivity/resistivity and temperature/main measured value/actuating variable	
		3	PROFI	BUS PA	
		4	PROFI	BUS DP	
		5	1 x 20	mA, conductivity/resistivity HART®	
		6	2 x 20	mA, conductivity/resistivity $\text{HART}^{\circledast}$ and temp./main measured value/actuating variable	
			Addit	ional contacts; analogue input	
			05	Not selected	
			10	2 x relay (limit/controller/timer)	
			15	4 x relay (limit/controller/Chemoclean)	
			16	4 x relay (limit/controller/timer)	
			20	2 x relay (limit/controller/timer); current input	
			25	4 x relay with cleaning (limit/controller/timer/Chemoclean); current input	
			26	4 x relay with timer (limit/controller/timer); current input	
CLM253-					
				complete order code	
CLM223-					

2.1.3 Additional functions of the Plus Package

- Current output table to cover large areas with varying resolution, fields O33x
- Process Check System (PCS): live check of the sensor, function group P
- Ultrapure water monitoring acc. to USP with pre-alarm (conductive, additional contacts necessary), fields R26x
- Polarisation detection (conductive), function group P
- Concentration measurement, function group K
- Temperature compensation via coefficient table, function group T
- Adaptive calibration with installation factor (inductive), fields C13x
- Automatic cleaning function start, field F8

2.2 Scope of delivery

The delivery of the field instrument includes:

- 1 transmitter CLM253
- I plug-in screw terminal
- 1 cable gland Pg 7
- 1 cable gland Pg 16 reduced
- 2 cable glands Pg 13.5
- 1 operating instructions BA 193C/07/en
- versions with HART communication:
- 1 operating instructions Field Communication with HART, BA 208C/07/en
- versions with PROFIBUS communication:
- 1 operating instructions Field Communication with PROFIBUS PA/DP, BA 209C/07/en
 versions with explosion protection for hazardous area zone 2 (ATEX II 3G):
- Safety instructions for use in explosion-hazardous areas, XA 194C/07/a3

The delivery of the panel mounted instrument includes:

- 1 transmitter CLM223
- 1 set of plug-in screw terminals
- 2 tensioning screws
- 1 BNC-plug (solder-free)
- 1 operating instructions BA 193C/07/en
- versions with HART communication:
 1 operating instructions Field Communication with HART, BA 208C/07/en
- versions with PROFIBUS communication:
 1 operating instructions Field Communication with PROFIBUS PA /DP. BA 20
- 1 operating instructions Field Communication with PROFIBUS PA/DP, BA 209C/07/en
 versions with explosion protection for hazardous area zone 2 (ATEX II 3G):
- Safety instructions for use in explosion-hazardous areas, XA 194C/07/a3

If you have any questions, please contact your supplier or your sales centre responsible .

2.3 Certificates and approvals

Declaration of conformity

The product meets the legal requirements of the harmonised European standards. The manufacturer confirms compliance with the standards by affixing the CE symbol.

Explosion protection for Zone 2

Version	Approval
CLM2536	ATEX II 3G EEx nA[L] IIC T4
CLM2534 CLM2234 CLM2236	ATEX II 3G [EEx nAL] IIC

3 Installation

3.1 Quick installation guide

Warning!

If the measuring point or parts of the measuring point are in explosion-hazardous areas you have to follow the "Safety instructions for electrical apparatus certified for use in explosion-hazardous areas". These instructions (XA 194C/07/a3) are part of the scope of delivery.

Proceed as follows to completely install the measuring point:

- Install the transmitter (see "Installation instructions" section).
- If the sensor is not yet installed in the measuring point, install it (see Technical Information of the sensor).
- Connect the sensor to the transmitter as illustrated in the "Electrical connection" section.
- Connect the transmitter as illustrated in the "Electrical connection" section.
- Commission the transmitter as explained in the "Commissioning" section.

3.1.1 Measuring system

A complete measuring systems comprises:

- The transmitter Liquisys M CLM223 or CLM253
- A sensor with or without an integrated temperature sensor
- A measuring cable CYK71 (conductive), CPK9 for Condumax H CLS16 or CLK5 (inductive)

Options: extension cable, junction box VBM



Abb. 3: Complete measuring system Liquisys M CLM223/253

- 1 Conductive sensor CLS15
- 2 Liquisys M CLM253
- 3 Liquisys M CLM223
- 4 Inductive sensor CLS52
- 5 Inductive sensor CLS50 6 Conductive sensor CLS21
 - 0 Conductive sensor CLS21
 - 7 Immersion assembly CLA111

3.2 Incoming acceptance, transport, storage

- Make sure the packaging is undamaged! Inform the supplier about damage to the packaging. Keep the damaged packaging until the matter has been settled.
- Make sure the contents are undamaged!
 Information the control of the delivery
- Inform the supplier about damage to the delivery contents. Keep the damaged products until the matter has been settled.
- Check that the scope of delivery is complete and agrees with your order and the shipping documents.
- The packaging material used to store or to transport the product must provide shock protection and humidity protection. The original packaging offers the best protection. Also, keep to the approved ambient conditions (see "Technical data").
- If you have any questions, please contact your supplier or your sales centre responsible.

3.3 Installation conditions

3.3.1 Field instrument



Fig. 4: Field instrument



Note!

There is a hole in the punching for the cable entry (connection of supply voltage). It serves as a pressure balance during air freight dispatching. Make sure no moisture penetrates the inside of the housing before the cable installation. The housing is completely air-tight after the cable installation.



Fig. 5: View into the field housing

3.3.2 Panel-mounted instrument



Fig. 6: Panel-mounted instrument

3.4 Installation instructions

3.4.1 Field instrument

There are several ways of securing the field housing:

- Wall mounting with fixing screws
- Post mounting to cylindrical pipes
- Post mounting to square securing mast



Note!

When mounting in the open air with unprotected exposure to weather conditions, a weather protection cover (see Accessories) is required.

Transmitter wall mounting



Fig. 7: Field instrument wall mounting

For wall mounting the transmitter, proceed as follows:

- 1. Drill the bores as shown in Abb. 7.
- 2. Drive the two fixing screws through the securing bores (1) from the front.
- 3. Mount the transmitter on the wall as shown.
- 4. Cover the bores with plastic caps (2).

Transmitter post mounting

Note!

You require a post mounting kit to secure the field device to horizontal and vertical posts or pipes (max. O 60 mm(2.36")). This can be acquired as an accessory (see "Accessories" section).



Fig. 8: Post mounting field device to cylindrical pipes

For post mounting the transmitter, proceed as follows:

- 1. Guide the two securing screws (1) of the mounting kit through the openings of the securing plate (3).
- 2. Screw the securing plate onto the transmitter using the four fixing screws (2).
- 3. Secure the retainer with the field device using the clip on the post or pipe.



You can also secure the field device to a square universal post in conjunction with the weather protection cover. These can be acquired as accessories, see "Accessories" section.

Fig. 9: Mounting field device with universal posts and weather protection cover

For mounting the weather protection cover, proceed as follows:

- 1. Screw the weather protection cover with 2 screws (bores 1) to the upright post (bores 2).
- 2. Secure the field device to the weather protection cover. To do so, use the bores (3).

3.4.2 Panel-mounted instrument

The panel-mounted instrument is secured with the clamping screws supplied (see \rightarrow Fig. 10). The necessary installation depth is approx. 165 mm (6.50").



Fig. 10: Securing the panel-mounted instrument

- Wall of the cabinet
- 2 Seal

1

- 3 Clamping screws
- * Required installation depth

3.5 Post-installation check

- After installation, check the transmitter for damage.
- Check whether the transmitter is protected against moisture and direct sunlight.

4 Wiring

Warning!

 \triangle

- The electrical connection must only be carried out by authorised technical personnel.
- Technical personnel must have read and understood the instructions in this manual and must adhere to them.
- Ensure that there is no voltage at the power cable before beginning the connection work.

4.1 Electrical connection

4.1.1 Connection diagram

The wiring diagram depicted in Fig. 11 shows the connections of an instrument equipped with all the options. Connecting the sensors and the various measuring cables is explained in more detail in the "Measuring cables and sensor connection" section.



- Fig. 11: Electrical connetion of the transmitter
- A Sensor (conductive)
- B Sensor (inductive)
- C Temperature sensor
- D Signal output 1 conductivity
- E Signal output 2 variable
- F Binary input 1 (Hold)
- G Binary input 2 (Chemoclean)
- H Aux. voltage output

- Alarm (current-free contact position)
- J Relay 1 (current-free contact position)
- K Relay 2 (current-free contact position)
- L Relay 3 (current-free contact position)
- M Relay 4 (current-free contact position)
- N Current input 4 ... 20 mA
- O Power supply

Ι



Note!

- The device is approved for protection class II and is generally operated without a protective earth connection.
- To guarantee measuring stability and functional safety, you have to ground the outer screen of the sensor cable:
- Inductive sensors: terminal "S"
- Conductive sensors: PE distributor rail

This is on the cover frame for panel-mounted instruments and in the connection compartment for field devices. Ground the PE distributor rail or the ground terminal.

The circuits "E" and "H" are not galvanically isolated from each other.

Field instrument connection

Guide the measuring cables through the PG glands into the housing. Connect the measuring cables in accordance with the terminal assignment (Fig. 12).



Fig. 12: Field instrument connection compartment sticker

1 PE distributor rail for CD/CS version (conductive sensors)

Panel-mounted instrument connection



Fig. 13: Panel-mounted instrument connection sticker

Caution!

M

• Terminals marked NC may not be wired.

Unmarked terminals may not be wired.

Note!

Please label the sensor terminal block with the sticker provided.

4.1.2 Measuring cable and sensor connection

You require screened special measuring cables to connect conductivity sensors to the transmitter. The following multi-core and ready-to-use cable types can be used:

Sensor type	Cable	Extension
Two–electrode sensors with or without temperature sensor Pt 100	CYK71 CPK9* (for CLS16)	Junction box VBM + CYK71
Inductive sensors CLS50, CLS52	Cable permanently attached to sensor	Junction box VBM + CLK5

* High-temperature version without PML

	Maximum cable length
Conductivity measurement (conductive)	max. 100 m (328 ft) with CYK71
Resistivity measurement	max 15 m (49.22 ft) with CYK71
Conductivity measurement (inductive)	max. 55 m (180.46 ft) with CLK5 (sensor cable incl.)

Structure and termination of the measuring cables



Fig. 14: Structure of the special measuring cables

A Semiconductor layer

sc Screening



Note!

For further information on the cables and junction boxes, please refer to the "Accessories" section.

Field instrument measuring cable connection

Proceed as follows to connect a conductivity sensor to the field instrument:

- 1. Open the housing cover to access the terminal block in the connection compartment.
- 2. Break the punching of a cable gland from the housing, mount a Pg gland and guide the cable through this Pg gland.
- 3. Connect the cable in accordance with the terminal assignment (see connection compartment sticker).
- 4. Tighten the Pg gland.

Panel-mounted instrument measuring cable connection

To connect a conductivity sensor, connect the measuring cable in accordance with the terminal assignment to the terminals on the rear of the device (see connection sticker).

Example of connecting a conductivity sensor



Fig. 15: Connection of conductive sensors

Fig. 16: Connection of inductive sensors



Fig. 17:Recommended fail-safe switching for the alarm contactANormal operating statusBA larm condition

Normal operating status:

- Device in operation
- No error message present (Alarm LED off)
- \rightarrow Relay energised
- → Contact 42/43 closed

Alarm condition

- Error message present (alarm LED red) or
- Device defective or voltage-free (alarm LED off)
- \rightarrow Relay de-energised
- → Contact 41/42 closed

4.2 Post-connection check

After wiring up the electrical connection, carry out the following checks:

Device status and specifications	Remarks
Are the transmitter or the cable externally damaged?	Visual inspection

Electrical connection	Remarks
Are the installed cables strain-relieved?	
No loops and cross-overs in the cable run?	
Are the signal cables correctly connected acc. to the wiring diagram?	
Are all screw terminals tightened?	
Are all cable entries installed, tightened and sealed?	

5 Operation

5.1 **Ouick operation guide**

You have the following ways of operating the transmitter:

- On site via the key field
- Via the HART[®] interface (optional, with corresponding order version) per:
- HART[®] handheld terminal or
- PC with HART[®] modem and the Commuwin II software package
- Via PROFIBUS PA/DP (optional, with corresponding order version) with: PC with corresponding interface and the Commuwin II software package (see Accessories) or via a programmable logic controller (PLC)

Note!

For operation via HART or PROFIBUS PA/DP, please read the relevant sections in the additional Operating Instructions:

- PROFIBUS PA/DP, field communication for Liquisys M CXM223/253, BA 209C/07/en
- HART[®], field communication for Liquisys M CXM223/253, BA 208C/07/en

The following section only explains operation via the keys.

5.2 Display and operating elements

5.2.1 Display

LED display

	Indicates the current operating mode, "Auto" (green LED) or "Manual" (yellow LED)
REL 1 REL 2	Indicates the activated relay in the "Manual" mode (red LED)
REL1 I I	Indicates the working status of relay 1 and 2 LED green: measured value within the permitted limit, relay inactive LED red: measured value outside the permitted limit, relay active
	Alarm display, e.g. for continuous limit value overshoot, temperature sensor failure or system error (see error list)

C07-CLM2x3xx-07-06-00-en-004.ep

LC display





- Indicator for measuring mode (normal operation)
 Indicator for calibration mode
- *3 Indicator for setup mode (configuration)*
- 4 Indicator for "Hold" mode (current outputs remain at last current state)
- 5 Indicator for receipt of a message for devices with communication
- 6 Indicator of working status of relays 3/4:**O** inactive, **•** active
- 7 Function code display

5.2.2 Operating elements

- 8 In measuring mode: measured variable In setup mode: configured variable
- 9 In measuring mode: secondary measured value In setup/calibr. mode: e.g. setting value
- *10 Indicator for autom. temperature compensation*
- *11 Indicator for man. temperature compensation*
- 12 "Error": error display
- 13 Sensor symbol



Fig. 19: Operating elements

- 1 LC display for displaying the measured values and configuration data
- 2 Field for user labelling
- 3 4 main operating keys for calibration and device configuration
- 4 Changeover switch for automatic/manual mode of the relays
- 5 LEDs for limit contactor relay (switch status)
- 6 LED for alarm function
- 7 Display of the active contact and key for relay changeover in manual mode

5.2.3 Key assignment

	CAL key When you press the CAL key, the device first prompts you for the calibration access code:
	 Code 22 for calibration Code 0 or any other code for reading the last calibration data
CAL	
	field within the calibration menu.
	ENTER key When you press the ENTER key, the device first prompts you for the setup mode access code:
E	 Code 22 for setup and configuration Code 0 or any other code for reading all configuration data.
	The ENTER key has several functions:
	 Calls up the Setup menu from the measuring mode.
	 Saves (confirms) data entered in the setup mode. Moves on within function groups.
	PLUS key and MINUS key
	functions:
	 Selection of function groups.
	Note! Press the MINUS key to select the function groups in the order given in the "System configuration" section.
	 Configuration of parameters and numerical values Operation of the relay in manual mode
	In the measuring mode, you get the following sequence of functions by repeatedly pressing the PLUS key :
	1. Temperature display in F
	2. Temperature display hidden
	3. Current input signal in %
	4. Current input signal in mA
	5. Display of the uncompensated conductivity
	6. Return to basic settings
	In the measuring mode, the following is displayed in sequence by repeatedly pressing the MINUS key:
	1. Current errors are displayed in rotation (max. 10).
	 Once all the errors have been displayed, the standard measurement display appears. In the function group F, an alarm can be defined separately for each error code.
REL 1 REL 2	REL key In the manual mode, you can use the REL key to switch between the relay and the manual start of cleaning. In the automatic mode, you can use the REL key to read out the switch-on points (for limit contactor) or set points (for PID controller) assigned to the relay in question. Press the PLUS key to jump to the settings of the next relay. Use the REL key to get back to the display mode (automatic return after 30 s)
	//



5.3 Local Operation

5.3.1 Automatic/manual mode

The transmitter normally operates in automatic mode. Here, the relays are triggered by the transmitter. In the manual mode, you can trigger the relays using the REL key or start the cleaning function.

How to change the operating mode:

U N N	1. The transmitter is in Automatic mode . The top LED beside the AUTO key is lit.
Ŭ K	2. Press the AUTO key. The bottom LED beside the AUTO key lights up.
+	 To enable the manual mode, enter the code 22 via the PLUS and MINUS keys.
REL	 4. Select the relay or the function. You can use the REL key to switch between the relays. The relay selected and the switch status (ON/OFF) is displayed on the second line of the display. In the manual mode, the measured value is displayed continuously (e.g. for measured value monitoring for dosing functions).
+	 Switch the relay. It is switched on with PLUS and switched off with MINUS. The relay remains in its switched state until it is switched over again.
	6. Press the AUTO key to return to the measuring mode, i.e. to the automatic mode. All the relays are triggered again by the transmitter.



Note!

- The operating mode remains in effect even after a power failure.
- The manual mode has priority over all other automatic functions (Hold).
- Hardware locking is not possible in the manual mode.
- The manual settings are kept until they are actively reset.
- Error code E102 is signalled in the manual mode.

5.3.2 Operating concept

Operating modes



Fig. 20: Description of the possible operating modes

Note!

If no key is pressed in the setup mode for approx. 15 min, the device automatically returns to the measuring mode. Any active Hold (Hold during setup) is reset.

Access codes

All device access codes are fixed and cannot be altered. When the device requests the access code, it distinguishes between different codes.

- Key CAL + Code 22: access to Calibration and Offset menu
- **Key ENTER + Code 22:** access to the menus for the parameters which make configuration and user-specific settings possible
- Keys PLUS + ENTER: locks the keyboard
- Keys CAL + MINUS: unlocks the keyboard
- Key CAL or ENTER + any code: access to read mode, i.e. all the settings can be read but not modified.

The device continues measuring in the read mode. It does not shift to the Hold status. The current output and the controllers remain active.

Menu structure

The configuration and calibration functions are arranged in function groups.

- In the setup mode, select a function group with the PLUS and MINUS keys.
- In the function group itself, switch from function to function with the ENTER key.
- Within the function, select the desired option with the PLUS and MINUS keys or edit the settings with these keys. Then confirm with the ENTER key and continue.
- Press the PLUS and MINUS keys simultaneously (Escape function) to exit programming (return to the main menu).
- Press the PLUS and MINUS simultaneously keys again to switch to the measuring mode.



Note!

- If a modified setting is not confirmed with ENTER, the old setting is retained.
- An overview of the menu structure is provided in the Appendix to these Operating Instructions.



Fig. 21: Diagram of the menu structure

- *1* Functions (parameters selected, numbers entered)
- 2 Function groups, scroll backwards and forwards with the PLUS and MINUS keys
- 3 Switch from function to function with the ENTER key

Hold function: "freezing" of the outputs

In both the setup mode and during calibration, the current output can be "frozen", it constantly retains its current status. "HOLD" appears on the display. If the controller actuating variable (steady control 4 \dots 20 mA) is output via current output 2, it is set to 0/4 mA in Hold.



Note!

- Hold settings can be found in the "Service" section.
- During Hold, all contacts will go to their normal positions.
- An active Hold has priority over all other functions.
- With every Hold, the I-component of the controller is set to zero.
- Any alarm delay is reset to "0".
- This function can also be activated externally via the Hold input (see Wiring diagram; binary input 1).
- The manual Hold (field S3) remains active even after a power failure.

6 Commissioning

6.1 Function check



Warning!

- Check all connections for correctness.
- Make sure that the supply voltage is identical to the voltage written on the nameplate!

6.2 Switching on

Familiarise yourself with the operation of the transmitter before it is first switched on. Please refer in particular to the "Safety instructions" and "Operation" sections.

After power-up, the device performs a self-test and then goes to the measuring mode.

Now calibrate the sensor in accordance with the instructions in the "Calibration" section.



Note! During commissioning, the sensor m

During commissioning, the sensor must be calibrated so that the measuring system can return precise measurement data.

Then perform the first configuration in accordance with the instructions in the "Ouick start-up" section. The values set by the user are kept even in the event of a power failure.

The following function groups are available in the transmitter (the groups only available in the Plus Package are marked accordingly in the functional description):

Setup mode

- SETUP 1 (A)
- SETUP 2 (B)
- CURRENT INPUT (Z)
- CURRENT OUTPUT (O)
- ALARM (F)
- CHECK (P)
- RELAY (R)
- TEMPERATURE COMPENSATION (T)
- CONCENTRATION MEASUREMENT (K)
- SERVICE (S)

Note!

- E+H SERVICE (E)
- INTERFACE (I)

Calibration and offset mode

■ CALIBRATION (C)



A detailed explanation of the function groups available in the transmitter can be found in the "System configuration" section.



Fig. 22: Example for display in setup mode



Fig. 23: Function coding

Selecting and locating functions is facilitated by a code displayed for each function in a special display field Fig. 22.

The structure of this coding is given in Fig. 23. The first column indicates the function group as a letter (see group designations). The functions in the individual groups are counted from the top to the bottom and from the left to the right.

Factory settings

The first time it is switched on, the device has the factory setting for all functions. The table below provides an overview of the most important settings.

All other factory settings can be found in the description of the individual function groups in the "System configuration" section (the factory setting is highlighted in **bold**).

Function	Factory setting
Type of measurement	Conductive conductivity measurement Temperature measurement in °C
Type of measurement compensation	Linear with reference temperature 25 C (77 °F)
Temperature compensation	Automatic (ATC on)
Limit value for controller 1	9999 mS/cm
Limit value for controller 2	9999 mS/cm
Hold	Active during configuration and calibration
Measuring range	0 μ S/cm 2000 mS/cm (no measuring ranges for setting). The setting is flowing and is guided by the connected sensors.
Current outputs 1* and 2*	4 20 mA
Current output 1: measured value for 4 mA signal current*	0 μS/cm
Current output 1: measured value for 20 mA signal current*	2000 mS/cm
Current output 2: temperature value for 4 mA signal current*	-35.0 C (-31 °F)
Current output 2: temperature value for 20 mA signal current*	250.0 C (482 °F)

* For corresponding version

6.3 **Quick start-up**

After power-up, you must make some settings to configure the most important functions of the transmitter which are required for correct measurement. The following section gives an example of this.

User input		Setting range (Factory settings, bold)	Display
1.	Press the E key.		
2.	Enter the code 22 to edit the setup. Press E.		
3. 4.	Press – until you get to the "Service" function group. Press E to be able to make your settings.		
5.	In S1, select your language, e.g. "ENG" for English. Press 🖻 to confirm.	ENG = English GER = German FRA = French ITA = Italian NEL = Dutch ESP = Spanish	SETUP HOLD ENG SI
6.	Press 主 simultaneously to exit the "Service" function group.		
7. 8.	Press — until you get to the "Setup 1" function group. Press E to be able to make your settings for "Setup 1".		
9.	In A1, select the desired mode of operation, e.g. "cond" = conductive. Press 🖻 to confirm.	cond = conductive ind = inductive MOhm = resistivity conc = concentration	setup Hold Cond A1 Oper . Mode
10.	In A2, press \textcircled{E} to confirm the factory settings. (if A1 = conc, else step 12)	% ppm mg/l TDS = Total Dissolved Solids none	setup Hold ¹ / _{1 A2} Conc. Unit
11.	In A3, press 🗉 to confirm the factory settings.	XX.xx X.xxx XXX.x XXX.x XXXX	setup Hold XX # XX A3 Format
12.	In A4, press \boxed{E} to confirm the factory settings.	auto , μS/cm, mS/cm, S/cm, μS/m, mS/m, S/m	setup Hold .=Uto A4 Unit.
13.	In A5, enter the cell constant of the connected sensor. Refer to the sensor's quality certificate for the exact value.	cond: 1.000 cm⁻¹ ind: 1.98 cm⁻¹ MOhm: 0.01 cm⁻¹ 0.0025 99.99 cm ⁻¹	setup Hold 1.0000 AS Cellconst

User input	Setting range (Factory settings, bold)	Display
 In A6, enter the resistance of the cable (conductive sensors only). 	0 Ω 0 99.99 Ω	setup Hold Ø Å6 Cable-Res
 15. If you need to stabilise the display, enter the required damping factor in A7. Press E to confirm. The display returns to the initial display of "Setup 1" 	1 1 60	setup Hold 1 A7 Damping
 16. Press − to go to the "Setup 2" function group 17. Press E to edit "Setup 2" 		
 18. In B1, select your temperature sensor. Press E to confirm. 	Pt 100 Pt 1k = Pt 1000 NTC30 fixed	setup Hold Pt.100 _{B1} Proc.Temp.
 19. In B2, select the appropriate temperature compensation for your process, e.g. "lin" = linear. Press E to confirm your selection. For detailed information on temperature compensation, see chapter "Setup 2" 	none lin = linear NaCl = common salt (IEC 60746) Tab = table Pure = ultra pure water	setup hold 1 i.m b2 TempComp.
20. In B3, enter the temperature coefficient α . Press E to confirm.	2.1 %/K 0.0 20.0 %/K	setup Hold 2. 10 %/K Alpha Val
 21. The real temperature is displayed in B5. If necessary, calibrate the temperature sensor to an external measurement. Press E to confirm. 	Display and entry of real temperature -35.0 250.0 °C fixed	setup hold D. D. B. RealTemp.
 22. The difference between the measured and the entered temperatures is displayed. Press E The display returns to the initial display of the "Setup 2" function group. 	0.0 °C −5.0 5.0 °C	setup Hold Ö.Ö.B6 TempOffs.
 23. Press — to go to the "Current output" function group. 24. Press E to edit the output settings. 		

User input	Setting range (Factory settings, bold)	Display
25. In O1, select your output, e.g. "Out1" = output 1. Press E to confirm.	Out1 Out2	
26. In O3, select the linear characteristic. Press 📧 to confirm.	lin = linear (1) sim = simulation Tab = table	setup hold Lin 03 Seel. Tuipe
 27. In O311, select the current range for your output, e.g. 4 20 mA. Press E to confirm. 	4 20 mA 0 20 mA	setup Hold 4-20 ₀₃₁₁ 501. Range
 28. In O312, enter the conductivity corresponding to the minimum current value at the transmitter output, e.g. 0 µS/cm. Press E to confirm. 	cond/ind: 0.00 μS/cm MOhm: 0.00 kΩ·cm Conc: 0.00 % Temp: 0.00 °C	етир ного 0.00 ^{и5/см} 0312 0/4 мД
 29. In O313, enter the conductivity corresponding to the maximum current value at the transmitter output, e.g. 2000 mS/cm. Press E to confirm. The display returns to the initial display of the "Current output" function group. 	cond/ind: 2000 mS/cm MOhm: 500 kΩ·cm Conc: 99.99 % Temp: 150 °C	етир ного 2000 ^{м5/см} 20 мА
30. Press $\stackrel{(+)}{\vdash}$ simultaneously to switch to the measurement mode.		



Hinweis!

For inductive sensors you must perform an airset before installation of the sensor, refer to the chapter "Calibration"

6.4 System configuration

6.4.1 Setup 1 (Conductivity)

In the SETUP 1 function group, you can change the operating mode and the sensor settings. Basic version does not include functions in *italic*.

Codii	ng	Field	Selection or range (factory settings bold)	Display	Info
A		Function group SETUP 1			Basic settings.
	A1	Select operating mode	cond = conductive ind = inductive MOhm = resistivity <i>conc = concentration</i>	setup Hold Cond A1 Oper "Mode	Display varies depending on instrument version: - cond/resistivity/conc - ind/conc Caution! Any change in operating mode causes an automatic reset of user settings.
	A2	Select concentration unit to be displayed (only with Plus Package)	% ppm mg/l TDS = Total Dissolved Solids none	setup hold II A2 Conc. Unit	A2 only active if A1 = conc.
	A3	Select display format for concentration unit (only with Plus Package)	XX.xx <i>X.xxx</i> <i>XXX.x</i> <i>XXXX</i>	setup Hold XX # XX A3 Format	A3 only active if A1 = conc.
	A4	Select unit to be displayed	auto , μS/cm, mS/cm, S/cm, μS/m, mS/m, S/m, kΩ·cm, MΩ·cm, kΩ·m		When "auto" is selected, the maximum resolution possible is automatically selected. A4 not active if $A1 = conc$.
	A5	Enter cell constant for connected sensor	cond: 1.000 cm⁻¹ ind: 1.98 cm⁻¹ MOhm: 0.01 cm⁻¹ 0.0025 99.99 cm ⁻¹	setup Hold 1.000 A5 Cellconst	For the exact value of the cell constant, refer to the quality certificate.
	A6	Enter cable resistance	0 Ω 0 99.99 Ω	setup Hold D A6 Cable-Res	Only with conductive sensors. Multiply the standardised line resistance by the actual cable length. CYK71: 0.165 Ω/m
	A7	Enter measured value damping	1 1 60	SETUP HOLD 1 A7 Damping	Measured value damping causes averaging over the specified number of individual measured values. It is used, for example, to stabilise the display with applications that fluctuate a great deal. There is no damping if "1" is entered.

6.4.2 Setup 2 (Temperature)

The temperature coefficient specifies the change in conductivity per degree of temperature change. It depends on the chemical composition of the medium and the temperature itself.

In order to compensate for this dependence, four different compensation types can be selected in the transmitter:

- Linear temperature compensation
- NaCl compensation
- Ultrapure water compensation
- Temperature compensation with table

Linear temperature compensation

The change between two temperature points is considered to be constant, i.e. $\alpha = \text{const.}$ The α value can be edited for the linear compensation type. You can edit the reference temperature in field B7, the factory setting is 25 °C/77 °F.



Fig. 24: Linear temperature compensation

uncompensated conductivity

NaCl compensation

The NaCl compensation (according to IEC 60746) is based on a fixed nonlinear curve that defines the relationship between the temperature coefficient and the temperature. This curve is used for lower concentrations of up to approx. 5 % NaCl.



Fig. 25: NaCl compensation

Ultrapure water compensation

Just like the NaCl compensation, the ultrapure water compensation is based on a nonlinear curve stored in the instrument.

This curve is split up into NaCl solution and ultrapure water compensation. These are calculated separately but then used together to determine in the overall relationship
Temperature compensation with table

In case of transmitter with Plus package you can enter a table with temperature coefficients α in relation to temperature. When using the alpha table function for temperature compensation, the following conductivity data of the process medium to be measured is required:

Value pairs of temperature T and conductivity $\boldsymbol{\kappa}$ with:

- $\kappa(T_0)$ for the reference temperature T_0
- $\kappa(T)$ for temperatures which occur in the process



Fig. 26: Determination of temperatur coefficient

A Required data

B Calculated α values

Use the following formula to calculate the α values for the temperatures occurring in your process:

$$\alpha = \frac{100}{\kappa(T_0)} \cdot \frac{\kappa(T) - \kappa(T_0)}{T - T_0}; T \neq T_0$$

Enter the α -T value pairs calculated with this formula in the fields T4 and T5 of the function group "ALPHA TABLE".

In the SETUP 2 function group, you can change the settings for temperature measurement. Basic version does not include functions in *italic*.

Coding		Field	Selection or range (factory settings bold)	Display	Info
В		Function group SETUP 2		setup hold B SETUP 2	Settings for temperature measurement.
	B1	Select temperature sensor	Pt100 Pt1k = Pt 1000 NTC30 fixed	setup Hold Pt.100 _{B1} Proc.Temp.	If set to "fixed": Manual temperature compensation (MTC), no temperature measurement if fixed temperature value is specified in B4. No temperature output if "fixed"!
	B2	Select temperature compensation type	none lin = linear NaCl = common salt (IEC 60746) <i>Tab = table</i> Pure = ultrapure water	setup hold 1 i.m b2 TempComp.	This option is not displayed for concentration measurement. "Pure" is only available for conductive devices.

Codi	ıg	Field	Selection or range (factory settings bold)	Display	Info
	ВЗ	Enter temperature coefficient α	2.10 %/K 0.00 20.00 %/K	setup Hold 2.10 %/K Alpha val	Only if B2 = lin. With other settings in B2, field B3 has no influence.
	В4	Enter process temperature	25 °C −35.0 250.0 °C	setup hold 25.0°C ProcTemp.	Only if B1 = fixed. This value can only be specified in °C.
	B5	Display temperature and calibrate temperature sensor	Display and entry of real temperature -35.0 250.0 °C	setup носо Ø. Ø ^{sc} RealTemp.	This entry is used to calibrate the temperature sensor to an external measurement. Effects B6. Omitted if B1 = fixed.
	В6	Enter temperature difference (offset)	Curent offset -5.0 5.0 °C	setup Hold O.O.B. TempOffs.	The offset is the difference between the entered actual value and the measured temperature. Omitted if $B1 = fixed$.
	В7	Enter reference temperature	25 °C −5.0 100 °C	setup Hold 25.0°C ref temp.	

6.4.3 Current input

To use the "Current input" function group, you need a relay board with current input which is not part of the basic version. With this function group you can monitor process parameters and use these for feedforward control. For this purpose, you must connect the current output of an external measured variable (e.g. flowmeter) to the 4 ... 20 mA input of the transmitter. The following assignment applies:

	Flow in main stream	Current signal in mA	Current input signal in %
Current input lower range limit	Flowmeter lower setting value	4	0
Current input upper range limit	Flowmeter upper setting value	20	100

Monitoring of flow in main stream

This arrangement is particularly practical if the sample flow through a flow assembly in an open outlet is completely independent of the flow in the main stream.

This permits signalling of an alarm condition in the main stream (flow too low or has completely stopped) and triggers dosing switch-off even if the medium flow is retained due to the method of installation.



Fig. 27: Alarm signalling and dosing switch-off by the main stream

- A Flow in main stream
- *B Relay contacts of PID controller*
- C Alarm relay
- D Flow below switch-off limit Z 4 or flow failure
- E Flow alarm

- *F* Flow restoration
 - *Z2* Delay for controller switch-off, see field *Z2*
 - Z3 Delay for controller switch-on, see field Z3
 - Off
 - 1 On

0

Feedforward control to PID controller

For control systems with very short reaction times, you can optimise the control. Additionally you measure the flow rate of the medium. This flow rate value $(0/4 \dots 20 \text{ mA})$ you apply as feedforward control to the PID controller.

Feedforward control is a multiplying function as illustrated in the figure below (example with factory setting):



Fig. 28: Multiplying feedforward control

- Y
- Gain K_{infl} Current input signal [%] Χ
- Input value, when gain $K_{infl} = 1$ Z7

Codin	ıg	Field	Setting range (Factory settings, bold)	Display	Info
Z		CURRENT INPUT function group			Current input settings.
	Z1	Select flow monitoring of main stream (with controller switch-off)	Off On	setup Hold Off f Z1 Cont. Stop	Flow monitoring may only be switched on if the flowmeter is connected in the main stream. If $Z1 = off$, fields Z2 to Z5 are not available.
	Z2	Enter the delay for controller switch-off through current input	0 s 0 2000 s	SETUP HOLD SETUP	Brief flow shortfalls can be suppressed by a delay and do not result in controller switch-off.
	Z3	Enter the delay for controller switch-on through current input	0 s 0 2000 s	SETUP HOLD Delady Setup Hold Z3 Z3 Delady S S S S S S S S S S S S S	In the case of a controller, a delay until a representative measured value is received is useful if the flow fails for an extended period.
	Z4	Enter the switch-off limit value for the current input	50% 0 100%		0 100% corresponds to 4 20 mA at the current input. Observe measured value assignment to the current output of the flowmeter.
	Z5	Enter the switch-off direction for the current input	Low High	setup Hold LOW 25 Stop Dir	The controller is switched off if the value entered in Z4 is undershot or overshot.
	Z6	Select feedforward control to PID controller	Off <i>Lin = linear</i> <i>Basic</i>	setup Hold Offf Z6 PID infilu	If $Z6 = off$, the field Z7 is not available. Z6 = basic: disturbance variable only affects the basic load (alternatively dosing in proportion to quantity if usual PID controller not possible, e.g. defective sensor).
	Z7	Enter value for feedforward control at which gain = 1 applies	50% 0 100%		When the value is set, the controller actuating variable is the same size when feedforward control is switched on as when feedforward control is switched off.

6.4.4 Current outputs

Use the "Current output" function group to configure the individual outputs. You can enter either a linear characteristic (O3 (1)) or a user-defined current output characteristic in conjunction with the Plus Package (O3 (3)). Exception: if you have chosen a "continuous controller" for current output 2, you cannot enter a user-defined current output characteristic for this current output. In addition, you can also simulate a current output value (O3 (2)) to check the current outputs. If a second current output is present, you can output the controller actuating variable in accordance with field R 237 / R 266 via the current output.



Fig. 29: User-defined current output characteristic (example)

The current output characteristic must be strictly monotonously increasing or strictly monotonously decreasing.

The distance per mA between two table value pairs must be greater than:

- Conductivity: 0.5 % of measuring range per mA
- Temperature: 0.25 °C per mA

The values for the sample characteristic (Fig. 29) are entered in the following table. The distance per mA can be calculated from Δ signal / Δ mA.

		Current output	Current output 2			
Value pair	[mS/cm] [%] [°C]	Current [mA]	Distance per mA	[mS/cm] [%] [°C]	Current [mA]	Distance per mA
1	500	4				
2	1000	16	41.66			
3	2000	20	250			

First enter the desired current output configuration into the following blank table with a pencil. Calculate the resulting signal distance per mA to observe the necessary minimum slope. Then enter the values in the device.

		Current output	1		Current output 2	2
Value pair	[mS/cm] [%] [°C]	Current [mA]	Distance per mA	[mS/cm] [%] [°C]	Current [mA]	Distance per mA
1						
2						
3						
4						
5						
6						
7						
8						
9						

Codin	oding		Field	Setting range (Factory settings, bold)	Display	Info
0			CURRENT OUTPUT function group			Configuration of the current output (does not apply for PROFIBUS).
	01		Select current output	Out1 <i>Out 2</i>	setup hold <u> <u> </u> </u>	A characteristic can be selected for every output.
	O2		Select measured variable for 2nd current output	° C mS/cm, MΩ, % <i>Contr</i>		R237/R 266 = curr (current output 2) can only be selected if $O2$ = Contr is selected (relay board required).
	O3 (1)		Enter or output linear characteristic	Lin = linear (1) Sim = simulation (2) Tab = table (3)		The characteristic can have a positive or negative slope for the measured value output. In the case of actuating variable output $(O2 = Contr)$, an increasing current corresponds to an increasing actuating variable.
		O311	Select current range	4 20 mA 0 20 mA	setup Hold 4-20 ₀₃₁₁ Sel.Range	

Coding		Field Setting range (Factory settings, bold)		Display	Info
	O312	0/4 mA value: Enter corresponding measured value	cond/ind: 0.00 μS/cm MOhm: 0.00 kΩ·cm Conc: 0.00 % Temp: 0.00 °C	етир ного 0. 00 ^{и5/см} 0.312 0/4 МД	Here you can enter the measured value at which the min. current value (0/4 mA) is applied at the transmitter output. (Spreading: see Technical data.)
	O313	20 mA value: Enter corresponding measured value	cond/ind: 2000 mS/cm MOhm: 500 kΩ·cm Conc: 99.99 % Temp: 150 °C	setup hold 2000 ^{mS/cm} 20 mA	Here you can enter the measured value at which the max. current value (20 mA) is applied at the transmitter output. (Spreading: see Technical data.)
O3 (2	2)	Simulate current output	Lin = linear (1) Sim = simulation (2) Tab = table (3)	SETUP HOLD SETUP HOLD 3 Sel. Type	Simulation is not ended until (1) or (3) is selected. For further characteristics, see O3 (1), O3(3).
	0321	Enter simulation value	Current value 0.00 22.00 mA	setup Hold 4.00 ^{mA} Simulat.	Entering a current value results in this value being directly output at the current output.
O3 (3	3)	Enter current output table (only for Plus Package)	Lin = linear (1) Sim = simulation (2) Tab = table (3)	setup hold table o3 Sel.Type	Values can also be added or altered at a later stage. The values entered are automatically sorted by increasing current value. For further characteristics, see O3 (1), O3 (2).
	O331	Select table options	Read Edit	setup Hold Pead 0331 Sel. Table	
	0332	Enter number of table value pairs	1 1 10	етир ноld 1 0332 И.С. I. Е. I. Е. И. Е. I.	Enter the number of pairs from the x and y value (measured value and current value) here.
	O333	Select table value pair	1 1 No. elem. Assign	SETUP HOLD 1 0333 501.61011.	The function chain O333 O335 will run through as many times as correspond to the value in O332. "Assign" appears as the last step. After confirmation the system jumps to O336.
	0334	Enter x value	cond/ind: 0.00 μS/cm MOhm: 0.00 kΩ·cm Conc: 0.00 % Temp: 0.00 °C	етир ноцо 0.00 и5/см Meas.val.	x value = measured value specified by user.
	O335	Enter y value	4.00 mA 0.00 20.00 mA	setup ношо 4.000 мА МА Value	y value = current value belonging to O334 specified by user. Return to O333 until all values are entered.

Coding			Field	Setting range (Factory settings, bold)	Display	Info
		O336	Message as to whether table status is OK	yes no	serup Hold Status ok	Back to O3. If status = no, correct table (all settings made up until now are retained) or back to measuring mode (table is deleted).

6.4.5 Alarm

In the ALARM function group, you can define various alarms and configure output contacts. Each individual error can be defined to be effective or not (at the contact or as an error current).

Coding		Field	Setting range (Factory settings, bold)	Display	Info
F		ALARM function group			Alarm function settings.
	F1	Select contact type	Latch = latching contact Momen = momentary contact	setup Hold Latch F1 Cont. Type	The contact type selected only applies to the alarm contact.
	F2	Select time unit	s min	setup Hold	
	F3	Enter alarm delay	0 s (min) 0 2000 s (min)	SETUP HOLD D S F3 Emm. Delau	Depending on the option selected in F2, the alarm delay is entered in s or min.
	F4	Select error current	22 mA 2.4 mA	setup hold 22mH _{F4} Emm. Cumm	This selection must be made even if all error reporting is switched off in F5. Caution! If "0-20 mA" was selected in O311, "2.4 mA" may not be used.
	F5	Select error	1 1 255	SETUP HOLD 1 F5	Here you can select all the errors which should trigger an alarm. The errors are selected via the error numbers. Please refer to the table in section 9.2 "System error messages" for the meaning of the individual error numbers. The factory settings remain in effect for all errors not edited.
	F6	Set alarm contact to be effective for the selected error	yes no	SETUP HOLD	If "no" is selected, all the other alarm settings are deactivated (e.g. alarm delay). The settings themselves are retained. This setting only applies to the error selected in F5.

Coding		Field	Setting range (Factory settings, bold)	Display	Info
	F7	Set error current to be effective for the selected error	no yes	SETUP HOLD MO F7 Curr "Assa	The option selected in F4 is effective or ineffective in the event of an error. This setting only applies to the error selected in F5.
	F8	Automatic cleaning function start	no yes	setup Hold MÖ F8 CleanTrig	This field is not available for certain errors, see "Trouble-shooting and fault elimination" section.
	F9	Select return to menu or next error	$next = next error \\ \leftarrow R$	setup Hold Mext _{F9} Select	If \leftarrow R is selected, you return to F, if next is selected, you go to F5.

6.4.6 Check

The CHECK function group is only available for devices with a Plus Package. In the CHECK function group, you can select different monitoring functions for the measurement:

Polarisation detection

Polarisation effects in the interface between sensor and measuring solution limit the measuring range of conductive conductivity sensors. The transmitter has the ability to detect polarisation effects using an intelligent evaluation process. Error code E071 will be generated.

Alarm threshold monitoring

You can use this function to monitor the measured value for permissible upper and lower limits and trigger an alarm.

PCS alarm (Process Check System)

AC: The function AC (field P6) is used to check measuring signals for deviations. If the measuring signal does not change within an hour an alarm (E152) is triggered. The reason for such sensor behaviour can be contamination, cable rupture or similar.

CC: You can monitor the controller activity with the function CC. This function is mainly used for batch processes and single-sided limit switches. A malfunction of the controller is detected and reported thanks to freely adjustable monitoring times (E156 – E157).



Fig. 30: PCS alarm (live check)

A Constant measuring signal = alarm triggered after PCS alarm time has elapsed



Note!

Any PCS alarm pending is automatically deleted as soon as the sensor signal changes. Basic version does not include functions in *italic*.

Coding		Field	Setting range (Factory settings, bold)	Display	Info
P		CHECK function group			Settings for sensor and process monitoring
	P1	Switch polarisation detection on or off (conductive only)	Off On	setup Hold Off _{P1} Pol.Detec	Polarisation only occurs with conductive sensors. Polarisation is detected, but not compensated. (error no.: E071)
	Р2	<i>Set PCS Alarm (live check)</i>	Off Low High Lo+Hi Low! High! Lo+Hi!	SETUP HOLD D.f. f. P2 SC. C. R. H. H.	Alarm signalling optionally with or without simultaneous controller switch-off. XXXX = without controller switch-off XXXX! = with controller switch-off (error no.: E154, E155)
	РЗ	Enter error delay	0 s (min) 0 2000 s (min)	setup Hold B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B	Depending on your selection in F2, you can enter the error delay in min or s. Only after this delay does a high or low limit violation cause an alarm as per field P4/P5.
	Р4	Enter lower alarm threshold	Ο μS/cm Ο 9999mS/cm	setup hold 0.00 µ5/cm LowAlarm	
	Р5	Enter upper alarm threshold	9999 μS/cm 0 9999mS/cm	setup Hold 99999 P5 HighAlarm	

Codi	ng	Field	Setting range (Factory settings, bold)	Display	Info
	Р6	Select process monitoring (PCS alarm)	Off AC CC AC+CC AC! CC! CC! AC+CC!	setup Hold Offf P6 Proc.Monit.	AC = sensor alternation check (E152) CC = controller check (E156, E157) Alarm signalling optionally with or without simultaneous controller switch-off. XXXX = without controller switch-off XXXX! = with controller switch-off
	Р7	Enter maximum permissible duration for lower CC setpoint limit violation (field P9)	60 min 0 2000 min	setup hold 60 p7 TMAX LOW	Only when P6 = CC or AC+CC
	Р8	Enter maximum permissible duration for upper CC setpoint limit violation (field P9)	120 min 0 2000 min	setup Hold 120 pin P8 TMax High	Only when P6 = CC or AC+CC
	Р9	Enter CC setpoint (for P7/P8)	1000 μS/cm <i>0 9999 mS/cm</i>	setup Hold 1000 µ5/cm Set.point.	Selected value is an absolute value. This function is mainly used for batch processes and single-sided limit switches.

6.4.7 **Relay contact configuration**

To use the RELAY function group you need a relay board which is not part of the basic version.

The following relay contacts can be selected and configured as desired (max. four contacts, depending on options installed):

- Limit contactor for measured conductivity value: R2 (1)
- Limit contactor for temperature: R2 (2)
- PID controller: R2 (3)
- Timer for cleaning function: R2 (4)
- Chemoclean function: R2 (5)
- USP: R2 (6) (for Plus Package, conductive only)

Limit contactor for measured conductivity value and temperature

The transmitter has different ways of assigning a relay contact.

Switch-on and switch-off points and pick-up and drop-out delays can be assigned to the limit contactor. In addition, you can configure an alarm threshold to output an error message and to start a cleaning function in conjunction with this.

These functions can be used both for conductivity measurement and for temperature measurement.

Please refer to Fig. 31 for a clear illustration of the relay contact states.

- When the measured values increase (maximum function), the relay contact is closed as of t₂ after the switch-on point (t_1) has been overshot and the pick-up delay has elapsed $(t_2 - t_1)$. The alarm contact switches if the alarm threshold (t_3) is reached and the alarm delay $(t_4 - t_3)$ has also elapsed.
- When the measured values decrease, the alarm contact is reset when the alarm threshold (t_5) is undershot as is the relay contact (t_7) after the drop-out delay $(t_7 - t_6)$.
- If the pick-up and drop-out delays are set to 0 s, the switch-on and switch-off points are also switch points of the contacts.

Settings can also be made for a minimum function in the same way as for a maximum function.



3

4

Fig. 31: Illustration of the alarm and limit value functions

Switch-on point > switch-off point: Max. function А

В Switch-on point < switch-off point: Min. function 1 Alarm threshold 2 Switch-on point Switch-off point

Contact ON

- Alarm ON Alarm OFF 6
- Contact OFF 7

5

P(ID) controller

You can define various controller functions for the transmitter. On the basis of the PID controller, P, PI, PD and PID controllers can be implemented. For an optimum control system, use the controller that best suits your application. Depending on the option selected in the R 237/R 266 field, the actuating signal can be output via relays or via current output 2 (if available).

• P controller

Used for simple linear control purposes with small system deviations. Where major changes are to be controlled, overshooting may occur. In addition, a lasting control deviation is to be expected.

PI controller

Is used for control systems where overshooting is to be avoided and no lasting control deviation should occur.

PD controller

Is used for processes that require quick changes and where peaks are to be corrected.

PID controller

Is used for processes where a P, PI or PD controller does not control sufficiently.

Configuration options of the PID controller

The following configuration options are available for a PID controller:

- Change control gain K_p (P influence)
- Set integral action time T_n (I influence)
- Set derivative action time T_v (D influence)

Basic load dosing (Basic)

The basic load dosing (field R231) is used to set a constant dosage (field R2311)

PID controlling plus basic load dosing

If you select this function (PID + Basic) in field R231 the PID controlled dosage will not be lower than the basic load value entered in field R2311.



Fig. 32: Control characteristic PID controller with basic load dosing

- A PID with basic load
- B Basic load
- C PID

Commissioning

If you do not yet have any experience for setting the control parameters, set the values that yield the greatest possible stability in the control circuit. Proceed as follows to optimise the control circuit further:

- Increase the control gain K_p until the controlled variable just starts to overshoot.
- Reduce K_p slightly and then reduce the integral action time T_n so that the shortest possible correction time without overshooting is achieved.
- To reduce the response time of the controller, also set the derivative action time T_v.



Control and fine optimisation of the set parameters with a recorder

Fig. 33:

$\sim \rho \sim 0.000$				
l value	1	T _n too small	4	K _p too small
	2	T _n too large	5	Optimum setting
	3	K _p too large		
		'		

Actuating signal outputs (R237 ... R2310)

Each control contact outputs a cyclical signal whose intensity corresponds to the controller's manipulated variable. A distinction is made according to the type of signal cycle:

Pulse length modulation

The bigger the calculated manipulated variable is, the longer the contact affected remains picked up. The period T can be adjusted between 0.5 and 99 s (field R238). Outputs with pulse length modulation are used to activate solenoid valves.

Pulse frequency modulation

Α

В

The bigger the calculated manipulated variable is, the higher the switching frequency of the contact affected. The maximum switching frequency 1/T can be set between 60 and 180 min⁻¹. The on-time $t_{\rm ON}$ is constant. It depends on the set maximum frequency and is approx. 0.5 s for 60 min⁻¹ and approx. 170 ms for 180 min⁻¹. Outputs with pulse frequency modulation are used to activate directly controlled solenoid dosing pumps.



Fig. 34: Signal of a pulse-length modulated controller contact (left) and of a pulse-frequency modulated controller contact (right)

Contact 1 = on, 0 = offТ Period length Time [s] $t_1 = t_{on} t_2 = t_{off}$ $T_1 T_2$ Impulse period length (impulse freq. $1/T_1$ and $1/T_2$)

Constant controller

Via the current output 2, the minimum actuating variable (0 %) of the controller is output with 0/4 mA and the maximum actuating variable (100%) of the controller is output with 20 mA.

Control characteristic for direct and inverse control action

You can choose between two control characteristics in the R236 field:

- Direct control action = maximum function
- Inverse control action = minimum function



Fig. 35: Control characteristic of a proportional controller with direct and inverse control action

- *Direct = max. function* Α
- В Inverse = min. function

Timer for cleaning function

This function includes a simple cleaning option. You can set the time interval after which cleaning should start. So you can only select a constant interval sequence.

Other cleaning functions are available for selection in conjunction with the Chemoclean function (version with four contacts, see "Chemoclean function" section).



Note!

В

0

1

Timer and Chemoclean do not work independently of one another. While one of the two functions is active, the other cannot be started.



Abb. 36: Connection between cleaning time, pause time and Hold dwell period

Α Wiper and/or spray cleaning system

Hold function

Inactive

Active

- Cleaning time (0 ... 999 s) t₁ Pause time between two cleaning intervals t₂
 - (1 ... 7200 min)

 - Clean Hold dwell period (0 ... 999 s) t₃

Chemoclean function

Just like the timer function, Chemoclean can also be used to start a cleaning cycle. However, Chemoclean also gives you the added option of defining different cleaning and rinsing intervals. As a result, it is possible to clean irregularly with different repeat cycles and to separately set the cleaning times with post rinse times.



Note!

- To use the Chemoclean function the transmitter has to be equipped with a designated relay board (see product structure or chapter "accessories")
- Timer and Chemoclean do not work independently of one another. While one of the two functions is active, the other cannot be started.
- For the Chemoclean function, the relays 3 (water) and 4 (cleaner) are used.
- If the cleaning is prematurely aborted, a post rinse time always follows.
- If the setting is "Economy", cleaning only takes place with water.



Fig. 37: Sequence of a cleaning cycle

- A Hold
- B Water
- C Cleaner

- t₁ Cleaning start
- t₂ t₁ Pre-rinse time
- $t_3 t_2$ Cleaning time
- t₄ t₃ *Post rinse time*
- $t_5 t_4$ Hold dwell period

USP function (conductive only)

The transmitter (conductive sensors only) can monitor the WFI water (water for injection) according to the standard USP (United States Pharmacopeia) part 645. The following table shows the limit value for WFI water according to USP with the appropriate temperature. The transmitter uses this table.

Temperature [°C/°F]	Conductivity [µS/cm]	Temperature [°C/°F]	Conductivity [µS/cm]
0/32	0.6	55/131	2.1
5/41	0.8	60/140	2.2
10/50	0.9	65/149	2.4
15/59	1.0	70/158	2.5
20/68	1.1	75/167	2.7
25/77	1.3	80/176	2.7
30/86	1.4	85/185	2.7
35/95	1.5	90/194	2.7
40/104	1.7	95/203	2.9
45/113	1.8	100/212	3.1
50/122	1.9		

The measurement is performed as follows:

- The uncompensated conductivity and temperature are measured.
- The transmitter rounds off the temperature to the next 5 °C step and compares the actual measured conductivity with the value of the table.
- If the measured value exceeds the table value an alarm (E151) will be triggered.

Also available is a USP pre-alarm with a user defined switch-on point (e.g. 80 % of the USP-value). This gives the user a signal for the in-time regeneration of the system. Enter the value in field R262.



Note!

- To use the USP function the transmitter has to be equipped with a relay board and the Plus Package.
- For alarm output, activate the fault-signalling contact or the error current in field F5 F7 (error code E151 and E153).
- The switch-off point of the pre-alarm is 1 % below of the switch-on point (R262).
- The transmitter uses uncompensated values for the USP function even in case temperature compensated values are displayed.

Cod	ing		Field	Setting range (Factory settings, bold)	Display	Info
R			RELAY function group			Relay contact settings.
	R1		Select contact to be configured	Re11 <i>Re12</i> <i>Re13</i> <i>Re14</i>	setup Hold Rell _{R1} Sel.Relay	Rel3 (water) and Rel4 (cleaner) are only available with the relevant version of the transmitter. If Chemoclean is used as the cleaning method, Rel4 is not available.
	R2 (1)		Configuration limit contactor for conductivity, resistivity or concentration measurement	LC PV = limit contactor cond (1) LC °C = limit contactor T (2) PID controller (3) Timer (4) Clean = Chemoclean (5) USP(6)	setup hold L.C. FU _{R2} S.C. T.J.F.C	PV = process value If Rel4 is selected in the R1 field, Clean = Chemoclean cannot be selected. By confirming with ENTER, another relay function already switched on is switched off and its settings are reset to the factory settings.
		R211	Switch function of R2 (1) off or on	Off On	setup Hold DPP R211 FUNCtion	All the settings are retained.
		R212	Enter the switch-on point of the contact	cond/ind: 9999 mS/cm MOhm: 200 MΩ·cm conc: 9999 %	setup Hold 9999 ^{mS/cm} On Value	Never set the switch-on point and the switch-off point to the same value! (Only the operating mode selected in A1 is displayed.)
		R213	Enter the switch-off point of the contact	cond/ind: 9999 mS/cm MOhm: 200 MΩ·cm conc: 9999 %	setup Hold 9999 ^{m5/cm} 0ff Value	Entering a switch-off point selects either a Max contact (switch-off point < switch-on point) or a Min contact (switch-off point > switch-on point), thereby implementing a hysteresis that is constantly required (see "Illustration of the alarm and limit functions" figure).
		R214	Enter pick-up delay	0 s 0 2000 s	SETUP HOLD	
		R215	Enter drop-out delay	0 s 0 2000 s	SETUP HOLD B R215 CFF Delay	
		R216	Enter alarm threshold	cond/ind: 9999 mS/cm MOhm: 200 MΩ·cm conc: 9999 %	setup Hold 9999 ^{m5/cm} R216 A. Thresh	If the alarm threshold is undershot/overshot, this triggers an alarm with the error message and error current at the transmitter (note alarm delay in field F3). If defined as a Min contact, the alarm threshold must be < switch-off point.

Coding			Field	Setting range (Factory settings, bold)	Display	Info
		R217	Display status for limit contactor	MAX MIN	setup Hold MMX R217	Display only.
	R2 (2)		Configure limit contactor for temperature measurement	LC PV = limit contactor cond (1) LC °C = limit contactor T (2) PID controller (3) Timer (4) Clean = Chemoclean (5) USP(6)		By confirming with ENTER, another relay function already switched on is switched off and its settings are reset to the factory settings.
		R221	Switch function of R2 (2) off or on	Off On	setup hold Off R221 Function	
		R222	Enter switch-on temperature	250.0 C -35.0 250.0 C	setup Hold 250.0 °c On Value	Never set the switch-on point and the switch-off point to the same value!
		R223	Enter switch-off temperature	250.0 C -35.0 250.0 C	setup Hold 250.0°C Off Value	Entering a switch-off point selects either a Max contact (switch-off point < switch-on point) or a Min contact (switch-off point > switch-on point), thereby implementing a hysteresis that is constantly required (see "Illustration of the alarm and limit functions" figure).
		R224	Enter pick-up delay	0 s 0 2000 s	setup Hold Dr Delay	
		R225	Enter drop-out delay	0 s 0 2000 s	setup Hold Ø R225 Off Delay	
		R226	Enter alarm threshold (as absolute value)	250.0 C -35.0 250.0 C	setup hold 250 . 0 °C A. Thresh	If the alarm threshold is undershot/overshot, this triggers an alarm with the error message and error current at the transmitter (note alarm delay in field F3). If defined as a Min contact, the alarm threshold must be < switch-off point.
		R227	Display status for limit contactor	MAX MIN		Display only.

Cod	ing		Field	Setting range (Factory settings, bold)	Display	Info
	R2 (3)		Configure P(ID) controller	LC PV = limit contactor cond (1) LC °C = limit contactor T (2) PID controller (3) Timer (4) <i>Clean = Chemoclean (5)</i> <i>USP(6)</i>	SETUP HOLD	By confirming with ENTER, another relay function already switched on is switched off and its settings are reset to the factory settings.
		R231	Switch function of R2 (3) off or on	Off On Basic PID+B	setup Hold Off R231 Function	On = PID controller Basic = basic load dosing PID+B = PID controller + basic load dosing
		R232	Enter set point	cond/ind: 0.00 mS/cm MOhm: 0.00 kΩ·cm conc: 0.00 %	setup Hold 0.00 ks/cm 232 Setpoint	The set point is the value to be maintained by the control system. Using this control process, this value is restored upwards or downwards when a deviation occurs.
		R233	Enter control gain K _p	1.00 0.01 20.00	етир ного 1 Ф	See "P(ID) controller" section.
		R234	Enter integral action time T_n (0.0 = no I-component)	0.0 min 0.0 999.9 min	setup hold D.D.M. R234 Time Th	See "P(ID) controller" section. With every Hold, the I-component is set to zero. Although Hold can be deactivated in field S2, this does not apply for Chemoclean and timer!
		R235	Enter derivative action time T_v (0.0 = no D-component)	0.0 min 0.0 999.9 min	setup hold D.D. ^{min} R235 Time TV	See "P(ID) controller" section.
		R236	Select controller characteristic	dir = direct inv = inverse	serup Hold dir R236 Direction	The setting is required depending on the control deviation (upward or downward deviation, see "P(ID) controller" section).
		R237	Select pulse length or pulse frequency	len = pulse length freq = pulse frequency <i>curr = current output 2</i>	setup hold Ien _{r237} Oper "Mode	Pulse length e.g. for solenoid valve, pulse frequency e.g. for solenoid dosing pump, see "Actuating signal outputs" section. Curr = current output 2 can only be selected if O2 = Contr.
		R238	Enter pulse interval	10.0 s 0.5 999.9 s	SETUP HOLD 10,0 ^s R238 PUISEPer.	This field only appears if pulse length is selected in R237. If pulse frequency is selected, R238 is skipped and entries continue with R239.

Cod	Coding		Field	Setting range (Factory settings, bold)	Display	Info
		R239	Enter maximum pulse frequency of the adjuster	120 min ⁻¹ 60 180 min ⁻¹	етир ноцо 120 ^{1/міп} 120 ^{1/міп} 1239 Мах. РЕгеч	This field only appears if pulse frequency is selected in R237. If pulse length is selected, R239 is skipped and entries continue with R2310.
		R2310	Enter minimum switch-on time t _{ON}	0.3 s 0.1 5.0 s	setup hold D. 3 s Min. PTime	This field only appears if pulse length is selected in R237.
		R2311	Enter basic load	0 % 0 40 %	setup Hold BasicLoad	 When you select the basic load, you enter the desired dosing quantity. 100% basic load would correspond to: Constantly on for R237 = len Fmax at R237 = freq (field R239) 20 mA at R237 = curr
	R2 (4)		Configure cleaning function (timer)	LC PV = limit contactor cond (1) LC °C = limit contactor T (2) PID controller (3) Timer (4) <i>Clean = Chemoclean (5)</i> <i>USP(6)</i>	setup hold Tinghara Sel. Tupe	Cleaning only takes place with one cleaning agent (usually water); see Fig. 41). By confirming with ENTER, another relay function already switched on is switched off and its settings are reset to the factory settings.
		R241	Switch function of R2 (4) off or on	Off On	setup Hold Off R241 Function	
		R242	Enter rinsing/cleaning time	30 s 0 999 s	setup hold JØ ^s R242 RinseTime	Settings for Hold and relay are active for this time.
		R243	Enter pause time	360 min 1 7200 min	setup Hold 360 min R243 PauseTime	The pause time is the time between two cleaning cycles (see "Timer for cleaning function" section).
		R244	Enter minimum pause time	120 min 1 R243 min	setup Hold 120 ^{min} R244 Min. Pause	The minimum pause time prevents constant cleaning if a cleaning trigger is present.
	R2 (5)		Configure cleaning with Chemoclean (for version with four contacts , Chemoclean option and contacts 3 and 4 assigned)	LC PV = limit contactor cond (1) LC °C = limit contactor T (2) PID controller (3) Timer (4) Clean = Chemoclean (5) USP(6)	setup hold Clean R2 Sel. Type	See "Chemoclean function" section. By confirming with ENTER, another relay function already switched on is switched off and its settings are reset to the factory settings.

Coding	Field	Setting range (Factory settings, bold)	Display	Info
R25	Switch function of R2 (5) off or on	Off On	setup Hold Offf R251 Function	
R25	2 Select type of start pulse	Int = internal (time-controlled) Ext = external (digital input 2) I+ext = internal + external I+stp = internal, suppressed by external	setup Hold int R252 CleanTrig	The cycle for the "int" function is started by the end of the pause time (R257). No real time clock is available. External suppression is required for irregular time intervals (e.g. weekends).
R25	3 Enter pre-rinse time	20 s 0 999 s	SETUP HOLD C C S R253 PreRinse	Rinsing with water takes place.
R25	i4 Enter cleaning time	10 s <i>0 999 s</i>	setup Hold 10 s CleanTime	Cleaning with cleaning agent and water takes place.
R25	5 Enter post rinse time	20 s 0 999 s	setup hold 20 s PostRinse	Rinsing with water takes place.
R25	Enter number of repeat cycles	0 0 5	setup hold Ø R256 Rep. Rate	R253 R255 is repeated.
R25	7 Enter pause time	360 min 1 7200 min	setup Hold 360 min R257 PauseTime	The pause time is the time between two cleaning cycles (see "Timer function" section).
R25	Enter minimum pause time	120 min 1 R257 min	setup Hold 120 min R258 Min. Pause	The minimum pause time prevents constant cleaning if an external cleaning start is present.
R25	Enter number of cleaning cycles without cleaning agent (economy function)	0 <i>0</i> 9	setup hold Ø _{R259} EconomyC1	After cleaning with cleaner, up to 9 cleaning sessions can be carried out with water only until the next cleaning session with cleaner takes place.

Coding			Field	Setting range (Factory settings, bold)	Display	Info
	R2 (6)		Configure USP contact	LC PV = limit contactor cond (1) LC °C = limit contactor T (2) PID controller (3) Timer (4) Clean = Chemoclean (5) USP(6)	setup но∟о Џ <i>హ</i> рр _{R2} Бер], Т⊎ре	The USP contact can be configured as a pre-alarm, i.e., it issues an alarm before the limit is reached. When an alarm is output, the error no. E151 is displayed. By confirming with ENTER, another relay function already switched on is switched off and its settings are reset to the factory settings.
		R261	Switch function of R2 (6) off or on	Off On	setup hold Chiff R261 Function	
		R262	Alarm threshold: Enter switch-on point	80 % 0.0 100.0 %	setup Hold 80.0% 0n Value	The pre-alarm effects a contact query. Should the alarm value be reached (100 %) the alarm relay also responds. Example: At 15 °C and 1.0 μ S/cm with the setting 80.0 % a pre-alarm is also triggered at 0.8 μ S/cm.
		R264	Alarm threshold: Enter pick-up delay	0 s 0 2000 s	setup Hold Ø s On Delay	
		R265	Alarm threshold: Enter drop-out delay	0 s 0 2000 s	SETUP HOLD	

6.4.8 Temperature compensation with table

You need the Plus Package to use the function group "ALPHA TABLE". This function group is used to perform a temperature compensation with table (field B2). Enter the α -T value pairs in the fields T4 and T5.

Codi	ng	Field	Selection or range (factory settings bold)	Display	Info
Т		Function group ALPHA TABLE			Settings for temperature compensation.
	T1	Select table option	read edit	setup Hold read ₇₁ Sel. Table	
	T2	Enter number of table value pairs	1 1 10	етир ноцо 1 т2 ИО . Е . Э М	Up to 10 value pairs can be entered in the α table. These are numbered from 1 10 and can be edited individually or in sequence.
	Т3	Select table value pair	1 1 number of table value pairs assign	setup ноцо 1 тз 5 ლ 1 Ш 1 ლ П	The function chain T3 T5 will run through as many times as correspond to the value in T2. "Assign" appears as the last step. After confirmation , the system jumps to T6.
	T4	Enter temperature value	0.0 °C <i>−35.0 250.0 °C</i>	setup hold O, O, ^{°C} Temp, Val.	The temperature values must have a minimum distance of 1 K. Factory setting for temperature value of value pairs in table: 0.0 °C; 10.0 °C; 20.0 °C; 30.0 °C
	T5	Enter temperature coefficient o.	2.10 %/K 0.00 20.00 %/K	setup Hold 2. 10 ^{27K} alpha val	
	Т6	Message, whether or not the table status is ok	yes no	setup Hold UCS T6 Status ok	Only display If status = "no", then set table correctly (all previous settings are kept) or back to measurement mode (this makes the table invalid)

6.4.9 **Concentration measurement**

You need the Plus Package to use the function group "CONCENTRATION". The transmitter can convert conductivity values to concentration values. For this, set the operating mode to Concentration measurement (see field A1).

Then, you must enter the basic data to which the concentration calculation should refer. You require the conductivity characteristics of the medium. To get the characteristics, you can either refer to the data sheets of the medium or determine the characteristics yourself.

- 1. To do so, create samples of the medium with the concentrations occurring in your process.
- 2. Measure the uncompensated conductivity of these samples at temperatures which likewise occur in your process.
 - For variable process temperature:

If the variable process temperature should be taken into account for concentration measurement, you must measure the conductivity of each created sample at two different temperatures at least (ideally at the lowest and highest process temperature). The temperature values for the various samples must be identical. However, the difference between the temperatures must be at least 0.5 °C.

At least two differently concentrated samples measured at two different temperatures are required because the transmitter needs a minimum of four references.

For constant process temperature: _

Measure the differently concentrated samples at this constant process temperature. A minimum of two samples is necessary.

Finally, you should have measuring data which are similar to those shown in the following figures:



Fig. 38: Measured data for variable process temperatures (example)

- Conductivity κ
- Concentration С

 C_{m}



Т Temperature κ 1 Т Т T

С

Fig. 39: Measured data for a constant process temperature (example)

 $C_{\rm ma}$

- **κ** Conductivity
- C Concentration

T Constant temperature 1 Measuring range

 C_{mi}

С

C07-CLD132xx-05-06-00-xx-015 enst

 $C_{\rm ma}$

🗞 Note!

The characteristics received from the measuring points must be strictly monotonously increasing or strictly monotonously decreasing in the range of the process conditions. Therefore, neither maxima / minima nor ranges with a constant behaviour can occur. Curve profiles such as those in Fig. 40 are not permitted.



Fig. 40: Impermissible curve profiles

κ *Conductivity*

C Concentration

Value entry

Enter the three characteristic values for each measured sample in the fields K6 to K8 (value triplets of conductivity, temperature and concentration).

• Variable process temperature:

Enter at least four value triplets.

- Constant process temperature:
- Enter at least two value triplets.



Note!

Please make sure that the concentrations and temperatures measured for your samples correspond to the measuring range of the process. If the measured values of the process are outside the range of your sample values, this considerably reduces the level of accuracy and the error message E078 or E079 will be displayed.

If you enter an additional value triplet of 0 μ S/cm and 0 % for each temperature used, you can work from the start of measuring range with sufficient accuracy and without an error message. Enter the values in the order of increasing concentration (see the following example).

mS/cm	%	°C
240	96	60
380	96	90
220	97	60
340	97	90
120	99	60
200	99	90

Codi	ng	Field	Selection or range (factory settings bold)	Display	Info
К		Function group CONCENTRATION		setup hold K CONCENTRA	Four different concentration fields can be entered in this function group.
	K1	Selection of concentration curve, to be used to calculate the display value	1 1 4	setup Hold 1 Ki act.curve	The curves are independent of each other. Therefore, four different curves can be defined.

Coding	Field	Selection or range (factory settings bold)	Display	Info
K2	Selection of table to be edited	1 1 4	setup Hold 1 K2 @ditCurve	When editing a curve, another curve should be used to calculate the corresponding values. Example: When editing curve 2, either curve 1, curve 3 or curve 4 should be active (see K1).
К3	Select table option	read edit	setup Hold Pead K3 Table	This selection applies to all concentration curves.
K4	Enter number of reference triplets	1 1 10	SETUP HOLD 1 K4 NO . EI PM	Each triplet consists of three numeric values.
K5	Select triplet	1 1 number of triplets in K4 assign	setup ноцо 1 к5 5 е 1 Е 1 е 11	Any triplet can be edited. If "assign", go to K9.
Kó	Enter uncompensated conductivity	0.0 mS/cm 0.0 9999 mS/cm	setup Hold Ö, Ö, Ko Conduct.	The function chain K5 K8 will run through automatically as many times as corresponds to the value in K4. Then the system jumps to K9.
K7	Enter concentration value for Kó	0.00 % <i>0.00 99.99 %</i>	setup Hold Ø. ØØ %7 Concentr.	Measuring unit selected as in A2. Format selected as in A3.
K8	Enter temperature value for Kó	0.0 °C <i>−35.0 250.0 °C</i>	setup hold Ö, Ö ^{°C} K8 Temp, val.	
К9	Message whether or not the table status is ok	yes no	setup Hold Hess K9 Status ok	Only display If not, then set table correctly (all previous settings are kept) or back to measurement mode (this makes the table invalid).

6.4.10 Service

Codi	ng	Field	Setting range (Factory settings, bold)	Display	Info
S		SERVICE function group		SETUP HOLD 5	Service function settings.
	S1	Select language	ENG = English GER = German FRA = French ITA = Italian NL = Dutch ESP = Spanish	SETUP HOLD ENG 51 Language	This field has to be configured once during device configuration. Then you can exit S1 and continue.
	S2	Configure Hold	S+C = Hold during configuration and calibration Cal = Hold during calibration Setup = Hold during configuration None = no Hold		S = setup C = calibration
	S3	Manual Hold	Off On	setup Hold Off 53 Man. HOLD	The setting is retained even in the event of a power failure.
	S4	Enter Hold dwell period	10 s 0 999 s	SETUP HOLD 10 5 54 Cont. Time	
	S5	Enter SW upgrade release code (Plus Package)	0000 0000 9999	setup Hold BBBB ₅₅ F1USCODE	The code is located on the nameplate. If an incorrect code is entered, you are taken back to the measurement menu. The number is edited with the PLUS or MINUS key and confirmed with the ENTER key. "1" is displayed if the code is active.
	S6	Enter SW upgrade release code Chemoclean	0000 0000 9999	setup Hold 0000 ₅₆ 01eanCode	The code is located on the nameplate. If an incorrect code is entered, you are taken back to the measurement menu. The number is edited with the PLUS or MINUS key and confirmed with the ENTER key. "1" is displayed if the code is active.
	S7	Order number is displayed		setup Hold Order ₅₇ PR0005	If the device is upgraded, the order code is not automatically adjusted.
	S8	Serial number is displayed		setup hold Sep Mo 58 12345678	

Coding		ıg	Field	Setting range (Factory settings, bold)	Display	Info
		S9	Reset the device to the basic settings	No Sens = sensor data Facty = factory settings	setup Hold MC 59 S.Default	Sens = last calibration is deleted and is reset to factory setting. Facty = all data (apart from A1 a. S1) are deleted and reset to the factory setting!
		S10	Perform device test	No Displ = display test	SETUP HOLD " [] 510] " [] [] [] [] [] []	

6.4.11 E+H Service

Coding			Field	Setting range (Factory settings, bold)	Display	Note
E			E+H SERVICE function group			Information on the device version
	E1		Select module	Contr = controller (1) Trans = transmitter (2) Main = power unit (3) Rel = relay module (4)	SETUP HOLD Controlor E1 Sealecto	
		E111 E121 E131 E141 E151	Software version is displayed		SETUP HOLD XX # XX E111 SW-WEPS #	If $E1 = contr$: instrument software If $E1 = trans$, main, rel: module firmware If $E1 = sens$: sensor software
		E112 E122 E132 E142 E152	Hardware version is displayed		SETUP HOLD XX # XX E112 HUM	Only display function
		E113 E123 E133 E143 E153	Serial number is displayed		setup Hold 5@r/NO E113 12345678	Only display function
		E114 E124 E134 E144 E154	Module ID is displayed			Only display function

6.4.12 Interfaces

Coding		Field	Setting range (Factory settings, bold)	Display	Info
I		INTERFACE function group			Communication settings (only for device version HART or PROFIBUS).
	11	Enter address	Address HART: 0 15 or PROFIBUS: 0 126	setup Hold 126 II Address	
	12	Display of measuring point		SETUP HOLD THE I2 @@@@@@@@@	

6.5 Communication

For devices with a communication interface, please also refer to the separate Operating Instructions BA 208C/07/en (HART®) or BA 209C/07/en (PROFIBUS®).

6.6 Calibration

To access the "Calibration" function group, press the CAL key.

This function group is used to calibrate and adjust the transmitter. Two different types of calibration are possible:

- Calibration by measurement in a calibration solution of a known conductivity.
- Calibration by entering the exact cell constant of the conductivity sensor.



Note!

- At first start-up, sensor calibration is absolutely required in order for the measuring system to be able to generate accurate measuring values.
- If the calibration procedure is aborted by pressing the PLUS and MINUS keys at the same time (return to C114, C126 or C136) or if the calibration is faulty, then the previous calibration data are reinstated. A calibration error is indicated by the "ERR" message and flashing of the sensor symbol on the display.
 - Repeat calibration!
- The instrument is automatically switched to hold during calibration (factory setting).
- After calibration, the system jumps back to the measuring mode. During the hold dwell period the hold symbol is displayed.
- For conductive sensors only the fields C121 to C126 are relevant.

Codin	g	Field	Selection or range (factory settings bold)	Display	Info
С		Function group CALIBRATION		CALIBRAT	Calibration settings.
	C1 (1)	Calibration of inductive sensors with a ring-shaped opening	Airs = Airset (1) Cellc = cell constant (2) InstF = installation factor (3)	AirS _{c1} Calibrat	
	Remove ser	sor from the medium and d	ry completely.		When commissioning inductive sensors, an airset is mandatory. The calibration of the sensor is to be performed in air. The sensor must be dry.
	C1	Residual coupling start calibration (airset)	current measured value	CAL HOLD 1 0.0 ^{µS/CM} AirSet	Start calibration with CAL.
	C1	2 Residual coupling is displayed (airset)	-80.0 80.0 μS/cm	CAL HOLD 1 5 3 4512 14175112 1111111111111	Residual coupling of measuring system (sensor and transmitter).

Codin	g		Field	Selection or range (factory settings bold)	Display	Info
		C113	Calibration status is displayed	o.k. E xxx	cal ready Hold L O.K. C113 Status	If the calibration status is not o.k., the second display line shows an explanation of the error.
		C114	Store calibration results?	yes no new	cal ready Hold Store	If C113 = E xxx, then only no or new . If new, return to C. If yes/no, return to "Measurement".
	C1 (2)		Calibration of cell constant	Airs = Airset (1) Cellc = cell constant (2) InstF = installation factor (3)	Cellc ci Calibrat	
	Immers This de conduc tempers	e sensor Note! scribes t tivity. Fe atur coe	t in calibration solution. the calibration for temper or calibration with uncon fficient α to 0.	ature compensated npensated conductivity set the		The sensor should be immersed at a sufficient distance from the vessel wall (installation factor has no influence if $a > 15 \text{ mm} / 0.59$ ").
		C121	Enter calibration temperature (MTC)	25 °C −35.0 250.0 °C	CAL HOLD L 25.0°C121 ProcTemp.	Only exists if B1 = fixed.
		C122	Enter α value of calibration solution	2.10 %/K 0.00 20.00 %/K	L 2.10 ^{2/K} alpha val	This value is specified in the Technical Information of all E+H calibration solutions. You can also use the printed-on table to calculate the value. Set α to 0 for calibration with uncompensated values.
		C123	Enter correct conductivity value of calibration solution	current measured value 0.0 μS/cm 9999 mS/cm	сац ноцо Ц 10.30 ^{m5/ст} Real. val	You should select a value close to the application range.
		C124	Calculated cell constant is displayed	0.0025 99.99 cm ⁻¹	CAL HOLD 1.000 ^{1/cm} Cellconst	The calculated cell constant is displayed and entered in A5.
		C125	Calibration status is displayed	o.k. E xxx	cal ready Hold D O . K . C125 Status	If the calibration status is not o.k., the second display line shows an explanation of the error.

Codin	g		Field Selection or range (factory settings bold)		Display	Info
		C126	Store calibration results?	yes no new	CAL READY HOLD	If C125 = E xxx, then only no or new . If new, return to C. If yes/no, return to "Measurement".
	C1 (3)		Calibration with sensor adaptation for inductive sensors (Plus Package only)	Airs = Airset (1) Cellc = cell constant (2) InstF = installation factor (3)	Calibrat	Sensor calibration with compensation of wall influence. On inductive sensors, the distance from the
	The ser	nsor is in	istalled in the process.			sensor to the wall of the pipe and the material of the pipe (conductive or nonconductive) influence the measured value. The installation factor shows this influence. See the technical information of the installed sensor.
		C131	Enter process temperature (MTC)	25 °C <i>−35.0 250.0 °C</i>	AL HOLD 1 25.0 ^{°C} MTC temp.	Only exists if B1 = fixed.
		C132	Enter α value of the calibration solution	2.10 %/K 0.00 20.00 %/K	сац нов Ц 2.10 ^{2/К} alpha val	This value is specified in the TI of all E+H calibration solutions. You can also use the printed-on table to calculate the value. Set α to 0 for calibration with uncompensated values.
		C133	Enter correct conductivity value of the calibration solution	current measured value 0.0 μS/cm 9999 mS/cm	са. нов 10.30 ^{m5/ст} Real val.	You should select a value close to the application range.
		C134	<i>Calculated installation factor is displayed</i>	1 0.10 5.00	CAL HOLD L C134 InstFact	On inductive sensors, the distance from the sensor to the wall of the pipe and the material of the pipe (conductive or nonconductive) influence the measured value. The installation factor shows this influence. See the technical information of the installed sensor.
		C135	<i>Calibration status is displayed</i>	o.k. <i>E xxx</i>	cal ready Hold D k c135 Status	If the calibration status is not o.k., the second display line shows an explanation of the error.
		C136	Store calibration results?	yes no new	CAL READY HOLD	If C135 = E xxx, then only no or new . If new, return to C. If yes/no, return to "Measurement".

7 Maintenance

Take all the necessary measures in time to guarantee the operational safety and reliability of the entire measuring system.

Maintenance work at the transmitter comprises:

- Calibration (see "Calibration" section)
- Cleaning of assembly and sensor
- Cable and connection check



Warning!

- When carrying out all work on the device, please observe any possible effects on the process control or the process itself.
- When removing the sensor during maintenance or calibration, please consider potential hazards due to pressure, high temperatures and contamination.
- Make sure the device is de-energised before you open it.
- If work must be carried out when the device is live, this may only be performed by an electrical technician!
- Switching contacts can be fed by separate circuits. These circuits must also be de-energised before work on the terminals is performed.



Caution ESD!

- Electronic components are sensitive to electrostatic discharge. Personal protective measures such as discharging at the PE beforehand or permanent grounding with a wrist strap are required.
- For your own safety, use only genuine spare parts. With genuine spare parts, the function, accuracy and reliability are also guaranteed after repair.

Note!

If you have any queries, please contact your local Sales Office.

7.1 Maintenance of the entire measuring point

7.1.1 Cleaning the transmitter

Clean the front of the housing with usual commercial cleaning agents.

In accordance with DIN 42 115, the front is resistant to:

- Isopropanol
- Diluted acids (max. 3%)
- Diluted alkalis (max. 5%)
- Ester
- Hydrocarbons
- Ketones
- Household cleaners

Caution!

For cleaning purposes, never use:

- Concentrated mineral acids or alkalis
- Benzyl alcohol
- Methylene chloride
- High-pressure steam

7.1.2 Cleaning the conductivity sensors

Please clean **contamination on the sensor** as follows:

• Oily and greasy films:

Warning!

Clean with detergent (grease dissolvers, such as alcohol, acetone, poss. washing-up liquids).



When using the following cleaning agents, make sure to protect your hands, eyes and clothing!

- Lime and metal hydroxide layers: Dissolve layers with diluted hydrochloric acid (3 %) and then rinse carefully with a lot of clear water.
- Layers containing sulphide (from flue gas desulphurising or sewage treatment plants): Use mixture of hydrochloric acid (3 %) and thiocarbamide (usual commercial) and then rinse carefully with a lot of clear water.
- Layers containing proteins (e.g. food industry): Use mixture of hydrochloric acid (0.5 %) and pepsin (usual commercial) and then rinse carefully with a lot of clear water.

7.1.3 Simulation of conductive sensors for device test

Check a measuring device for conductivity by replacing the measuring section and temperature sensor with resistors. Simulation accuracy is dependent on the accuracy of the resistors.

Temperature	Pt 100 replacement resistors		
	Temperature (°C/°F)	Resistance value	
The values in the right-hand table are valid, if	-20/-4	92.13 Ω	
No temperature offset is set on the transmitter. With the temperature sensor type Pt 1000, all	-10/14	96.07 Ω	
the resistance values are increased by a factor of	0/32	100.00 Ω	
10.	10/50	103.90 Ω	
 Note! Connect the temperature equivalent resistor 	20/68	107.79 Ω	
in a three-line system.	25/77	109.73 Ω	
I o connect decade resistors instead of the conductivity sensor, you can use the	50/122	119.40 Ω	
"Conductivity Test Adapter" service kit (order	80/176	130.89 Ω	
110: 51300029).	100/212	138.50 Ω	
	200/392	175.84 Ω	


Conductivity

For conductivity, the values in the following table are valid, if the cell constant k is set to the nominal value according to column 2.

Otherwise: Display conductivity[mS/cm] = $k[cm^{-1}] \cdot 1 / R[k\Omega]$

Resistance R	Cell constant k	Display for conductivity	Display for $M\Omega$
10.0	1 cm ⁻¹	100 mS/cm	
10 32	10 cm ⁻¹	1000 mS/cm	
	0.1 cm ⁻¹	1 mS/cm	$1 \text{ k} \Omega \cdot \text{cm}$
100 Ω	1 cm ⁻¹	10 mS/cm	
	10 cm ⁻¹	100 mS/cm	
	0.1 cm ⁻¹	0.1 mS/cm	$10 \text{ k}\Omega \cdot \text{cm}$
1000 Ω	1 cm ⁻¹	1 mS/cm	
	10 cm ⁻¹	10 mS/cm	
	0.01 cm ⁻¹	1 μS/cm	$1 M\Omega \cdot cm$
101.0	0.1 cm ⁻¹	10 µS/cm	100 k $\mathbf{\Omega} \cdot \text{cm}$
10 K S2	1 cm ⁻¹	100 µS/cm	
	10 cm ⁻¹	1 mS/cm	
	0.01 cm ⁻¹	0.1 µS/cm	$10 \text{ M}\Omega \cdot \text{cm}$
100 k Ω	0.1 cm ⁻¹	1 μS/cm	$1 M\Omega \cdot cm$
	1 cm ⁻¹	10 µS/cm	
	0.01 cm ⁻¹	0.01 µS/cm	$100 \; M\Omega \cdot \text{cm}$
1 MΩ	0.1 cm ⁻¹	0.1 µS/cm	$10 \text{ M}\Omega \cdot \text{cm}$
	1 cm ⁻¹	1 μS/cm	
	0.01 cm ⁻¹	0.001 µS/cm	
10 MΩ	0.1 cm ⁻¹	0.01 µS/cm	$100 \ M\Omega \cdot cm$



Note!

The $M\Omega$ measurement is normally used for pure and ultrapure water and therefore is only wise for cell constants where k = 0.01 or k = 0.1 cm⁻¹.

7.1.4 Simulation of inductive sensors for device test

The inductive sensor cannot be simulated.

However, the overall system comprising the transmitter and inductive sensor can be checked using equivalent resistances. Note the cell constant ($k_{nominal} = 1.98 \text{ cm}^{-1}$ for CLS 50, $k_{nominal} = 5.9 \text{ cm}^{-1}$ for CLS 52).

For an accurate simulation, the actual cell constant (can be read in field C124) is to be used to calculate the display value:

Display conductivity $[mS/cm] = k(cm^{-1}) \cdot 1/R [k\Omega]$.

Values for simulation with CLS 50 at 25 °C / 77 °F:

Simulation resistance R	Default cell constant k	Conductivity display
2 Ω	1.98 cm ⁻¹	990 mS/cm
10 Ω	1.98 cm ⁻¹	198 mS/cm
100 Ω	1.98 cm ⁻¹	19.8 mS/cm
1 kΩ	1.98 cm ⁻¹	1.98 mS/cm

Conductivity simulation:

Pull a cable through the sensor opening and then connect, e.g. to a decade resistor.

7.1.5 Check of conductive sensors

- Measuring surface connection: The measuring surfaces are directly connected to the connections of the sensor connector. Check with ohmmeter at < 1 Ω .
- Measuring surface shunt: There may not be any shunt between the measuring surfaces. Check with ohmmeter at > 20 M Ω .
- Temperature sensor shunt:

There may not be any shunt between the measuring surfaces and the temperature sensor. Check with ohmmeter at $>20~M\Omega.$

Temperature sensor:

You can find out the type of the temperature sensor being used by consulting the sensor nameplate. The sensor can be checked at the sensor connector with an ohmmeter:

- Pt 100 at 25 °C / 77 °F = 109.79 Ω
- Pt 1000 at 25 °C / 77 °F = 1097.9 Ω
- NTC 10 k at 25 °C / 77 °F = 10 k Ω
- Connection:

For sensors with a terminal connection (CLS12/13) check the assignment of the terminals for reversals and the tightness of the terminal screws.

7.1.6 Check of inductive sensors

The following specifications apply to the CLS50 and CLS52 sensors.

The sensor lines on the instrument or junction box are to be disconnected for all tests described here!

- Testing transmitting and receiving coils
 - Ohmic resistance approx. 0.5 ... 2 Ω .
 - Inductivity approx. 260 ... 450 mH (at 2 kHz)
 - CLS50: approx. 250 ... 450 mH
 - CLS52: approx. 180 ... 360 mH

(Measure the white and red coaxial cables, between the inner conductor and screen in both cases.)

- Testing the coil shunt
 - A shunt between the two sensor coils is not allowed. The resistance measured should be >20 $M\Omega.$

Test with ohmmeter between red coaxial cable and white coaxial cable.

Testing the temperature sensor

Use the table in chapter "Simulation of inductive sensors for device test" to check the Pt100 in the sensor.

Measure between the green and white wires and between green and yellow. The resistance values should be identical.

- Testing the temperature sensor shunt
- Shunts between the temperature sensor and the coils are not allowed. Check with ohmmeter for >20 M $\Omega.$

Measure between the temperature sensor wires (green + white + yellow) and the coils (red and white coaxial cables).

7.1.7 Connecting lines and junction boxes

 Use the methods described in chapters "Simulation of conductive/inductive sensors for device test" to perform a quick functional check from the conductivity sensor (sensor connector) to the measuring instrument via an extension.

Connect the decade resistors simply with the service kit "Conductivity Test Adapter", order no. 51500269.

- Check junction boxes for:
 - Moisture (influence at low conductivity or $M\Omega$ measurement, if necessary dry box, replace seals, insert dehydrating bag)
 - Correct connection of all lines
 - Connection of the outer screens
 - Tightness of the terminal screws

7.2 "Optoscope" service tool

The Optoscope together with the "Scopeware" software offers the following possibilities, without having to remove or open the Liquisys M and without galvanic connection to the instrument:

- Documentation of the instrument settings in conjunction with Commuwin II
- Software update by the service technician
- Upload/download a hex dump to duplicate configurations.

The optoscope serves as an interface between the transmitter and PC / laptop. The information exchange takes place via the optical interface on the transmitter and via an RS 232 interface on the PC / laptop (see "Accessories").

8 Accessories

8.1 Sensors

Condumax W CLS12

Conductive conductivity sensor for standard, Ex and high temperature applications; Ordering acc. to version, see Technical Information TI 082/C07/en

□Condumax W CLS13

Conductive conductivity sensor for standard, Ex and high temperature applications; Ordering acc. to version, see Technical Information TI 083/C07/en

Condumax W CLS15

Conductive conductivity sensor for pure and ultra-pure water applications (incl. Ex); Ordering acc. to version, see Technical Information TI 109/C07/en

Condumax H CLS16

Hygienic conductive conductivity sensor for pure and ultra-pure water applications (incl. Ex); Ordering acc. to version, see Technical Information TI 227/C07/en

Condumax W CLS19

Conductive conductivity sensor for pure and ultra-pure water applications; Ordering acc. to version, see Technical Information TI 110/C07/en

Condumax W CLS21

Conductive conductivity sensor for applications with middle to high conductivity (incl. Ex); Ordering acc. to version, see Technical Information TI 085/C07/en



Fig. 41: Application ranges of conductive conductivity sensors:

top = *conductivity*

bottom = resistivity

□Indumax P CLS50

Inductive conductivity sensor for standard, Ex and high temperature applications; Ordering acc. to the sensor version, see Technical Information (order no. 50090385) Indumax H CLS52

Inductive conductivity sensor with short response time in hygienic design; Ordering acc. to the sensor version, see Technical Information (order no. 50086110)

8.2 Connection accessories

Measuring cable CYK71 for use as extension cable between junction box VBM and transmitter, sold by the metre; order no. 50085333
Extension cable CLK5 for inductive conductivity sensors, for cable extension via junction box VBM; (sold by the metre), order no. 50085473
□Junction box VBM

for cable extension, with 10 terminals, IP 65 / NEMA 4X

Cable entry Pg 13.5	Order no. 50003987
Cable entry NPT 1/2"	Order no. 51500177

8.3 Mounting accessories

□Weather protection cover CYY101 for mounting of field housing, for outdoor installation material: stainless steel 1.4031; order no. CYY101-A



Fig. 42: Weather protection cover for field instrument

□ Universal upright post CYY102

Square post for mounting of field housing, material: stainless steel 1.4301; order no. CYY102-A



Fig. 43: Square post CYY102



□Kit for mounting of field housing on horizontal or vertical pipes (Ø max. 60 mm (2.36")) order no. 50086842

Fig. 44: Pipe mounting kit

8.4 Assemblies

Dipfit W CLA111 immersion and process assembly For open and closed tanks with DN 100 flange, for ordering information, see Technical Information Dipfit W CLA111 (TI 135C/07/en)



Fig. 45: Dipfit CLA111, DN 100 flange, mounting versions A, B und D

Dipfit P CLA140

For the inductive sensor CLS50 Immersion assembly with flange connection for high duty processes; Ordering acc. to the version, see Technical Information (order no. 51500081)

□CLA751 flow assembly



For installation of conductivity sensors with G 1 thread. Inlet (bottom) and outlet (lateral) DN 20 with union nuts G 1. Stainless steel 1.4571 (AISI 316Ti) Max. temperature: 160 °C / 320 °F Max. pressure: 12 bar / 174 psi Order no.: 50004201

Fig. 46: CLA751 flow assembly

8.5 Software and hardware add-ons

The add-ons can only be ordered by quoting the serial number of the device in question.

- Plus Package
 Order no. 51500385
 Chemoclean
 Order no. 51500963
 Two-relay card
- Order no. 51500320
- □ Four-relay card
- Order no. 51500321
- □ Two-relay card with current input Order no. 51504304
- □ Four-relay card with current input Order no. 51504305

8.6 Calibration solutions

Precision calibration solutions, acc. to SRM (Standard reference material) of NIST, error limit \pm 0,5 %, reference temperature 25 °C (77 °F), with temperature table □ CLY11-A, 74.0 µS/cm, 500 ml (0.132 Us.gal); order no. 50081902 □ CLY11-B, 149.6 µS/cm, 500 ml (0.132 Us.gal); order no. 50081903 □ CLY11-C, 1.406 mS/cm, 500 ml (0.132 Us.gal); order no. 50081904 □ CLY11-D, 12.64 mS/cm, 500 ml (0.132 Us.gal); order no. 50081905 □ CLY11-E, 107.0 mS/cm, 500 ml (0.132 Us.gal); order no. 50081906

8.7 Optoscope

□ Optoscope

Interface between transmitter and PC / laptop for service purposes. The Windows software "Scopeware" required for the PC or laptop is supplied with the Optoscope. The Optoscope is supplied in a sturdy plastic case with all the accessories required. Order no. 51500650

9 Trouble-shooting

9.1 Trouble-shooting instructions

The transmitter constantly monitors its functions itself. If an error occurs which the device recognises, this is indicated on the display. The error number is under the unit display of the main measured value. If more than one error occurs, you can call these up with the MINUS key. Refer to the "System error messages" table for the possible error numbers and remedial measures. Should a malfunction occur without any transmitter error message, please refer to the "Process-specific errors" or the "Device-specific errors" tables to localise and rectify the error. These tables provide you with additional information on any spare parts required.

9.2 System error messages

The system error messages can be called up and selected with the MINUS key.

Error no.	Display	Tests and/or remedial measures	Alarm contact		Error current		Autom. cleaning start	
			Facty	User	Facty	User	Facty	User
E001	EEPROM memory error	1. Switch device off and then on again.	Yes		No		_	1
	Instrument not calibrated, calibration	 Load device software compatible with the hardware (with optoscope, see "Optoscope service tool" section). 						
E002	data invalid, no user data, user data invalid (EEPROM error), instrument	 Load measurement-parameter specific device software. If the error persists, send in the device for repair to your local service organisation or replace the device. 			No		_	1
	(controller)							
E003	Download error	Invalid configuration. Repeat download, check optoscope.	Yes		No		No	
E004	Instrument software version not compatible with module hardware version	Load software compatible with hardware. Load measurement-parameter specific device software.			No		No	
E007	Transmitter malfunction, instrument software not compatible with transmitter version				No		_	1
E008	Sensor or sensor connection faulty	Check sensor and sensor connection (Service).	Yes		No		No	
E010	Temperature sensor defective, not connected or short-circuited (measurement continues with 25 °C)	Check temperature sensor and connections; check device and measuring cable with temperature simulator if necessary. Check correct option selected in field B1.			No		No	
E025	Limit for Airset offset exceeded	Repeat Airset (in air) or replace sensor. Dry sensor.	Yes		No		No	
E036	Calibration range of sensor exceeded	Clean sensor and recalibrate; if necessary, check	Yes		No		No	
E037	Below calibration range of sensor	sensor and connections.	Yes		No		No	
E045	Calibration aborted	Recalibrate	Yes		No		—	1
E049	Calibration range of installation factor exceeded	Check pipe diameter, clean sensor and recalibrate.	Yes		No		_	1
E050	Below calibration range of installation factor		Yes		No		_	1
E055	Below main parameter measuring range	Immerse sensor in conductive medium or perform Airset	Yes		No		No	

Error no.	Display	Tests and/or remedial measures Alarm contact		m contact Error current		Autom. cleaning start		
			Facty	User	Facty	User	Facty	User
E057	Main parameter measuring range exceeded		Yes		No		No	
E059	Below temperature measuring range	Check measurement and connections; check device and measuring cable with simulator if necessary.	Yes		No		No	
E061	Temperature measuring range exceeded		Yes		No		No	
E063	Below current output range 1	Check configuration.	Yes		No		No	
E064	Current output range 1 exceeded	Y			No		No	
E065	Below current output range 2	Check measured value and current assignment.	Yes		No		No	
E066	Current output range 2 exceeded		Yes		No		No	
E067	Set point exceeded limit contactor 1		Yes		No		No	
E068	Set point exceeded limit contactor 2	Y.			No		No	
E069	Set point exceeded limit contactor 3	Check configuration.	Yes		No		No	
E070	Set point exceeded limit contactor 4		Yes		No		No	
E071	Inaccurate measurement / polarisation	Clean sensor; check table; choose suitable sensor	Yes		No		No	
E077	Temperature outside α value table range		Yes		No		No	
E078	Temperature outside concentration table	Clean sensor; check table.			No		No	
E079	Conductivity outside concentration table	-			No		No	
E080	Current output 1 range too small	In anono non zo in "Current outputs" monu	No		No		_	1
E081	Current output 2 range too small	Increase range in "Current outputs" menu.	No		No		_	1
E085	Incorrect setting for error current	If the current range "0 20 mA" was selected in field O311, the error current "2.4 mA" may not be set.	?		?		?	?
E100	Current simulation active		No		No		_	1
E101	Service function yes	Switch off service function or switch device off and then on again.	No		No		_	1
E102	Manual mode active		No		No		_	_1
E106	Download yes	Wait for download to finish.	No		No		_	1
E116	Download error	Repeat download.	No		No		_	1
E150	Distance between temp. values in α value table too small or not monotonously increasing	Enter correct values in α value table (minimum distance between temperature values of 1 K required)	No		No		No	
E151	USP error		No		No		No	
E152	PCS alarm	Check sensor and connection.	No		No		No	
E153	USP temperature error		No		No		No	

Error no.	Display	Tests and/or remedial measures Alarm conta		Alarm contact		ırrent	Autom. start	cleaning
			Facty	User	Facty	User	Facty	User
E154	Below lower alarm threshold for period exceeding alarm delay		Yes		No		No	
E155	Above upper alarm threshold for period exceeding alarm delay		Yes		No		No	
E156	Actual value undershoots alarm threshold (CC setpoint) for longer than the set permissible maximum period	Perform manual comparison measurement if necessary. Service sensor and recalibrate.			No		No	
E157	Actual value exceeds alarm threshold (CC setpoint) for longer than the set permissible maximum period				No		No	
E162	Dosage stop	Check settings in the CURRENT INPUT and CHECK function groups.	Yes		No		No	
E171	Flow in main stream too low or zero	Restore flow.	Yes		No		No	
E172	Switch-off limit for current input exceeded	Check process variables at sending measuring instrument. Change range assignment if necessary.	Yes		No		No	
E173	Current input < 4 mA	Check process variables at sending measuring instrument.	Yes		No		No	
E174	Current input > 20 mA	Check process variables at sending measuring instrument. Change range assignment if necessary.	Yes		No		No	

1) If this error occurs, there is no possibility of starting a cleaning session (field F8 not applicable with this error).

9.3 Process specific errors

Use the following table to locate and correct errors.

Error	Possible cause	Tests and / or remedial measures	Equipment, spare parts, personnel
	Calibration faulty	Calibrate instrument according to chapter "Calibration".	Calibration solution or sensor certificate
	Sensor soiled	Clean sensor.	See chapter "Cleaning conductivity sensors".
	Incorrect temperature measurement	Check temperature value on instrument and reference unit.	Temperature measuring instrument, precision thermometer
	Incorrect temperature compensation	Check compensation method (none / ATC / MTC) and compensation type (linear/substance/user table).	Please note: transmitter has separate calibration and operating temperature coefficients.
Display deviates from reference measurement	Reference instrument calibration faulty	Calibrate reference instrument or use calibrated instrument.	Calibration solution, operating instructions of reference instrument
	Incorrect ATC setting on reference instrument	Compensation method and compensation type must be identical on both instruments.	Operating instructions of reference instrument
	Polarisation error	Use suitable sensor:Use larger cell constant.Use graphite instead of stainless steel (check resistance).	Measuring range tables e.g. in FA "Conductivity" or technical data of conductivity sensors
	Incorrect line resistance in field A6	Enter correct value	CYK71: 165 Ω/km
	Short circuit / moisture in sensor	Check sensor.	See chapter "Checking inductive conductivity sensors".
	Short circuit in cable or junction box	Check cable and junction box.	See chapter "Checking extension cable and junction box".
Implausible measured	Interruption in sensor	Check sensor.	See chapter "Checking inductive conductivity sensors".
values in general:	Interruption in cable or junction box	Check cable and junction box.	See chapter "Checking extension cable and junction box".
value overflow	Incorrect cell constant setting	Check cell constant.	Sensor nameplate or certificate
 measured value arways 000 measured value too low 	Incorrect output assignment	Check assignment of measured values to current signals.	
 measured value too high measured value frozen incorrect current output 	Incorrect output function	Check 0-20 / 4 -20 mA selection and curve shape (linear /table).	
value	Air cushion in assembly	Check assembly and installation.	
	Grounding short on or in device	Measure in insulated container	Plastic container, calibration solutions
	Transmitter module defective	Test with new module.	See chapter "Spare parts".
	Impermissible instrument operating state (no response to key actuation)	Switch instrument off and back on.	EMC problem: check grounding and line routing if problem persists or call E+H Service to test.
	Incorrect sensor connection	Verify connections using connection diagram; three-wire connection mandatory.	Connection diagram in chapter "Electrical connection"
Incorrect temperature value	Measuring cable defective	Check cable for interruption/short circuit/ shunt.	Ohmmeter
	Incorrect temperature sensor type	Select temperature sensor type on instrument (field B1).	

Error	Possible cause	Tests and / or remedial measures	Equipment, spare parts, personnel
	No / incorrect temperature compensation	ATC: select compensation type; linear: set correct coefficient. MTC: set process temperature.	
	Incorrect temperature measurement	Check temperature value.	Reference instrument, thermometer
Incorrect conductivity measured value in process	Bubbles in medium	Suppress bubble formation: – gas bubble trap – counterpressure (cover) – bypass measurement	
	Polarisation effects (only with conductive sensors)	 Use suitable sensor Use larger cell constant Use graphite instead of stainless steel (check resistance) 	Measuring range tables e.g. in FA "Conductivity" or technical data of conductivity sensors
	Flow rate too high (may cause bubbles)	Reduce flow or choose low turbulence mounting position.	
	Interference current in medium (only when conductive)	Ground medium close to sensor.	Most frequent cause of currents in medium: defective submerged motors
	Sensor soiled or coated	Clean sensor (see chapter "Cleaning conductivity sensors").	Heavily soiled media: use spray cleaning.
	Incorrect line resistance in field A6	Enter correct value.	CYK71: 165 Ω/km
	Measuring cable interferences	Connect cable screen according to connection diagram.	See chapter "Electrical connection".
Measured value fluctuates	Signal output line interferences	Check line routing, try separate line routing.	Separate routing of signal output and measuring input lines
	Interference currents in medium	Eliminate source of interference or ground medium close to sensor.	
Controller or timer cannot be activated	No relay module available	Install module LSR1-2 or LSR1-4.	
	Controller switched off	Activate controller.	See fields R2xx.
	Controller in "Manual/Off" mode	Choose "Auto" or "Manual/On" mode.	Keyboard, REL-key
Controller/limit contact does not work	Pickup delay setting too long "Hold" function active	Disable or shorten pickup delay. "Automatic Hold" during calibration, "Hold" input activated; "Hold" via keyboard active.	See fields R2xx. See fields S2 to S5.
	Controller in "Manual/On" mode	Set controller to "Manual/Off" or "Auto".	Keyboard, REL and AUTO keys
Controller/limit contact	Dropout delay setting too long	Shorten dropout delay.	See field R2xx.
works continuously	Control loop interruption	Check measured value, current output, actuators, chemical supply.	
No conductivity current	Line open or short-circuited	Disconnect line and measure directly on instrument.	mA meter 0–20 mA
output signal	Output defective	See chapter "Instrument specific errors".	
	Current simulation active	Switch off simulation.	See field O3.
Fixed conductivity current output signal	Impermissible operating state of processor system	Switch instrument off and back on.	EMC problem: check installation, screen, grounding if problem persists / call Service to test.
	Incorrect current assignment	Check current assignment: 0–20 mA or 4–20 mA?	Field O311
Incorrect current output signal	Total load in current loop excessive (> 500 Ω .)	Disconnect output and measure directly on instrument.	mA meter for 0–20 mA DC
	EMC (interference coupling)	Disconnect both output lines and measure directly on instrument.	Use shielded lines, ground screens on both sides, route line in other duct if necessary.
Current output table not accepted	Value interval too small	Select practical intervals	

Error	Possible cause	Tests and / or remedial measures	Equipment, spare parts, personnel
No temperature output	Instrument does not have 2nd current output	Refer to nameplate for variant; change LSCH-x1 module if necessary.	Module LSCH-x2, see chapter "Spare parts".
signal	Instrument with PROFIBUS PA	PA instrument has no current output!	
Chemoclean function not available	No relay module (LSR1-x) installed or only LSR1-2 available	Install LSR1-4 module. The Chemoclean is enabled using the release code supplied by E+H in the Chemoclean retrofit kit.	Module LSR1-4, see chapter "Spare parts".
Plus package functions not available (Live Check, current curve 2 4, alpha value curve 2 4, user conc. curve 1 4)	Plus package not enabled (enable with code that depends on serial number and is received from E+H with order of extension package)	 When upgrading instrument with Plus package: code received from E+H ⇒ enter. After replacing defective LSCH/LSCP module: first enter instrument serial number (s. nameplate) manually, then enter code. 	For a detailed description, see chapter "Replacement of central module".
	No central HART module	Verify by looking at nameplate: HART = -xxx5xx and -xxx6xx	Upgrade to LSCH-H1 / -H2.
	No or wrong DD (device description)	For further information see BA	
	HART interface missing	208C/07/en, "HART® – Field communication with Liquisys M	
No HART communication	Instrument not registered with HART server	CxM223/253".	
	Load too low (load > 230 Ω required)		
	HART receiver (e.g. FXA 191) not connected via load but via power supply		
	Incorrect device address (addr. = 0 for single operation, addr. > 0 for multi-drop operation)		
	Line capacitance too high		
	Line interferences		
	Several devices set to same address	Set addresses correctly.	Communication not possible with several devices set to same address.
	No central PA/DP module	Verify by looking at nameplate: PA = -xxx3xx /DP = xxx4xx	Upgrade to LSCP module, see chapter "Spare parts".
	Incorrect instrument software version (without PROFIBUS)		
	Commuwin (CW) II: Incompatible CW II and instrument software versions		
	No or incorrect DD/DLL		
N. DDOFIDIIC®	Incorrect baud rate setting for segment coupler in DPV-1 server	For further information, see BA 209C/07/en "PROFIBUS PA/DP – Field	
communication	Incorrect station (master) addressed or duplicate address	communication with Liquisys M CxM223/253".	
	Incorrect station (slaves) address		
	Bus line not terminated		
	Line problems (too long, cross section too small; not shielded, screen not grounded, wires not twisted)		
	Bus voltage too low (bus supply voltage typ. 24 V DC for non-Ex)	Voltage at instrument's PA/DP connector must be at least 9 V.	

9.4 Instrument specific errors

The following table helps you during the diagnosis and points to any spare parts required.

Depending on the degree of difficulty and the measuring equipment present, diagnosis is carried out by:

- Trained operator personnel
- The user's trained electrical technicians
- Company responsible for system installation/operation
- Endress+Hauser Service

Information on the exact spare part designations and on how to install these parts can be found in the "Spare parts" section.

Error	Possible cause	Tests and/or remedial measures	Execution, tools, spare parts
Device cannot be operated, display value 9999	Operation locked	Press CAL and MINUS keys simultaneously.	See "Function of keys" section.
	No line voltage	Check whether line voltage is present.	Electrical technician/e.g. multimeter
	Supply voltage wrong/too low	Compare actual line voltage and nameplate data.	User (data for energy supply company or multimeter)
	Connection faulty	Terminal not tightened; insulation jammed; wrong terminals used.	Electrical technician
Display dark, no light-emitting diode active	Device fuse defective	Compare line voltage and the nameplate data and replace fuse.	Electrical technician/suitable fuse; see drawing in "Spare parts" section.
	Power unit defective	Replace power unit, note variant.	On-site diagnosis by Endress+Hauser Service, test module necessary
	Central module defective	Replace central module, note variant.	On-site diagnosis by Endress+Hauser Service, test module necessary
	CLM253: ribbon cable item 310 loose or defective	Check ribbon cable, renew if necessary.	See "Spare parts" section.
Display dark, light-emitting diode active	Central module defective (module: LSCH/LSCP)	Renew central module, note variant.	On-site diagnosis by Endress+Hauser Service, test module necessary
Display is on but – No change in display	Device or module in device not correctly mounted	CLM223: reinstall insert. CLM253: remount display module.	Perform with the aid of the installation drawings in the "Spare parts" section.
and/or – Device cannot be operated	Operating system in unpermitted mode	Switch device off and then on again.	Poss. EMC problem: if this persists, check the installation or have it checked by Endress+Hauser Service.
Dervice gets hat	Voltage wrong/too high	Compare line voltage and nameplate data.	User, electrical technician
Device gets not	Power unit defective	Replace power unit.	Diagnosis only by Endress+Hauser Service
Incorrect meas. cond/M Ω and/or temperature	Transmitter module defective (module: MKIC), please first carry out tests and take measures as per the "Process errors without messages" section.	 Measuring input test: Connect resistor in place of conductivity sensor Resistance 100 Ω at terminals 11/12 + 13 = display 0 °C 	If test negative: replace module (note variant). Perform with the aid of the exploded drawings in the "Spare parts" section.
	Adjustment not correct	Check with installed current simulation.	
Current output current	Load too big	connect mA meter directly to current	factory or new module LSCxx required.
value incorrect	Shunt/short to ground in current loop	output.	If simulation value correct: check current
	Incorrect mode of operation	Check whether 0–20 mA or 4–20 mA is selected.	
No current output signal	Current output stage defective (module LSCH/LSCP)	Check with installed current simulation, connect mA meter directly to current output.	If test negative: Renew central module LSCH/LSCP (note variant).
No function of additional relay	CLM253: ribbon cable item 320 loose or defective	Check ribbon cable seating, renew cable if required.	See "Spare parts" section.

Error	Possible cause	Tests and/or remedial measures	Execution, tools, spare parts
Only 2 additional relays can be triggered	Relay module LSR1-2 installed with 2 relays	Upgrade to LSR1-4 with 4 relays.	User or Endress+Hauser Service
Additional functions (Plus	No or incorrect release code used	If retrofitting: check whether the correct serial number was quoted when ordering the Plus package.	Handled by Endress+Hauser Sales
package) missing	Incorrect device serial number saved in LSCH/LSCP module	Check whether serial number on the nameplate matches SNR in LSCH/ LSCP (field S 8).	The serial number of the device is definitive for the Plus package.
Additional functions (Plus package and/or Chemoclean) missing after LSCH/LSCP module replaced	Replacement modules LSCH or LSCP have the device serial number 0000 when they leave the factory. The Plus package or Chemoclean are not enabled on leaving the factory.	In the case of LSCH/LSCP with SNR 0000, a device serial number can be entered once in fields E114 to E116. Then enter the release code for the Plus package and/or Chemoclean.	For a detailed description, see "Replacing central module" section.
No HART or PROFIBUS-PA/-DP	Incorrect central module	HART: LSCH-H1 or H2 module, PROFIBUS-PA: LSCP-PA module, PROFIBUS-DP: LSCP-DP module, see field E112.	Replace central module; user or Endress+Hauser Service
interface function	Wrong software	SW version see field E111.	SW can be modified with optoscope.
	Bus problem	Remove some devices and repeat the test.	Contact Endress+Hauser Service.

9.5 Spare parts

Spare parts are to be ordered from your sales center responsible. Specify the order numbers listed in the chapter "Spare parts kits".

To be on the safe side, you should **always** specify the following data with your spare part orders:

- Instrument order code (order code)
- Serial number (serial no.)
- Software version where available

Refer to the nameplate for the order code and serial number.

The software version is displayed in the instrument sofware (see chapter "Instrument configuration") if the instrument processor system is functional.

9.5.1 Dismantling of panel mounted instrument



Note!

Please note the effects on the process if the device is taken out of service!



Please refer to the diagram in Section 9.5 for the item numbers.

- 1. Disconnect the terminal block (item 420 b) from the rear of the device to de-energise the device.
- 2. Then remove the terminal blocks (item 420 a and poss. 430) from the rear of the device. Now you can disassemble the device.
- 3. Press in the latches of the end frame (item 340) and remove the frame from the rear.
- 4. Release the special screw (item 400) by turning it counter-clockwise.
- 5. Remove the entire electronics block from the housing. The modules are only mechanically connected and can be easily separated:
 - Simply remove the processor/display module from the front.
 - Pull out the brackets of the rear plate (item 320) slightly.
 - Now you can remove the side modules.
- 6. Remove the cond. transmitter (item 240) as follows:
 - Using fine side-cutting pliers, nip off the heads of the synthetic distance holders.
 - Then remove the module from above.

Assembly is the reverse of the disassembly sequence. Tighten the special screw hand-tight without a tool.



9.5.2 Panel mounted instrument



The exploded drawing contains the components and spare parts of the panel-mounted instrument. You can take the spare parts and the corresponding order number from the following section using the item numbers.

Item	Kit description	Name	Function/contents	Order number
15	Power unit (main module)	LSGA	100 / 115 / 230 V AC	51500317
20	Power unit (main module)	LSGD	24 V AC + DC	51500318
40	Central module cond. (controller)	LSCH-S1	1 current output	51501210
50	Central module cond. (controller)	LSCH-S2	2 current outputs	51501212
60	Central module cond. (controller)	LSCH-H1	1 current output + HART	51501213
70	Central module cond. (controller)	LSCH-H2	2 current outputs + HART	51501214
80	Central module cond. (controller)	LSCP-PA	PROFIBUS PA/no current output	51501215
90	Central module cond. (controller)	LSCP-DP	PROFIBUS DP/no current output	51502502
41	Central module ind. (controller)	LSCH-S1	1 current output	51501216
51	Central module ind. (controller)	LSCH-S2	2 current outputs	51501218
61	Central module ind. (controller)	LSCH-H1	1 current output + HART	51501219
71	Central module ind. (controller)	LSCH-H2	2 current outputs + HART	51501220
81	Central module ind. (controller)	LSCP-PA	PROFIBUS PA/no current output	51501221
91	Central module ind. (controller)	LSCP-DP	PROFIBUS DP/no current output	51502501
240	Conductivity transmitter	MKIC	Cond. + temperature input	51501206
290	Relay module	LSR1-2	2 relays	51500320
290	Relay module	LSR2-2i	2 relays + current input 4 20 mA	51504304
300	Relay module	LSR1-4	4 relays	51500321
300	Relay module	LSR2-4i	4 relays + current input 4 20 mA	51504305
310	Side panel		Kit with 10 parts	51502124
310, 320, 340, 400	Housing mechanical parts		Rear plate, side panel, end frame, special screw	51501076
330, 400	Housing module		Housing with front membrane, sensory tappets, gasket, special screw, tensioning dogs, connection plates and nameplates	51501075
340	End frame PROFIBUS-DP		Rear frame for PROFIBUS DP, with D-submin plug connector	51502513
345	Grounding terminal strip		PE and screening connections	51501086
420a, 420b	Terminal strip set		Complete terminal strip set, standard + HART	51501203
420a, 420b	Terminal strip set		Complete terminal strip set, PROFIBUS PA	51502126
420a, 420b	Terminal strip set		Complete terminal strip set, PROFIBUS DP	51502493
430	Terminal strip		Terminal strip for relay module	51501078
А	Fuse		Part of power unit, item 15	
В	Choice of line voltage		Position of jumper on power unit, item 15 depending on line voltage	

9.5.3 Dismantling of field instrument

Caution!

Please note the effects on the process if the device is taken out of service!



Note! Please refer to the diagram in Section 9.5 for the item numbers.

To dismantle the field instrument you need the following tools:

- Standard set of screwdrivers
- Torx-screwdriver size TX 20

Proceed as follows:

- 1. Open and remove the cover of the connection compartment (item 420).
- 2. Disconnect the mains terminal (item 470) to de-energise the device.
- 3. Open the display cover (item 410) and loosen the ribbon cables (item 310/320) on the side of the central module (item 40 ... 91).
- 4. To remove the central module (item 40), loosen the screw in the display cover (item 450 b).
- 5. Proceed as follows to remove the electronics box (item 330):
 - Release the screws in the housing base (item 450 a) with two revolutions.
 - Then push the entire box backwards and remove it from above.
 - Make sure that module locks do not open!
 - Loosen the ribbon cables (item 310/320)
 - Bend the module locks out and remove the modules.
- 6. To remove the docking module (item 340), remove the screws in the housing base (item 450 c) and remove the entire module from above.
- 7. Proceed as follows to remove the cond. transmitter (item 240):
 - Using fine side-cutting pliers, nip off the heads of the synthetic distance sleeves.
 - Then remove the module from above.

To assemble, carefully push the modules into the trolley tracks of the electronics box and let them engage in the side box noses.



Note!

- Incorrect mounting is not possible. Modules inserted in the electronics box incorrectly are not
 operable since the ribbon cables cannot be connected.
- Make sure the cover seals are intact to guarantee IP 65 ingress protection.





Fig. 48: Exploded drawing of field instrument

The exploded drawing contains the components and spare parts of the field device. You can take the spare parts and the corresponding order number from the following section using the item numbers.

Item	Kit description	Name	Function/contents	Order number
15	Power unit (main module)	LSGA	100 / 115 / 230 V AC	51500317
20	Power unit (main module)	LSGD	24 V AC + DC	51500318
40	Central module cond. (controller)	LSCH-S1	1 current output	51501210
50	Central module cond. (controller)	LSCH-S2	2 current outputs	51501212
60	Central module cond. (controller)	LSCH-H1	1 current output + HART	51501213
70	Central module cond. (controller)	LSCH-H2	2 current outputs + HART	51501214
80	Central module cond. (controller)	LSCP-PA	PROFIBUS PA/no current output	51501215
90	Central module cond. (controller)	LSCP-DP	PROFIBUS DP/no current output	51502502
41	Central module ind. (controller)	LSCH-S1	1 current output	51501216
51	Central module ind. (controller)	LSCH-S2	2 current outputs	51501218
61	Central module ind. (controller)	LSCH-H1	1 current output + HART	51501219
71	Central module ind. (controller)	LSCH-H2	2 current outputs + HART	51501220
81	Central module ind. (controller)	LSCP-PA	PROFIBUS PA/no current output	51501221
91	Central module ind. (controller)	LSCP-DP	PROFIBUS DP/no current output	51502501
240	Conductivity transmitter	MKIC	Cond. + temperature input	51501206
290	Relay module	LSR1-2	2 relays	51500320
290	Relay module	LSR2-2i	2 relays + current input 4 20 mA	51504304
300	Relay module	LSR1-4	4 relays	51500321
300	Relay module	LSR2-4i	4 relays + current input 4 20 mA	51504305
410, 420, 370, 430,	Housing cover		Display cover, connection compartment cover, front membrane, hinges, cover screws, small parts	51501068
400, 480	Housing base		Base, threaded joints	51501072
330, 340, 450	Internal housing parts		Docking assembly, empty electronics box, small parts	51501073
310, 320	Ribbon cable lines		2 ribbon cable lines	51501074
430	Hinges		2 pairs of hinges	51501069
470	Terminal strip		Terminal strip for connection to mains	51501079
420a, 420c	Terminal strip set		Terminal strip set complete for PROFIBUS DP	51502493
403	PE rail		PE connection rail for screen grounding	51501087
A	Electronics box with relay module LSR1-x (bottom) and power unit LSGA/LSGD (top)			
В	Fuse also accessible if electronics box installed			
С	Fuse		Part of power unit, item 15	
D	Choice of line voltage		Position of jumper on power unit, item 10 depending on desired line voltage	





Note!

Generally, when a central module has been replaced, all data which can be changed are set to the factory setting.

Proceed as described below if a central module is replaced:

- . If possible, note the customised settings of the device, such as:
 - Calibration data
 - Current assignment, main parameter and temperature
 - Relay function selections
 - Limit value/controller settings
 - Cleaning settings
 - Monitoring functions
 - Interface parameters
- 2. Disassemble the device as explained in the "Dismantling the panel-mounted instrument" or "Dismantling the field instrument" section.
- 3. Use the part number on the central module to check whether the new module has the same part number as the previous module.
- 4. Assemble the device with the new module.
- 5. Start up the device again and check the basic functions (e.g. measured value and temperature display, operation via keyboard).
- 6. Enter the serial number:
 - Read the serial number ("ser-no.") off the nameplate of the device.
 - Enter this number in the fields E115 (year, one-digit), E116 (month, one-digit), E117 (cons. number, four-digit).
 - In the field E118, the complete number is displayed again so you can check it is correct.
 - ර් Caution!

 \overline{Y} ou can only enter the serial number for modules fresh from the factory with the serial number 0000. This can only be done **once**! For this reason, make sure the number entered is correct before you confirm with ENTER!

Entry of an incorrect code will prevent the additional functions from being enabled. An incorrect serial number can only be corrected at the factory!

Press ENTER to confirm the serial number or cancel the entry to enter the number again.

- 7. If available, enter the release codes for the Plus Package and/or Chemoclean in the "Service" menu.
- 8. Check the Plus Package release (e.g. by opening the function group CHECK / Code P) or the Chemoclean function.
- 9. Make the customer device settings again.

9.6 Return

If the transmitter has to be repaired, please return it *cleaned* to the sales centre responsible. Please use the original packaging, if possible.

Please enclose the completed "Declaration of contamination" (copy the second last page of these Operating Instructions) with the packaging and the transportation documents. No repair without completed "Declaration of contamination"!

9.7 Disposal

The device contains electronic components and must therefore be disposed of in accordance with regulations on the disposal of electronic waste. Please observe local regulations.

10 Technical data

10.1 Input

Measured variable	Conductivity, resistivity, tem	Conductivity, resistivity, temperaure		
Measuring range	Conductivity (conductive):	0 60 mS/cm (uncompensated)		
	Conductivity (inductive):	0 2000 mS/cm (uncompensated)		
	Resistivity:	0 200 M Ω ·cm		
	Concentration:	0 9999 (%, ppm, mg/l, TDS)		
	Temperature:	-35 +250 °C (-31 +482 °F)		
Cable specifications	Cable length (conductive):	Conductivity: max. 100 m (328.1 ft) (CYK71)		
		Resistivity: max. 15 m (49.22 ft) (CYK71)		
	Cable length (inductive):	max. 55 m (180.46 ft) (CLK5)		
	Cable resistance CYK71:	165 Ω /km (conductivity measurement)		
Temperature sensors	Pt 100, Pt 1000, NTC 30K	Pt 100, Pt 1000, NTC 30K		
Measuring frequency	Conductivity (conductive):	170 2000 Hz		
	Resistivity:	170 2000 Hz		
	Conductivity (inductive):	2000 Hz		
Binary inputs 1 and 2	Voltage:	10 50 V		
	Current consumption:	Max. 10 mA		
Current input	4 20 mA, galvanically isola	4 20 mA, galvanically isolated Load: 260 Ω for 20 mA (voltage drop 5.2 V)		
	Load: 260 Ω for 20 mA (volt			

10.2 Output

Output signal	0/4 20 mA, galvanically isolated		
Signal on alarm	2.4 or 22 mA in case of error		
Load	Max. 500 Ω		
Transmission range	Conductivity: Adjustable		
	Resistivity:	Adjustable	
	Concentration:	Adjustable	
	Actuating variable:	Adjustable	
	Temperature:	Adjustable	
Signal resolution	Max. 700 digits/mA		

Minimum spread 0 / 4 20 mA signal	al Conductivity:			
	Meas. value 0 1.999 µS/cm	0.2 µS/cm		
	Meas. value 0 19.99 µS/cm	2 μS/cm		
	Meas. value 20 199.9 µS/cm	20 µS/cm		
	Meas. value 200 1999 µS/cm	200 µS/cm		
	Meas. value 2 19.99 mS/cm	2 mS/cm		
	Meas. value 20 2000 mS/cm	20 mS/cm		
	Resistivity:	Resistivity:		
	Meas. value 0 199.9 k Ω ·cm	20 kΩ·cm		
	Meas. value 200 1999 k Ω ·cm	200 k Ω ·cm		
	Meas. value 2 19.99 MΩ·cm	2.0 MΩ·cm		
	Meas. value 20 200 M Ω ·cm	20 MΩ·cm		
	Concentration:	no minimum spread		
	Temperature:	15 °C		
Insulation voltage	Max. 350 V _{eff} / 500 V DC			
Overvoltage protection	according to EN 61000-4-5			
Auxiliary voltage output	Output voltage:	15 V ± 0.6		
	Output current:	Max. 10 mA		
Contact outputs (floating changeover contacts)	Switching current with ohmic load (cos $\phi = 1$):	Max. 2 A		
	Switching current with inductive load (cos $\phi=0.4$):	Max. 2 A		
	Switching voltage:	Max. 250 V AC, 30 V DC		
	Switching capacity with ohmic load (cos $\phi = 1$):	Max. 500 VA , 60 W DC		
	Switching capacity with inductive load (cos $\phi=0.4$):	Max. 500 VA		
Limit contactor	Pick-up/drop-out delay	0 2000 s		
Controller	Function (adjustable):	Pulse length/pulse frequency controller		
	Controller behaviour:	P, PI, PD, PID		
	Control gain K _p :	0.01 20.00		
	Integral action time T _n :	0.0 999.9 min		
	Derivative action time T _v :	0.0 999.9 min		
	Period length for pulse length controller:	0.5 999.9 s		
	Frequency for pulse frequency controller:	60 180 min ⁻¹		
	Basic load:	0 40% of max. set value		
Alarm	Function (switchable):	Latching/momentary contact		
	Alarm threshold adjustment range:	Conductivity, resistivity, concentration, temperature, USP: entire measuring range		
	Alarm delay:	0 2000 s (min)		

10.3 Power supply

Supply voltage	Depending on ordered version: 100/115/230 V AC +10/-15 %, 48 62 Hz 24 V AC/DC +20/-15 %
Power consumption	Max. 7.5 VA
Mains fuse	Fine-wire fuse, semi-delay 250 V/3.15 A

10.4 Performance characteristics

Measured value resolution	Temperature:	0.1 °C	
Maximum measured error ¹	Display – Conductivity: – Resistivity: – Temperature:	Max. 0.5 % of measured value ± 4 digits Max. 0.5 % of measured value ± 4 digits Max. 1.0 % of scope of measuring range	
	Signal output – Conductivity: – Resistivity: – Temperature:	Max. 0.75 % of current output range Max. 0.75 % of current output range Max. 1.25 % of current output range	
Repeatability ¹	Conductivity:	Max. 0.2 % of mesured value \pm 2 digits	
	Resistivity:	Max. 0.2 % of mesured value \pm 2 digits	
Temperature compensation	Range:	-35 +250 °C (-31 +482 °F)	
	Types of compensation:	uncompensated, linear, NaCl, table; conductive only: ultrapure water (NaCl)	
Reference temperature	25 °C (77 °F); adjustable for the compensation of the medium temperature		
Temperature offset	±5 C		

1) In accordance with IEC 746-1, for nominal operating conditions

10.5 Environment

Ambient temperature range	-10 +55 C (+14 +131 °F)		
Ambient temperature limits	-20 +60 C (-4 +140 °F)		
Storage temperature	-25 +65 C (-13 +149 °F)		
Electromagnetic compatibility	Interference emission and interference immunity as per EN 61326: 1997 / A1: 1998		
Overvoltage protection	As per EN For outputs, binary inputs and current input 61000-4-5:1995		
Degree of protection	Panel-mounted IP 54 (front), IP 30 (housing)		
	Field device: IP 65		
Relative humidity	10 95%, not condensating		

10.6 Mechanical construction

Design/dimensions	Panel-mounted instrument:	L x W x D: 96 x 96 x 145 mm (3.78" x 3.78" x 5.71") Installation depth: approx. 165 mm (6.50")
	Field device:	L x W x D: 247 x 170 x 115 mm (9.72" x 1.70" x 4.53")
Weight	Panel-mounted instrument:	Max. 0.7 kg (1.5 lb)
	Field device:	Max. 2.3 kg (5.1 lb)
Material	Panel-mounted instrument housing:	Polycarbonate
	Field housing:	ABS PC Fr
	Front membrane:	Polyester, UV-resistant
Terminals	Cable cross-section:	max. 2.5 mm ²

10.7 Documentation

PROFIBUS PA/DP, field communication with Liquisys M CxM 223/253, BA 209C/07/en;	Order no. 51501839
HART, field communication with Liquisys M CxM 223/253, BA 208C/07/en;	Order no. 51501609
Liquisys M CXM223/253/223F/253F safety instructions for electrical equipment in Ex-areas; Zone 2 XA 194C/07/a3	Order no. 51515755

11 Appendix

Operating matrix



C07-CLM2x3xx-13-06-00-en-001.ep

Store calibration results	
yes; no; new	
	C136
Store calibration results	
yes; no; new	
	C126

[1		
Entry of measured	1		
value damping			
	1		
1 (no damping)			
1 60			
Α7			
	-		
]		
Entry of			
reference temperature			
25 °C			
–35 250 °C			
B7			
]		
E di	1		
Feedforward control = 1			
a			
50%			
0100%			
27			
Constant and the second s	Luurahun antra	Table states at	
(moosured volue)	y value entry	Table Status OK	
(ineasureu value)	(current value)	1001 00	
0.uS/om / 0.kO.om /	0.00 mA	yes, 10	
0% /0°C	0 20.00 mA		
entire measuring range	entire measuring range		
	O235	0236	
0004	0200		
			Field for customer settings

Activate error current for previously set error	Automatic start of cleaning function no ; yes (not always displayed	Select "next error" or return to menu
no; yes F	7 see error messages) F8	←R F9
Set max. perm. period for lower limit exceeded	Set max. perm. period for upper limit exceeded	Set monitoring value
60 min 0 2000 min	, 120 min 0 2000 min _{P8}	1000 μS/cm 0 9999 mS/cm P9

C07-CLM2x3xx-13-06-00-en-002.eps

		Limit contactor configuration		Function of R2 (6) Switch off or on	Entry of alarm threshold (switch-on point)			Pickup delay entry
		1100 82	(6)	Off; On	80 % 0.0 100.0 %			0 0 2000 s
		035 112	(0)	R261	R26	12		R264
				Eventing of D0 (C)	Start nulse selection		Estavely and view time	
		Clean		Switch off or on	int = internal ext = external		20 s	Entry of cleaning time
		= Chemoclean R2 (only with rel. 3)	(5)	Off; On	i+ext = internal + external i+stp = internal, suppr by ext P25	1	0 999 s	0 999 s
				R251	ouppiloy out the		R253	H204
				Function of R2 (4)	Rinse time setting		Pause time setting	Set minimum
				Switch off or on	30 s		360 min	pause time
		Timer R2	(4)	B241	B242	2	B243	13600 min B244
				Function of R2 (3)	Entry of set point		Entry of	Entry of integral action time
				Off; On; Basic; PID+B	0 μS/cm / 0 kΩ·cm / 0 %		1.00	0.0 min
		PID controller R2 ((3)	R231	entire meas. range R23	2	0.01 20.00 R233	0.0 999.9 min R234
				Function of R2 (2) Switch off or on	Entry of switch-on temperature		Entry of switch-off temperature	Pickup delay setting
		LC °C		Off; On	250.0 °C		250.0 °C −35.0 +250.0 °C	0 s 0 2000 s
		= T limit contactor R2	(2)	R221	R222	2	R223	R224
Function group RELAY	Select contact to be configured			Function of R2 (1) Switch off or on	Select contact switch-on point		Select contact switch-off point	Pickup delay setting
	Rel1; Rel2; Rel3; Rel4	LC PV R2 = cond. limit contactor	(1)	Off; On	9999 mS/cm / 200 MΩ-cm 9999 %	n /	9999 mS/cm / 200 MΩ⋅cm / 9999 %	0 s 0 2000 s
R	R1		_	R211	entire meas. range R21	2	entire meas. range R213	R214
Function group ALPHA TABLE	Table option selection	Entry of number of table value pairs		Selection of table value	Entry of temperature value (x value)		Entry of temperature coefficient a (y value)	Table status o.k.
т	edit	1		1 number of table value pairs	0.0 °C −35.0 +250.0 °C		2.10 %/K 0.00 20.00 %/K	yes , no
	T1	1 10	T2	asign T3	Т	4	T5	T6
Eurotion group	Selection of concentration	Selection of table		Table ontion	Set number of		Select value pair	Entry of
CONCENTRATION	curve for calculation of display value	to be edited		selection	value pairs		1	uncompensated conductivity value
к	Curve 1 4 K1	1 4	к2	read edit K3	1 110 к	4	1 number of value pairs in K4	0.0 μS/cm 0.0 9999 mS/cm K6
							110	
Function group	Language selection	Hold configuration		Manual hold	Entry of hold dwall paried		Entry of SW upgrade	Entry of SW upgrade
SERVICE	ENG; GER ITA; FRA	 s+c = during setup and calibration 		off; on	10 s		(plus package)	Chemoclean
s	ESP; NEL S1	 CAL = during calibratie Setup = during setup 	on S2	S3	0 999 s	54	0000 0000 9999 S5	0000 0000 9999 S6
	Module selection	Software version		Hardware version	Serial number is displayed		Module name is displayed	
	Helay E1 (4)	SW version		HW version				
		E1	141	E142	E14	13	E144	
		Software		Hardware	Sarial number		Modulo porto	
		version		version	is displayed		is displayed	
	MainB E1 (3) = mainboard	SW version	131	HW version	E12		E124	
				E 132			E134	
		Software		Hardware	Serial number	-	Module name	
	Trans	version SW version		version HW version	is displayed		is displayed	
	= transmitter	E1	121	E122	E12	23	E124	
		Software version		Hardware	Serial number is displayed		Module name is displayed	
E + FI SERVICE	Contr = controller E1 (1)	SW version		HW version				
E		E1	111	E112	E11	3	E114	
Function group INTERFACE	Entry of address HART: 0 15	Tag description						
· ·	or Profibus 1 126		12					

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Entry of derivative action time Tv (0.0 = no D component) 0.0 min 0.0 999.9 min R235	Selection of control characteristic dir = direct; inv = inverted R236	Selection len = pulse length freq = pulse frequency curr = current input 2 R237	Entry of pulse interval 10.0 s 0.5 999.9 s R238	Entry of max. pulse frequency 120 1/min 60 180 1/min R239	Entry of min. ON time ¹ os 0.3 s 0.1 5.0 s R2310	Enter basic load 40% 0 40% R2311
Dropout delay setting	Setting of alarm threshold	Display of LC status				
0 s 0 2000 s	250.0 °C −35.0 +250.0 °C	MAX MIN				
R225	R226	R227				
Dropout delay setting	Setting of alarm threshold (as an absolute value)	Display of LC status				
0 s 0 2000 s R215	9999 mS/cm / 200 MΩ-cm / 9999 % entire meas. range R216	MAX MIN R217				

Entry of associated concentration value 0.00 % 0 99.99 %	K7	Entry of associated temperature value 0.0 °C -35.0 250.0 °C	K8	Table status o.k. yes; no K9	
Order number is displayed	S 7	Serial number is displayed	S8	Reset instrument (restore default values) no; Sens = sensor data; Facty = factory settings S9	Perform instrument test no: Displ = display \$10

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Declaration of contamination

Dear customer,

Because of legal determinations and for the safety of our employees and operating equipment, we need this "Declaration of contamination" with your signature before your order can be handled. Please, include the completely filled in declaration with the device and the shipping documents in any case. Add also safety sheets and / or specific handling instructions if necessary.

Type of device / sensor:	Serial no.:		
Medium / concentration:	Temperature	: Pressure:	
Cleaned with:	Conductivity	: Viscosity:	

Warning hints for medium used (mark the appropriate hints)



Reason for return

Company data

Company:	Contact person:
	Department:
Address:	Phone:
	Fax / e-mail:
	Your order no.:

I hereby certify that the returned equipment has been cleaned and decontaminated acc. to good industrial practices and is in compliance with all regulations. This equipment poses no health or safety risks due to contamination.

(Place, date)

(Company stamp and legally binding signature)



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