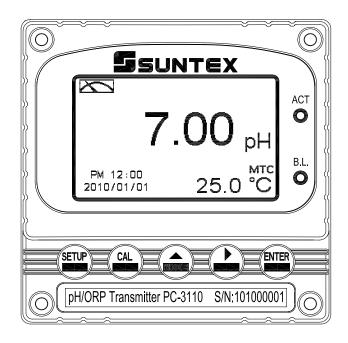
PC-3110 Intelligent pH/ORP Transmitter

Operation Manual





Precautions for installation

Wrong wiring will lead to breakdown or electrical shock of the instrument, please read this operation manual clearly before installation.

- Make sure to remove AC power from the controller before wiring input, output connections, and remove it before opening the controller housing.
- The installation site of the controller should be good in ventilation and avoid direct sunshine.
- The material of signal cable should be special coaxial cable. Strongly recommend using our coaxial cable. Do not use normal wires instead.
- Avoid electrical surge when using power. Especially when using three-phase power, use ground wire correctly.
- The internal relay contact of the instruments is for alarm or control function. Due to safety, please must connect to external relay which can stand enough ampere to make sure the safety operation of the instruments. (Please refer to chapter 3.7 "Illustration of electrical connection")

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Precautions for installation

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Brief Instruction

Description of set-up settings (see chapter 7 for details)

Press and simultaneously to see the overview of the set-up settings now. Then press if you would like to modify set-up settings. Press keypad according to index of keypad on the screen.

Index of keypad

keypad	Accordingly item	Description
SETUP	<u>≅</u> ा:Back	Back to upper layer
	≜ : ▲	Choose leftward of change to left page
MODE	△ : +	Increase digit
•	<u> </u>	Choose rightward of change to right page
	<u> </u>	Decrease digit
ENTER	ENT : Enter	Confirm settings after modifications and then go through next
		step

Selection of set-up items

Selection of set-up terms				
keypad	Accordingly item	Description		
Mode	•	Measurement mode, to choose pH or ORP measurement		
Multi-Cal.		Multi-point calibration, to choose 1, 2, or 3 points calibration		
Temperature	Fc	Temperature measurement and compensation, including MTC, PTC, NTC (3 types total). MTCManual temperature compensation, PTC/NTC auto temperature compensation		
Relay 1	1	First relay setting, to choose action off or Hi/Lo alarm		
Relay 2	2	Second relay setting, to choose action off or Hi/Lo alarm		
Clean	Pili	Automatic wash time setting, to choose electrode clean equipment's ON and OFF duration		
Analog 1	pH-mA	Current output according to pH or ORP setting range		

Analog 2	°C-MA	Current output according to temperature setting range
Clock		Clock setting (When out of power and reboot it, the instrument's time setting will return to the factory pre-setting)
Black-light		Backlight setting, to set Auto/ON/OFF backlight, brightness, and sensitivity
Contrast		Contrast of screen setting
Digital Filter	A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	Take every serial 1~60 measurements, average them continuously, and make it as the readings
Return	()	Setting of returning to the measurement mode
Code	&	Security code of set-up mode. The factory default is 1111, and a designated user can change the code. The set-up code is precedential to calibration code, thus it can pass a different security code of calibration.

Description of calibration settings (see chapter 8 for details)

Press and simultaneously to see the last calibration information. Then press would like to make a new calibration or modify setting of calibration. Press keypad according to index of keypad on the screen.

Index of keypad:

keypad	Accordingly item	Description
CAL	<u> ⊞</u> :Back	Back to upper layer
	≜ : ▲	Choose leftward of change to left page
MODE	△ : +	Increase digit
•	<u> </u>	Choose rightward of change to right page
	<u> </u>	Decrease digit
ENTER	ENT : Enter	Confirm settings after modifications and then go through next step

Selection of calibration items (up to three-point calibration)

keypad	Accordingly item	Description		
Code	å	Security code of calibration mode. The factory default is 1100.		
Return	J)	Time interval setting of returning to the measurement mode		
TECH	TECH	Use tech buffer as standard solution for calibration		
NIST	NIST	Use NIST standard buffers(DIN 19266) as standard solution for calibration		
Any	Any	Use any buffer solution by users' definition for calibration		

Note

SUNTEX reserves the right to change the figure of icons and contents. The actual icons and contents please refer to the instruments.

1. Specifications

Model		PC-3110			
Measurin	g modes	pH / ORP / Temp.			
	рН	-2.00~16.00 pH			
Ranges	ORP	-1999~1999 mV			
	Temp.	-30.0~130.0 °C			
	рН	0.01 pH			
Resolutions	ORP	1 mV			
	Temp.	0.1 °C			
	рН	±0.01 pH ± 1 Digit			
Accuracy	ORP	±0.1% ± 1 Digit			
	Temp.	±0.2°C± 1 Digit			
Tempe	erature	NTC30K/ PT 1000 auto temperature compensation			
Compe	nsation	Manual adjustment temperature compensation			
Calibration	on mode	Tech. NIST. Asymmetry mode, up to three point calibration			
Ambient Temp.		0~50°C			
Storage	e Temp.	-20~70°C			
Input Impedance		> 10 ¹² Ω			
Disp	olav	Large LCD display with environment light sensor			
- 10	,,,	auto/manual illumination function			
Analog o	output 1	Isolated DC 0/4~20mA corresponding to main measurement, max. load 500Ω			
Analog o	output 2	Isolated DC 0/4~20mA corresponding to Temp., max. load 500 Ω			
Settings	Contact	RELAY contact , 240VAC 0.5A Max.(recommend)			
Octungs	Activate	Two sets of individual HIGH or LOW programmable control			
Wa	ısh	RELAY contact: ON 0~99min. 59sec. / OFF 0~999hr 59min.			
Voltage Output		DC±12V ¹ , 1W max.			
Certification		IP65			
Power Supply		100V~240VAC±10%,4W max.,50/60Hz			
Installation		Wall or Pipe or Panel Mounting			
Dimensions		96m × 96mm × 132mm (H×W×D)			
Cut off Dir	mensions	93 mm × 93 mm (H×W)			
Wei	ght	0.5Kg			

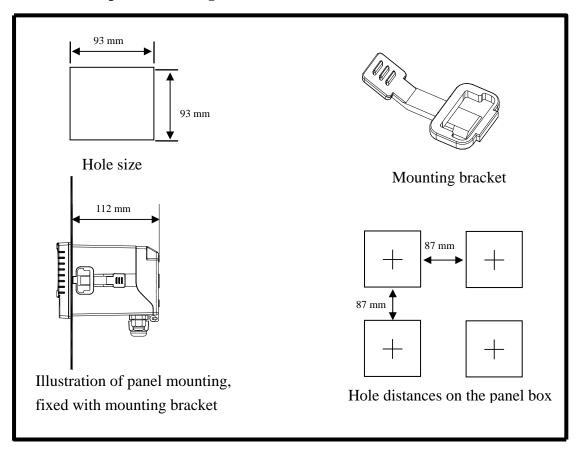
Note: The specifications are subject to change without notice.

2. Assembly and installation

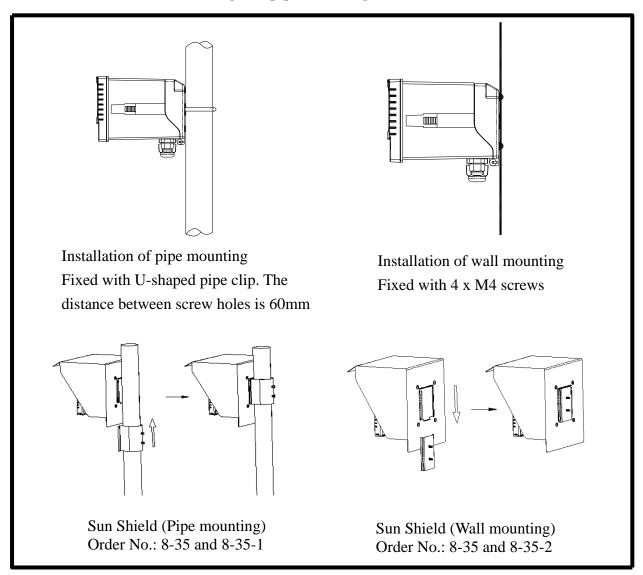
2.1 Transmitter installation: This Transmitter can be installed through panel mounting, wall mounting and pipe mounting.

Installation of panel mounting: First, prepare a square hole of 93 x 93mm on the panel box, and then insert the controller directly into the panel box. Insert the accessorial mounting bracket from the rear, and make it be fixed in to pickup groove.

2.2 Illustration of panel mounting:

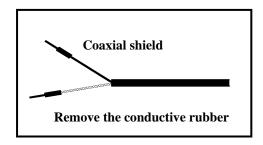


2.3 Illustration of Wall mounting and pipe mounting



2.4 Assembly of electrode and housing

2.4.1 Cable set-up:

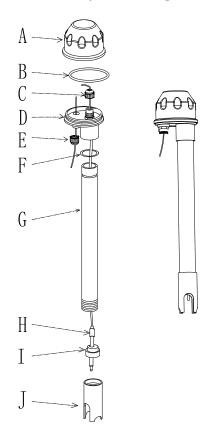


Set-up diagram of coaxial cable: See the correct set-up method on the left:

Note: The black conductive rubber covering on the coaxial inner should be removed for use.

- a. Make sure to remove the conductive rubber or aluminum-foil paper between the electrode signal wire and the coaxial shield.
- b. Extend the cable to the controller without any joint except specific junction box. Connect the coaxial inner directly to the Glass contact on the back of controller and connect coaxial shield to Ref. contact.

2.4.2 Assembly of housing PP-100A



A----- Upper cover of round joint box

B----- O-ring

C---- Cable fixing point MG16A

D----- Lower cover of round joint box

E---- Cable fixing point MG16A

F---- O-ring

G----- PP Electrode Protective Housing

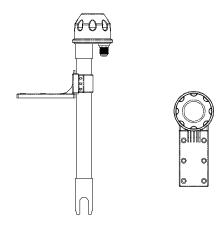
H----- Electrode (Sensor)

I----- Rubber electrode holder

J----- PP pipe protective cover

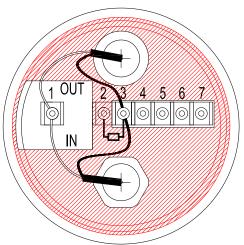
- 1. Insert (H) Electrode through (G) PP Electrode Protective Housing
- 2. Rinse (**H**) Electrode properly, so that it can be easily pass through (**I**) Rubber electrode holder, leave about 5cm bellow.
- 3. Install the prepared (**I**) Rubber electrode holder into (**G**) PP Electrode Protective Housing and lock (**J**) PP pipe protective cover tightly.
- 4. Insert (**H**) Electrode cable through (**D**) Lower cover of round junction box and (**C**) Cable fixing point, and use (**D**) Lower cover of round junction box to lock (**G**) PP Electrode Protective Housing tightly.
- 5. Prepare 15cm cable in the PP pipe, and then lock (C) Cable fixing point MG16A tightly. Leave (H) Sensing electrode cable for about 12-14cm, and split it carefully.
- 6. Fix the terminal of electrode coaxial inner on terminal block 1 of round holder; Fix the terminal of electrode coaxial shield on terminal block 3. (See the instruction of junction box)
- 7. Extend the cable to pass through (**E**) Cable fixing point on (**D**) Lower cover of round junction box, and lock (**E**) Cable fixing point MG16A tightly, leaving 12-14cm in the box for split.
- 8. Extend the lead coaxial inner and electrode coaxial inner to connect them; extend the lead coaxial shield to fix on the terminal block 3. Lock (A) Upper cover of round junction box to finish the installation.

Mounting bracket:



Our company use L-shaped mounting bracket as electrode mounting bracket. According to the site necessity, fix the bracket with steel nails or expansion bolts at proper locations by pool.

2.5 Illustration and description of junction box :(Two kinds of link distributing system)



[1] Two-wire distributing system						
INPUT terminals	Terminal	OUTPUT terminals	Terminals on			
	No.		controller			
Coaxial inner	1	Coaxial inner's extending	GLASS			
		wire for electrode				
Shield (forbidden) 2 Shield (forbidden)						
Coaxial shield	3	Coaxial shield's extending	REF			
		wire for electrode				
Temperature probes 4 Red wire's extending		Red wire's extending wire	T/P			
red wire		for electrode				
Temperature probes 5		Green wire's extending wire	GND			
green wire		for electrode				
Alternative	6、7	Alternative				

Note: 1. Our company's extending wire for electrode material No. is 7202-F94009-BK and 7202-RG-58

- 1.) If temperature probe is not used, the Order No. is 7202-RG-58.
- 2.) If temperature probe is used, the Order No. is 7202-F94009-BK.
- 2. If temperatures probe 8-26-3(NTC30K) or 8-26-8(PT1000) is used for two-wire distribution, the black wire terminal should be forbidden.

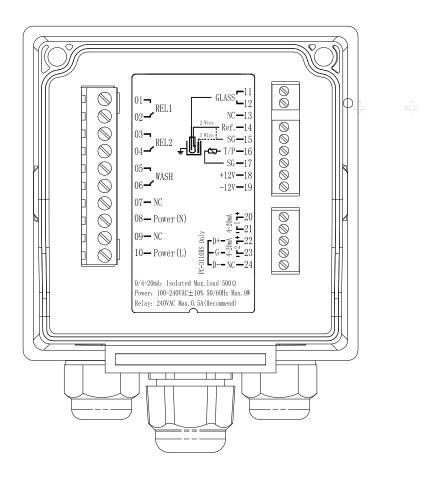
(2) Three-wire distributing system						
IN terminals	Terminal	OUT terminals	Terminals on controller			
	No.					
Coaxial inner	1	Coaxial inner's extending wire	GLASS			
		for electrode				
Ground Rods	2	GND	GND			
Coaxial Shield	3	Coaxial Shield's extending	REF			
		wire for electrode				
Temperature probes red	4	Red wire's extending wire for	T/P			
wire		electrode				
Temperature probes 5		Green wire's extending wire	GND			
green wire		for electrode				
Alternative	6, 7	Alternative				

Note: 1. The black wire on the temperature probes of 8-26-3(NTC30K) or 8-26-8(PT1000) is used as special wire for Ground Rods to be connected at terminal 2.

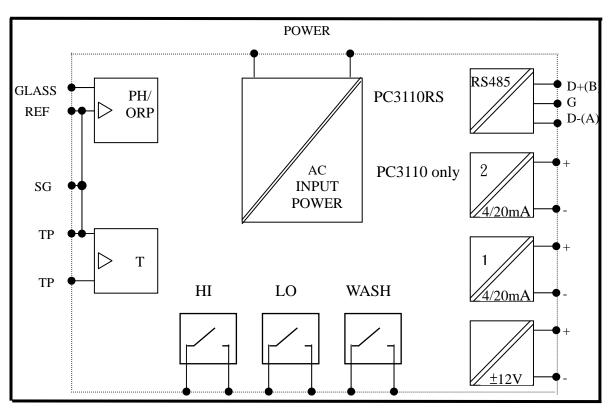
^{2.} The extending wire for electrode that has a temperature probe or ground rod is marked with material number 7202-F94009-BK.

3. Overview of pH transmitter PC-3110

3.1 Illustration of rear panel:



3.2 Illustration of terminal function:



3.3 Description of tern	ninal function:	
01	REL1 : External relay terminal high control	01— GLASS—11 02— REL1 NC—13 03— NC—13 03— Ref.—14
0 3 0 4	REL2 : External relay terminal low control	04—REL2 — T/P—16 05— SG—17
05 06	WASH : External wash relay terminal	06 WASH +12V —18 -12V —19
07	NC: None contact	07— NC
0 8 —	100~240AC : Power supply terminal	08— Power (N)
09 —	NC: None contact	09— NC = -N-= + 22
10 —	100~240AC: Power supply terminal	$\begin{array}{c c} 09 - NC & & & & & \\ 10 - Power (L) & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & $
12	GLASS: Coaxial inner connecting pH/ORP	
12—	electrode signal wire	0/4~20mA: Isolated Max. load 500 Ω Power: 100~240VAC±10% 50/60Hz Max. 9W Relay: 240VAC Max. 0.5A (Recommend)
13 —	NC: None contact	nerty. 210 me adx. Of the comments
	REF : Coaxial shield connecting pH/ORP ele	
15 ———	SG : The terminal connecting temperature pr	
1 6 ———	potential. In two-wire distributing sy circuit between this terminal and RI attached when going out the factory. T/P: Connect the other end of temperature p	EF (a short circuit slice is
17 ———	SG: The other terminal connecting temperat	
	ground potential.	and proces, or used us =12
18 —	DC±12V: Output terminal of direct current	voltage +12V (PH-300T only)
19 —	-	
20 —	4~20mA + terminal : Master measure current recorder or PLC control	*
21 —	4~20mA - terminal : Master measure current recorder or PLC control	-
2 2 ———	4~20mA + terminal / D +(B) ∶ Temperature c	current output terminal +, for
	external recorder or PI	C control (only applicable for
	PC-3110); or RS-485 of	output D+(B) (only applicable
	for PC-3110RS)	
	4~20mA - terminal G: Temperature current recorder or PLC control	ol (only applicable for PC-3100); O (only applicable for PC-3100RS)
	PC-3110RS)or RS-485 for PC-3110RS)	output D-(A) (only applicable

3.4 Installation of transmitter PH-300T: (alternative equipment)

PH-300T transmitter is mainly installed on the electrode protective pipe, but also can apply wall mounting and pipe mounting. For long distance transmission (100m), if PC-3110 is more than 30m far away from the electrode, PH-300T transmitter is recommended to avoid the attenuation of electrode signal, and for the convenience of onsite observation, measurement, and calibration.

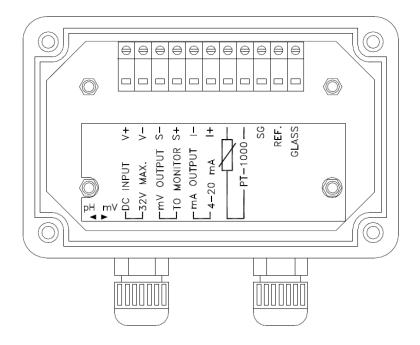
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3.5 Connection of transmitter PC-3110 and transmitter PH-300T:

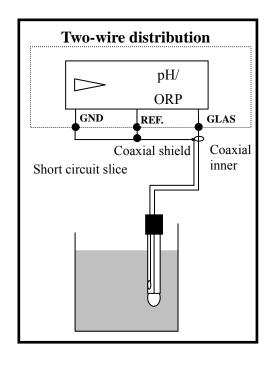
- A. Connect the GLASS point of transmitter PH-300T's terminal to the electrode coaxial inner. (Note: Remove the black conductive rubber); connect the REF point of transmitter PH-300T's terminal to the electrode coaxial shield.
- B. See the two-wire distributing system and three-wire distributing system in the following page.
- C. Sign "PT-1000" on transmitter PH-300T's terminal is the connector for automatic temperature compensation probe, PT-1000, or applies a fixed temperature compensation resistance.
- D. The V+ and V- of transmitter PH-300T's terminal respectively connect to DC12V+ and of the controller.
- E. The S+ and S- on transmitter PH-300T's terminal respectively connect to GLASS and REF of the controller.
- F. The I+ and I- on transmitter PH-300T's terminal are output (4-20mA), which can connect to devices that receive current signals. (**Note: The current output signal of this transmitter is not insulating, so use it with much care!**)

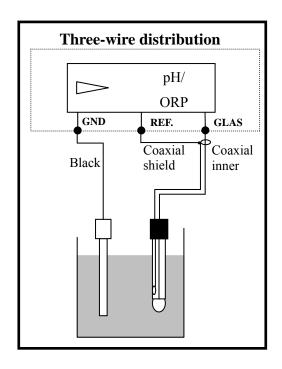
Note: Refer to the following table for proper fixed temperature compensation resistance

Temperature	0℃	5°C	10℃	15℃	20℃
R value	1000Ω	1019.25Ω	1038.5Ω	1057.75Ω	1077Ω
Temperature	25℃	30℃	35℃	40℃	45℃
R value	1096.25Ω	1115.5Ω	1134.75Ω	1154Ω	1173.25Ω
Temperature	50°C	55℃	60℃	65℃	70℃
R value	1192.5Ω	1211.75Ω	1231Ω	1250.25Ω	1269.5Ω
Temperature	75℃	80°C	85℃	90℃	100℃
R value	1288.75Ω	1308Ω	1327.25Ω	1346.5Ω	1385Ω

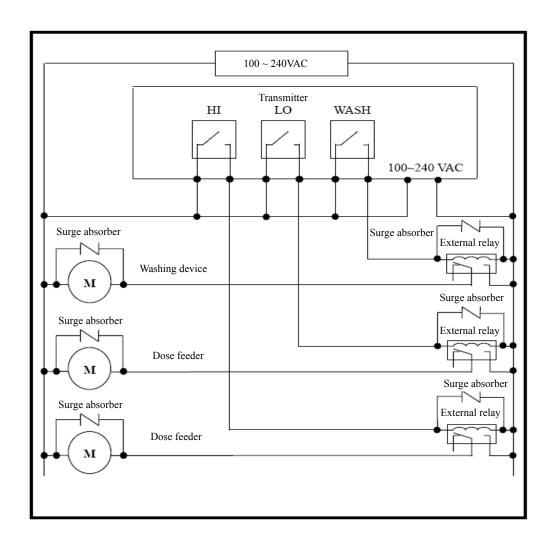


3.6 Typical wirings:



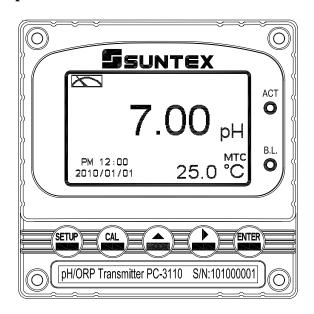


3.7 Illustration of electrical connection:



4. Configuration:

4.1 Illustration of front panel:



4.2 Keypad:

In order to prevent inappropriate operation by others, before the parameter setting and calibration, the operation applies multi-keys, and coding protection if necessary. Description of the key functions is in the following:



: In the parameter set-up mode, pressing this key allows you exit parameter set-up mode and back to Measurement mode.



: In the Calibration mode, pressing this key allows you exit Calibration mode and back to Measurement mode.



- 1. In the parameter set-up mode and Calibration mode, pressing this key to select leftward or change to another page.
- 2. When adjusting value, press this key to increase the value.
 - : 1. In the parameter set-up mode and Calibration mode, pressing this key to select rightward or change to another page.



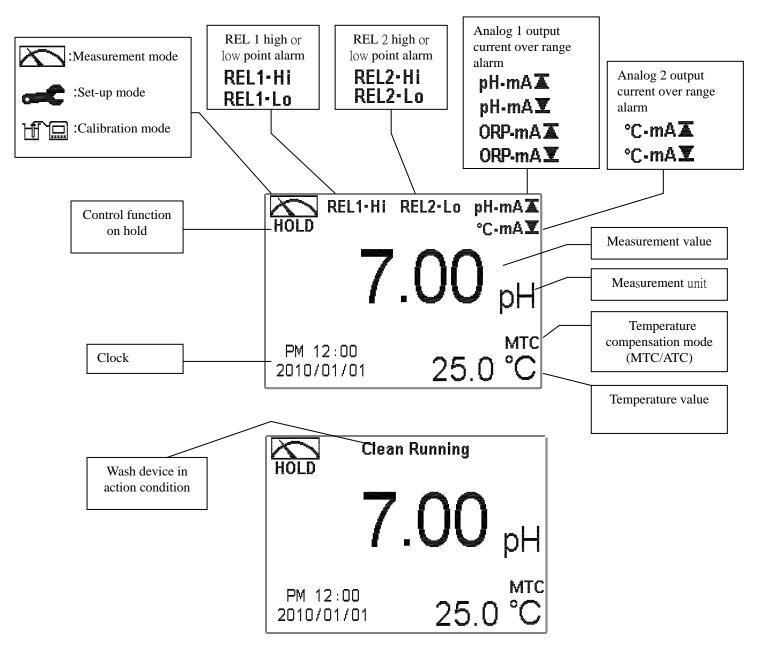
- 2. When adjusting value, press this key to decrease the value.
- : Key for confirmation; pressing this key is essential when modifying data value or selecting the parameter setting items in the window.

4.3 LED indicators:

ACT: Washing device operation indicator and controlling operation indicator (Relay 1 \cdot Relay 2)

B.L.: Light sensor; in the automatic display backlit mode, the lamp will light or go out as the change of environmental brightness.

4.4 Display:



Note: 1. When the wash device is turned on, the display shows and twinkles the description, "Clean Running". At the same time, the ACT indicator LED lights up, and the transmitter automatically turns off Relay 1 and Relay 2 function. After finishing cleaning, the Relay 1 and Relay 2 will automatically back to normal status.

- 2. When Relay 1 which is set in high setting point is in action, the display shows and twinkles the description, "REL 1_Hi", and ACT indicator LED lights up. When Relay 1 which is set in low setting point is in action, the display shows and twinkles the description, "REL 1_Lo", and ACT indicator LED lights up.
- 3. When Relay 2 which is set in high setting point is in action, the display shows and twinkles the description, "REL 2_Hi", and ACT indicator LED lights up. When Relay 2 which is set in low setting point is in action, the display shows and twinkles the description, "REL 2_Lo", and ACT indicator LED lights up.
- 4. When under measurement mode, if the temperature compensation mode is set in MTC (Manual adjustment), press or to adjust the MTC temperature manual.

5. Operation

5.1 Measurement mode:

After all electrical connections are finished and tested, connect the instrument to the power supply and turn it on. The transmitter will automatically entering measurement mode with the factory default settings or the last settings from user.

5.2 Set-up menu:

Please refer to the set-up instructions in Chapter 6. Press enter into set-up menu, and press to go press to back to measurement mode.

5.3 Calibration menu:

Please refer to the calibration instructions in Chapter 7. Press and and simultaneously to enter into calibration menu, and press to go back to measurement mode.

5.4 Reset:

5.4.1 Master reset:

Measurement mode: pH

Multi-Cal: 2 points pre-setting

Temperature compensation: MTC 25°C

Relay 1: High point alarm: AUTO, SP1= 10.00 pH, db1= 0.10 pHRelay 2: Low point alarm: AUTO, SP2=04.00 pH, db2= 0.10 pH

Wash time: OFF

Analog 1 current output (pH/ORP) : 4~20 mA , 2.00~12.00pH

Analog 2 current output (Temp) : $4\sim20 \text{ mA} \cdot 0\sim100.0^{\circ}\text{C}$ (PC3110 only)

Display backlit: Auto, Brightness= 0, Sensitivity =0

Code set-up: OFF

Date & Time: 2010/1/1 00:00:00

Contrast: 0

Auto back: Auto, 3 minutes

5.4.2 Calibration reset:

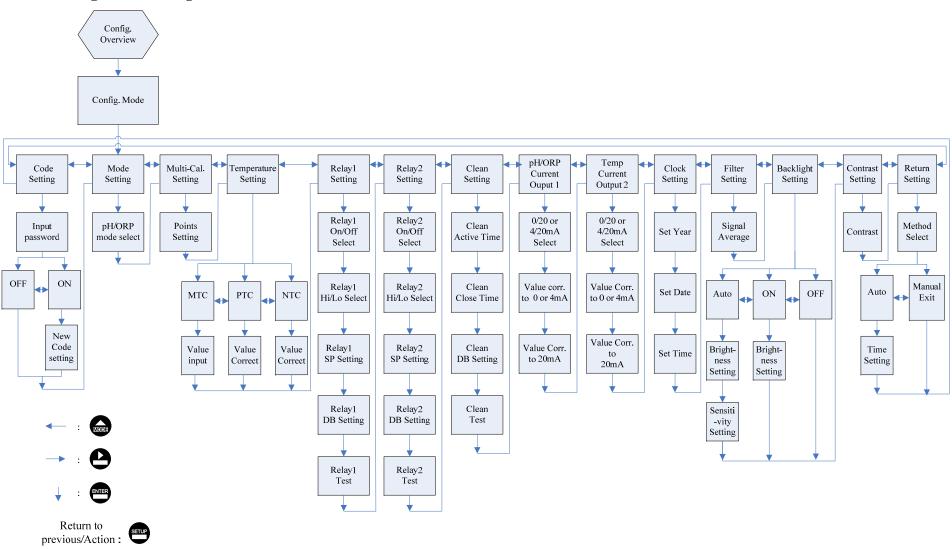
Asy: 0 mV

Slope : -59.15 mV/pH @ 25.0°C Calibration type : TECH-No Cal Calibration value: None data Auto back: Auto, 3 minutes

Note: The factory default of calibration presetting is "No Cal", and the calibration value is "None". It means that the user has not calibrated the sensor with the transmitter yet. After finishing every calibration, the display shows the calibration mode and the calibration value. If the equipments have not been calibrated yet, the measurement takes pre-set Asy and Slope into calculation.

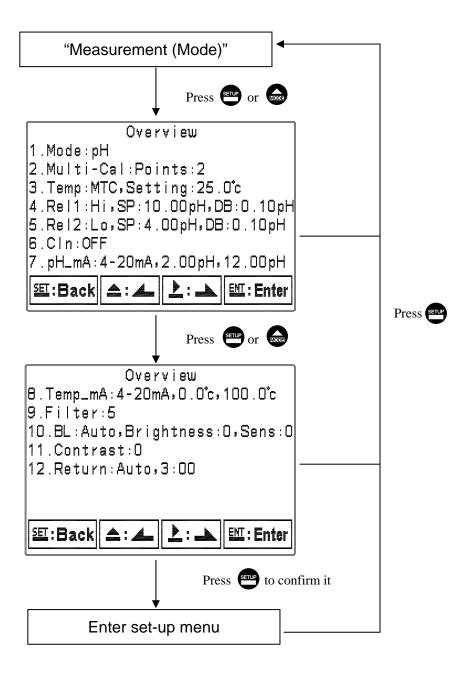
6. Settings

Block diagram of settings



6.1 Entry of set-up menu

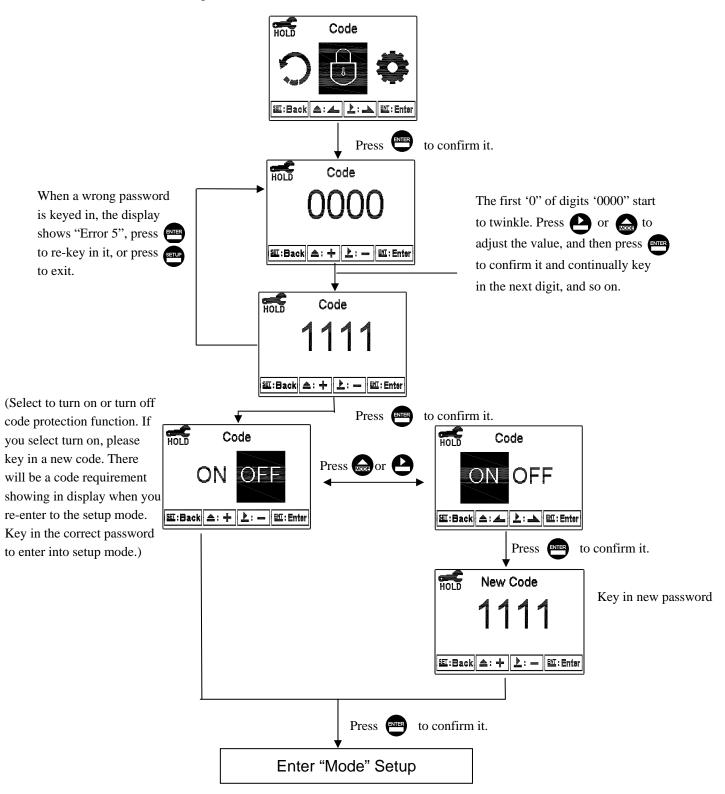
In the measurement mode, pressing the two keys and simultaneously allows you enter the overview of current setting, and press to enter the set-up mode to modify the setting if necessary.



6.2 Security code of settings:

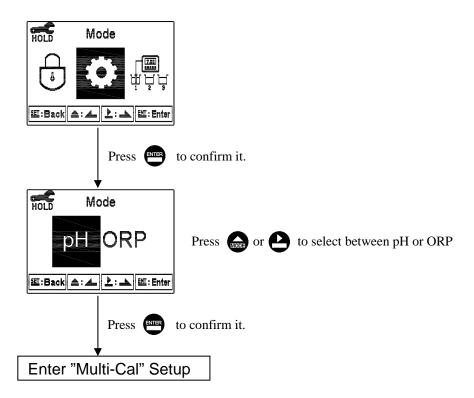
After entering set-up mode, select "code" item, press to enter into code procedure. The code pre-setting is 1111.

Note: The code of setting mode is prior to the code for calibration. That means that the code of setting mode can be used for the code of calibration mode.



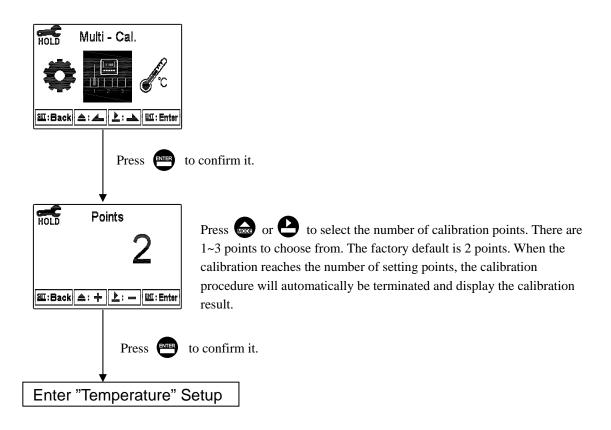
6.3 Mode

Enter setup of "Mode". Select between "pH" or "ORP" measurement.



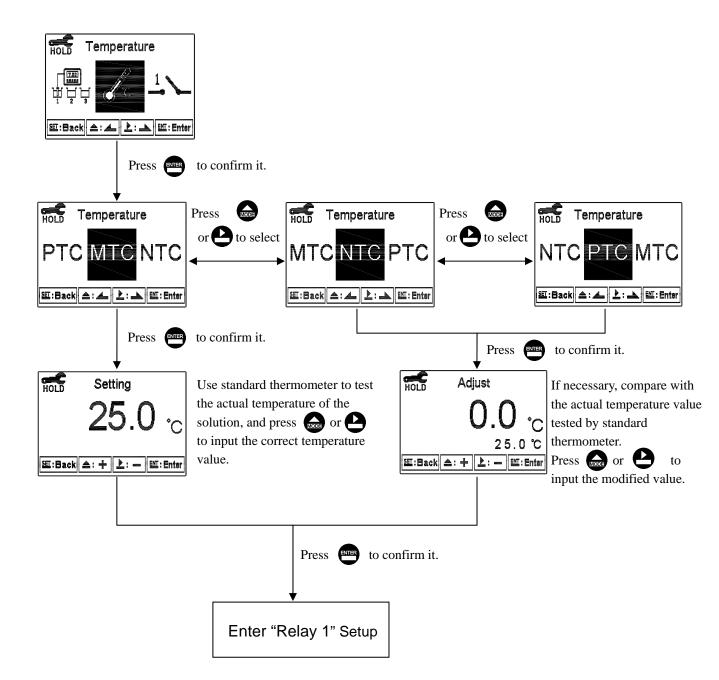
6.4 Multi-Cal

Enter setup of multi-points calibration to set the number of calibration points.



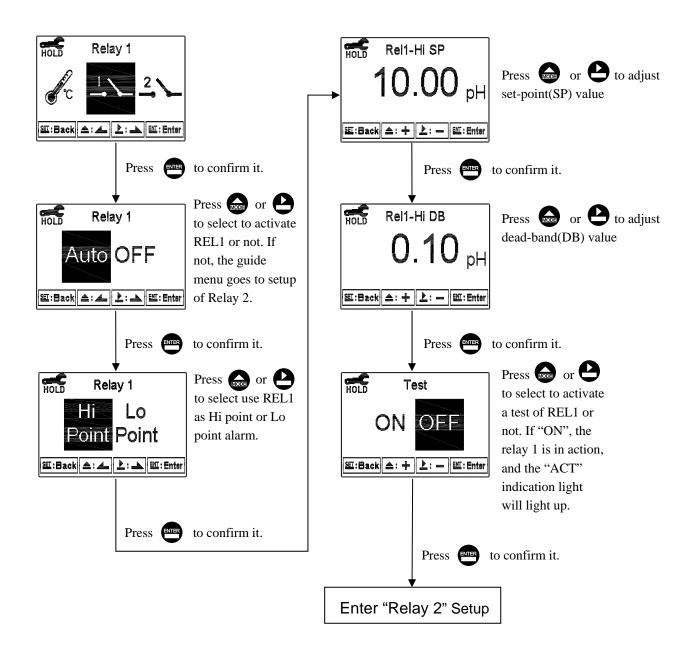
6.5 Temperature

Enter setup of "Temperature" to select temperature compensation mode. Select from NTC(NTC 30K), PTC(PT 1K) or MTC(Manual adjustment).



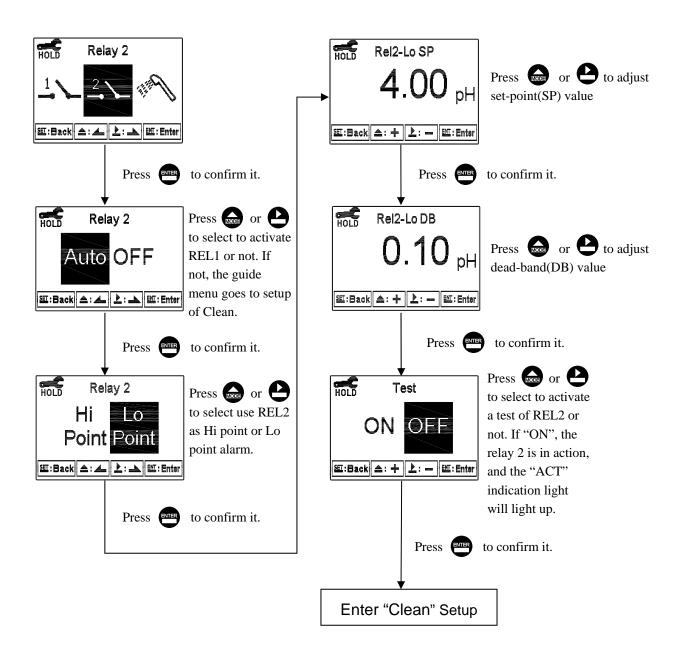
6.6 Relay 1

Enter setup of Relay 1. Select the item to turn on or turn of the relay 1 function. If you select to turn on the relay 1, then select for using relay 1 as "Hi set-point" alarm or "Low set-point" alarm. Set the value of set-point (SP) and dead-band (DB). The range for set-point is -2.00~16.00pH/-1999~1999mv; while the range for DB is 0.00~2.00pH /0~200mv.



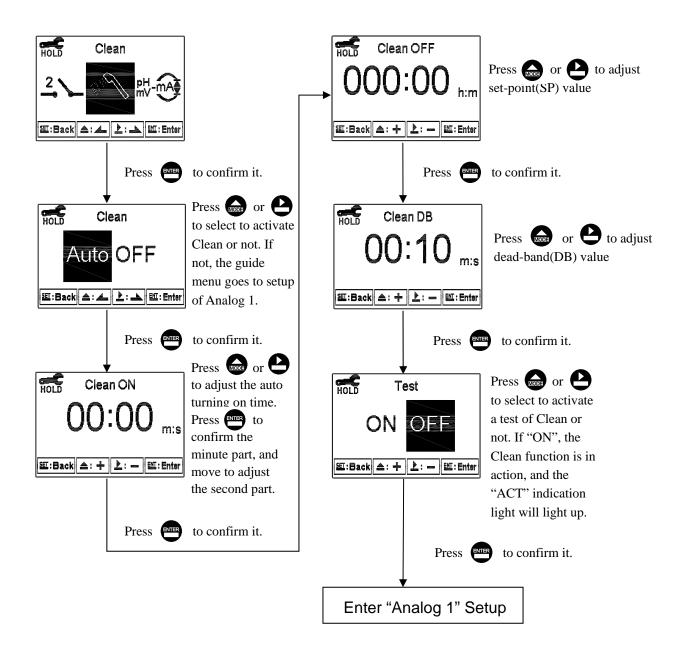
6.7 Relay 2

Enter setup of Relay 2. Select the item to turn on or turn of the relay 2 function. If you select to turn on the relay 2, then select for using relay 2 as "Hi set-point" alarm or "Low set-point" alarm. Set the value of set-point (SP) and dead-band (DB). The range for set-point is -2.00~16.00pH/-1999~1999mv; while the range for DB is 0.00~2.00pH /0~200mv.



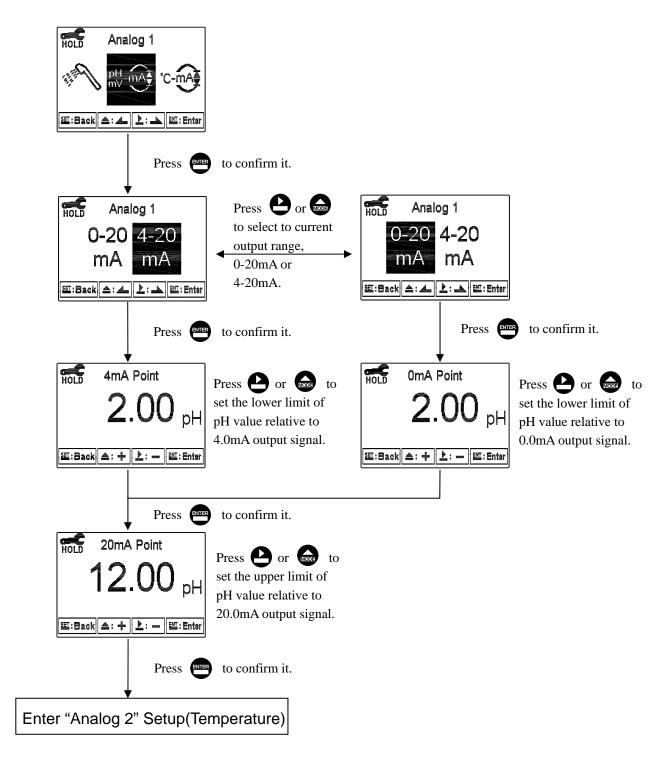
6.8 Clean

Enter setup of "Clean" function. Select the icon to turn on or turn off the clean function. If you select "Auto" turning on, and set the timer of the clean function including automatically turning on time and turning off time, and set the bead-band value(DB). Note: When the clean function is turned on, if any value is set to be 0, the instrument will automatically turn off this function.



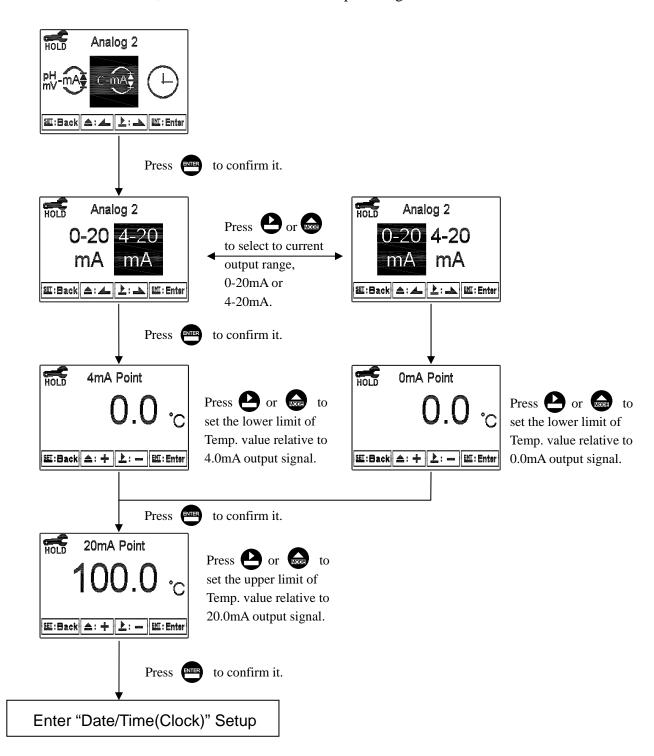
6.9 Analog output 1 (pH/ORP):

Enter setup of Analog 1. Select 0~20mA or 4~20mA current output. Set the related value to the range of pH/ORP measurement. If the range or the pH/ORP measurement is smaller, the resolution of current output is higher.



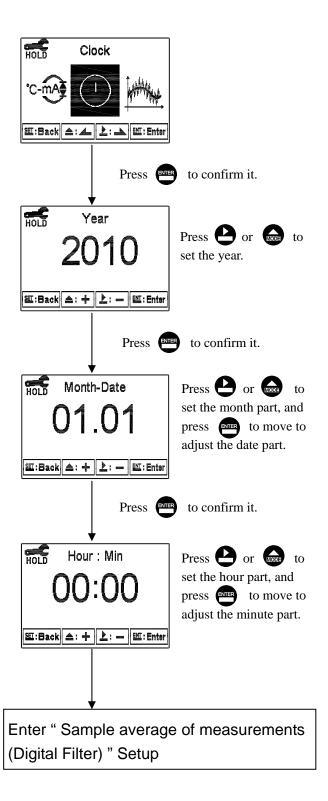
6.10 Analog output 2 (Temperature):

Enter setup of Analog 2. Select 0~20mA or 4~20mA current output. Set the related value to the range of temperature measurement. If the range or the temperature measurement is smaller, the resolution of current output is higher.



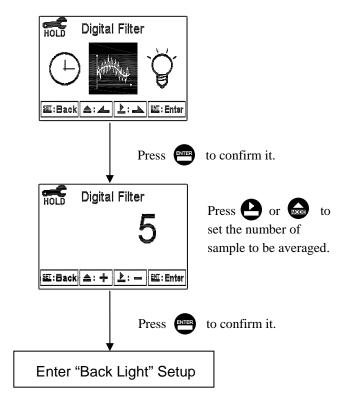
6.11 Date/Time(Clock)

Enter setup of Date/Time(Clock). Set the "Year", "Month", "Date", "Hour", and "Minute" time. Note: The clock needs to be reset once encounters power failure.



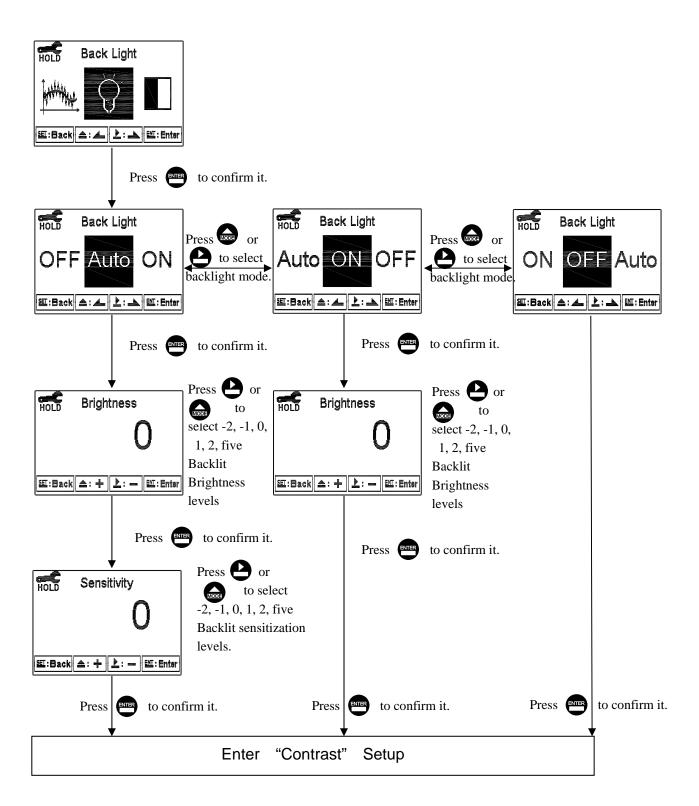
6.12 Sample average of measurements (Digital Filter)

Enter the setup of Digital filter. You may select the number of sample to be averaged each time to become a reading which is gradually counted in order to increase the stability of measurement.



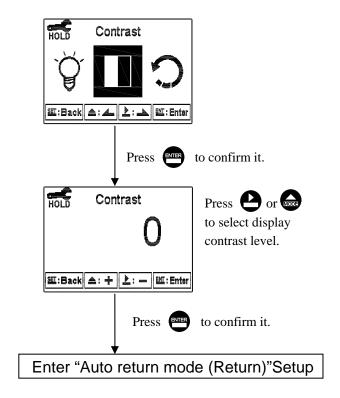
6.13 Backlight settings

Enter setup of backlight display. According to your need, you can set the brightness of display and sensitivity of the sensitization sensor.



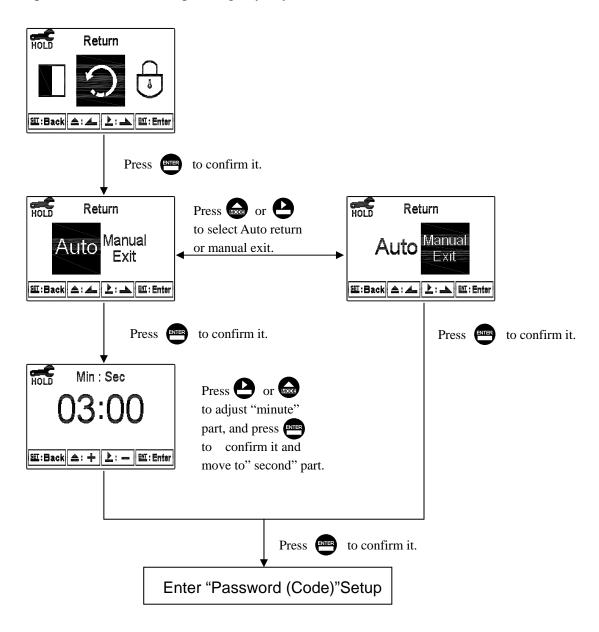
6.14 Contrast settings

Enter setup of display contrast. You can set the contrast of display according to your need.



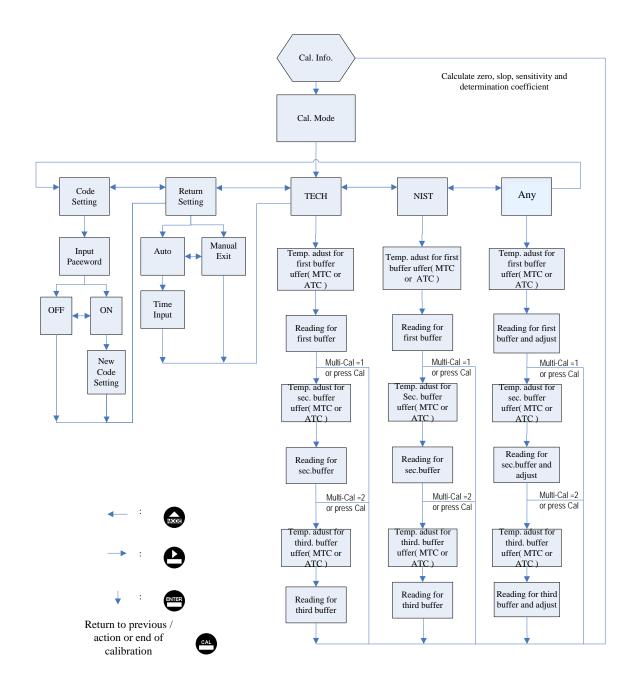
6.15 Return

Enter setup of auto return mode (Return) to set the function that the instrument automatically exit the setup menu after a period of time without pressing any key. The "Manual Exit" means that it needs to exit setup menu manually, while "Auto" means that the display automatically exit the setup menu and back to measurement mode after a period of time without pressing any key.



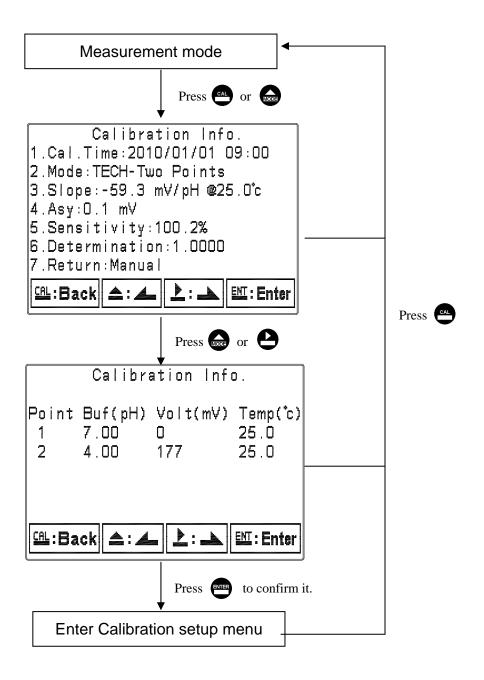
7. Calibration

Block diagram of Calibration



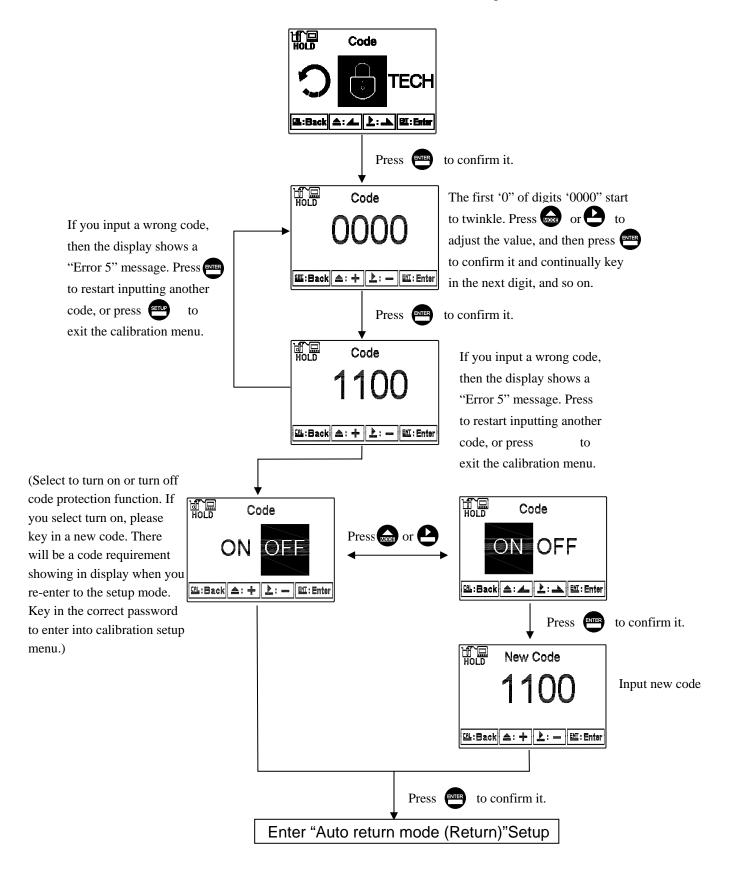
7.1 Enter calibration setup menu

In the measurement mode, pressing the two keys and simultaneously allows you enter the Calibration Information. If you do not need to re-calibrate the measurement system, press to go back to measurement mode. If you need to re-calibrate the system, press to enter to the calibration setup menu.



7.2 Security password of calibration (Code)

Select the Code (password) icon after entering calibration setup mode. Select to activate code function or not. The default Calibration setting code is "1100".



7.3 Return

Enter setup of auto return mode (Return) to set the function that the instrument automatically exit the setup menu after a period of time without pressing any key. The "Manual Exit" means that it needs to exit calibration setup menu manually, while "Auto" means that the display automatically exit the calibration setup menu and back to measurement mode after a period of time without pressing any key.

Note: the return function of setup menu and calibration setup menu are independent settings.

間 Return 때:Back 스: 스 虹: Enter Press NIE to confirm it. 膃 Press MODE 品品 Return Return to select Auto return Manual Manual Auto or manual exit. Exit SAL:Back 📤: 🚣 上: 📤 🖭: Enter 🕮 : Back 📤 : 🚣 上 : 🗻 🖭 : Enter to confirm it. Press ENTER to confirm it. Press ENIE 盟 Min: Sec to adjust "minute" part, and press ENTER to confirm it and 또:Back 소: + 호: - EM:Enter move to" second" part. to confirm it. Enter "TECH, NIST, Any" Calibration

7.4 pH Calibration

The instrument provides multi-point standard buffer solution calibration. You may decide how many points to calibrate the measurement system(up to 3-point). The principle is according to "Method of Least Squares". Apply linear regression to calibration the electrode's slope and zero point (Asy, Offset or Zero point). When calibrating a electrode, you may calibrate 1 to 3 point by any sequence to provide linear regression for mV and pH multi-calibration of a electrode, and to show the electrode's slope and zero point(Asy, offset or Zero point) at 25°C. The electrode's slope rate which is actual slope divided by theoretical slope and the sensitivity shows in percentage in the display. In addition, the display shows the linear regression determination coefficient, R2, of the electrode and buffer solution to provide you an estimation of an electrode's regression suitability. According to different combination of standard buffers, the TECH, NIST, Any buffer solution calibration modes are provided.

7.4.1 TECH mode (Up to 3-point calibration)

The electrode is automatically calibrated according to pH value and temperature of TECH standard buffers. The range of zero point and slope of the electrode is also determined. If one of them is over the range, the display shows error message of zero point and slope failure. (See appendix Table 1, pH/temperature table of TECH standard buffers)

7.4.2 NIST mode (Up to 3-point calibration)

The electrode is automatically calibrated according to pH value and temperature of NIST standard buffers. The range of zero point and slope of the electrode is also determined. If one of them is over the range, the display shows error message of zero point and slope failure. (See appendix Table 2, pH/temperature table of NIST standard buffers)

7.4.3 Any mode (Up to 3-point calibration)

The electrode measures mV value of different standard solutions. According to theoretic slope and the temperature of standard solutions, the display shows a approximate pH value. Then, you can calibrate the electrode by freely adjust the pH value as those of the standard solutions'. There is not a zero point range failure determination by the instrument but only the slope range determination. If the slope is over the range, the display shows error message of slope failure.

7.4.4 Definition of calibration parameter

You can calibrate the electrode by one point or up to three points of standard solutions by any sequence. As different calibration point method is applied, the definition of the zero point and slope different.

Calibration point	Determination	The showed calibration value		
One point calibration	Asy	Zero point (Asy, offset or Zero point)= Asy 1.If not calibrated, Slope = Theoretical slope 2.If calibrated, Slope = Slope of last calibration		
Two or three point calibration	Asy Slope	Zero point (Asy, offset or Zero point)= Asy Slope = Slope* Note: To obtain a new zero point(Asy) and Slope by applying linear regression.		

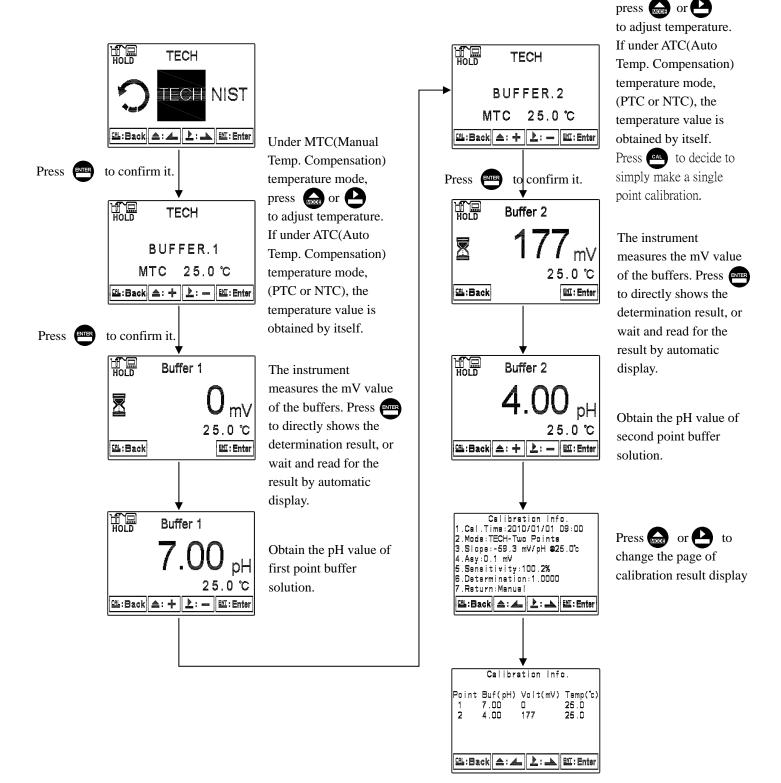
7.4.5 TECH, NIST buffer Calibration

procedure diagram.

The procedure below is two points calibration of TECH buffer. (The procedure is same as NIST buffer mode.) First, enter the setup of Multi-points calibration and set the number of calibration point for 2. (See chapter 6.4 Multi-Cal) Then, go to Calibration menu and select TECH mode. Operate the instrument as follow

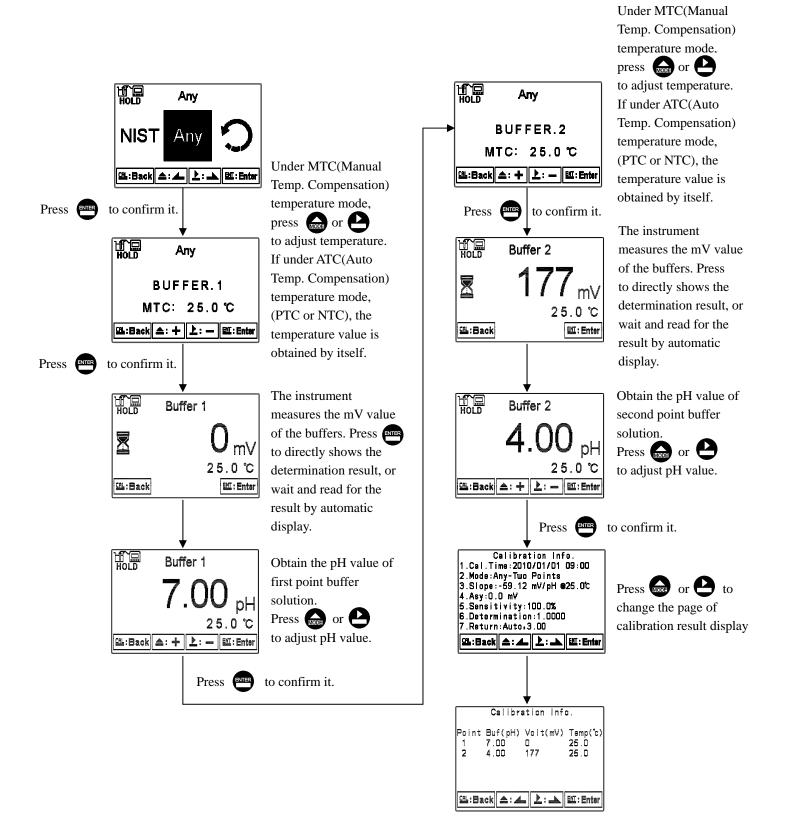
Under MTC(Manual

Temp. Compensation) temperature mode,



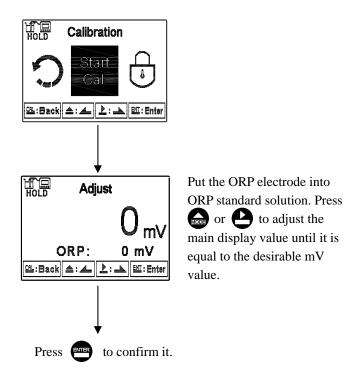
7.4.6 Any Calibration

The procedure below is two points calibration of Any mode. First, enter the setup of Multi-points calibration and set the number of calibration point for 2. (See chapter 6.4 Multi-Cal) Then, go to Calibration menu and select "Any" mode. Operate the instrument as follow procedure diagram.



7.5 ORP Calibration

Under ORP measurement mode, enter calibration setup menu. Select Calibration icon, and adjust mV value. The adjustable range is from -300mV to 300mV.



8. Error messages (Error code)

Messages	Reason	Dispositions	
Error9	Serious error that does not permit any further measuring	Please call service engineer.	
Error4	 During calibration, the buffer solution temperature exceeds a range of 5~50°C The buffer can not be identified. 	 3. Please adjust the buffer solution temperature to the appropriate temperature range and make another calibration. 4. Please replace the buffer, or maintain or replace the electrode and make another calibration. 	
Error3	The readout is unstable	Please check whether there is bubble or air in the glass end of the electrode; maintain the electrode or change a new electrode, and make another calibration.	
Error2	SLOPE value exceeds the upper or lower limit	Maintain the electrode or change a new electrode, and make another calibration.	
Error1	OFFSET(zero-point electric potential) value≥60mv	Maintain the electrode or replace the electrode, and make another calibration.	

9. Maintenance

Generally speaking, under normal operation, the controller produced by our company need no maintenance expect regular cleaning and calibration of the electrode to ensure accurate and stable measurement and system operation.

The cleaning cycle for the electrode depends on the pollution degree of the measurement sample. Generally speaking, it is recommended to make weekly cleaning. The following chart gives introductions of different cleaning methods according to different type of contaminations to provide the operators with reference for cleaning and maintenance.

Type of Contaminations	Cleaning methods			
Measuring solutions containing proteins.	The electrode should be soaked in Pepsin/HCl			
(Contamination of the junction)	for several hours. METTLER-TOLEDO 9891			
	Electrode Cleaner is recommended.			
	The junction should be soaked in Thiourea/HCl			
Measuring solution containing sulfides. (The	solution until being bleached.			
junction becomes black)	METTLER-TOLEDO 9892 Electrode Cleaner			
	is recommended.			
Contamination by grease or organic	Short rinsing of the electrode with acetone and			
substance	ethanol.			
A sid and allusting actually contaminations	Rinsing the electrode with 0.1mol/l NaOH or			
Acid and alkaline soluble contaminations	0.1mol/l HCl for a few minutes.			
Apply clean water to flash the electrode after above cleaning steps and immerse theelectrode				
in 3M KCl solution for 15 minutes at least, an	d then calibrate the electrode.			
The electrode should only be rinsed and never	rubbed or otherwise mechanicallycleaned,			
since this would lead to electrostatic charges. This could cause an increase in the response				
time.				
In cleaning the platinum electrode, the platinum ring of the electrode can be rubbed				
gently with a wet soft piece of cloth.				

^{*} The frequency of electrode cleaning depends on the type and degree of contamination. However it is recommended that the electrode be cleaned once a week.

Appendix

Table 1

TECH Mode	TECH buffers				
$TEMP^\circ\!\mathbb{C}$	Buffer 4.01	Buffer 7	Buffer 10		
5	3.999	7.087	10.241		
10	3.998	7.053	10.155		
15	3.999	7.031	10.116		
20	4.002	7.011	10.047		
25	4.006	6.996	9.998		
30	4.011	6.985	9.952		
35	4.018	6.976	9.925		
40	4.031	6.971	9.874		
45	4.047	6.969	9.843		
50	4.055	6.969	9.810		

Table

NIST Mode	NIST standard buffers(DIN 19266)					
TEMP°C	Buffer 1.68	Buffer 4.01	Buffer 6.86	Buffer 9.18	Buffer 12.45	
5	1.668	4.004	6.951	9.395	13.207	
10	1.670	4.000	6.923	9.332	13.003	
15	1.672	3.999	6.900	9.276	12.810	
20	1.675	4.001	6.881	9.225	12.627	
25	1.679	4.006	6.865	9.180	12.454	
30	1.683	4.012	6.853	9.139	12.289	
35	1.688	4.021	6.844	9.102	12.133	
40	1.694	4.031	6.838	9.068	11.984	
45	1.700	4.043	6.834	9.038	11.410	
50	1.707	4.057	6.833	9.011	11.705	



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